





QST Reviews

SDRplay RSPdx Software-Defined Receiver

FUNKAMATEUR/SDR-Kits FA-VA5 Vector Antenna Analyzer

Cushcraft AR-2 "Ringo" 2-Meter Antenna

EAntenna DUOSAT Dual-Band Satellite Antenna



C4FM/FM 144/430MHz Dual Band Mobile

High Visibility and Resolution QVGA Display with Exceptional Operability
Real Dual Band Operation V+V/U+U/V+U/U+V & Simultaneous C4FM Monitoring

FM Friendly Digital : AMS (Automatic Mode Select)

System Fusion II Compatible

WIRES-X Portable Digital Node Function

- Wide Range RX Coverage: 108 ~ 999.99 MHz
- Easy to Operate II (E2O-II): New User Interface for Easy Operation
- New Memory Auto Grouping (MAG) Function
- New Multi-Channel Standby (MCS) Function
- High-Speed 61 Channel Band Scope
- Easy Hands-Free Operation with Built-in Bluetooth® Unit



Inherent Passion and Inspiration

Hybrid SDRs (Narrow Band SDR & Direct Sampling SDR)

2kHz RMDR 123dB+ 2kHz BDR 150dB+ 2kHz 3rd IMDR 110dB+

Ultra Low-Noise Local Oscillator System; 400MHz HRDDS (High Resolution Direct Digital Synthesizer) 2kHz Phase Noise -150dBc/Hz

VC-TUNE (Variable Capacitor Tune) signal peaking Maximum Attenuation -70dB

3DSS (3-Dimensional Spectrum Stream) visual display view up to last 25 seconds of band conditions in real time

TX Signal Purity TX Phase Noise -150dBc/Hz (TX 14MHz 2kHz separation)



In Homage to the Founder of Yaesu - Sako Hasegawa JA1MP

HF/50MHz TRANSCEIVER

- FTDX 101MP 200W External Power Supply with 3.94" (100mm) Front Speaker, FPS-101 included
 - VC-Tune unit × 2 (MAIN and SUB bands) included
 - · 300Hz Crystal roofing filter (MAIN band) included
 - 600Hz Crystal roofing filter (MAIN and SUB bands) included
 - 3kHz Crystal roofing filter (MAIN and SUB bands) included

The Ultimate FTDX 101D 100W HF/50MHz TRANSCEIVER

- VC-Tune unit (MAIN band) included
- 600Hz Crystal roofing filter (MAIN and SUB bands) included
- · 3kHz Crystal roofing filter (MAIN and SUB bands) included

YAESU

YAESU USA

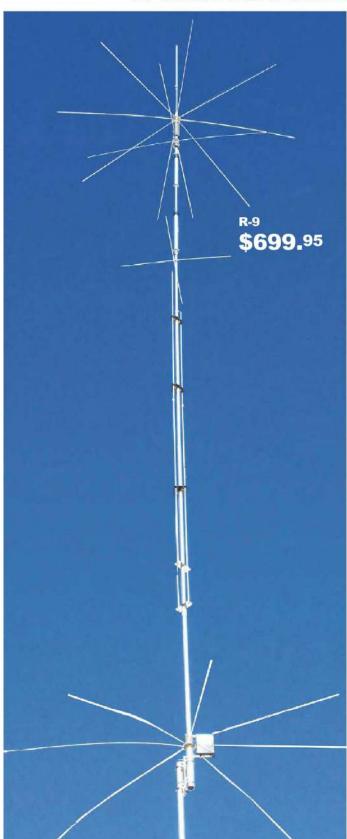
6125 Phyllis Drive, Cypress, CA 90630 (714) 827-7600

For the latest Yaesu news, visit us on the Internet: http://www.yaesu.com

cifications subject to change without inotice. Some accessories and/or options may be standard in certain s. Frequency coverage may differ in some countries. Check with your local Yaesu Dealer for specific details.

Cushcraft...Keeping You in Touch Around the Globe

Cushcraft Antennas



R9 80-6 Meters! No Radials!

Cushcraft's world famous R8 now has a big brother!

Big Brother R9 now includes 75/80 Meters for local ragchewing and worldwide low band DX without radials!

It's omni-directional low angle radiation gives you exciting and easy DX on all 9 bands: 75/80, 40, 30, 20, 17, 15, 12, 10 and 6 Meters with low SWR. QSY instantly – no antenna tuner needed.

Use full 1500 Watts SSB/CW when the going gets tough to break through pileups and poor band conditions.

The R9 is super easy to assemble, installs just about anywhere, and its low profile blends inconspicuously into the background in urban and country settings alike.

Compact Footprint: Installs in an area about the size of a child's sandbox – no ground radials to bury with all RF-energized surfaces safely out of reach.

Rugged Construction: Thick fiberglass insulators, all stainless steel hardware and 6063 aircraft-aluminum tubing is double or triple walled at key stress points to handle anything Mother Nature can dish out.

31.5 feet tall, 25 lbs. Mounting mast 1.25 to 2 inches. Wind surface area is 4 square feet.

R8, \$599.95. Like R9 antenna but less 75/80 Meters.

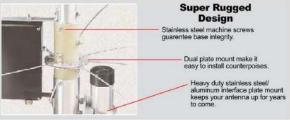
R-8TB, **\$99.95**. Tilt-base lets you tilt your antenna up/down easily by yourself to work on.

R-8GK, \$79.95. Three-point guy kit for high winds.



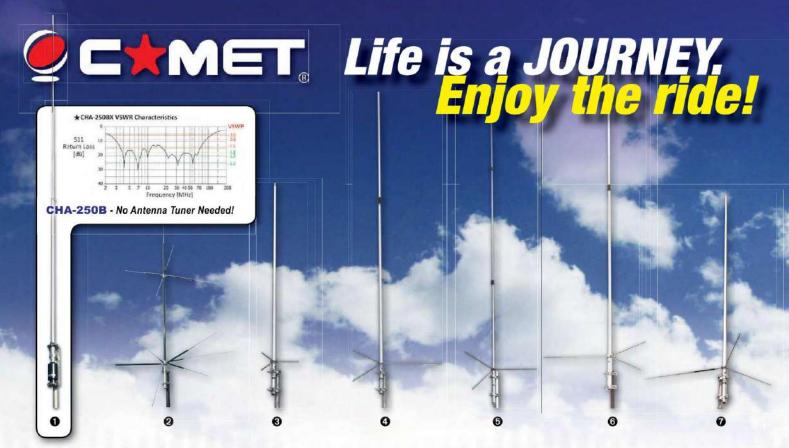


Omni-Directional Low angle radiation gives incredible worldwide DX.



Cushcraft...Keeping You in Touch Around the Globe!

Cushcraft Amateur Radio Antennas 308 Industrial Pk Rd, Starkville, MS 39759 USA Sales/Tech: (662) 323-9538 FAX: (662) 323-5803 Open 8-4:30 CST, Mon.-Fri.



Base Antennas

O C★MET, CHA-250B BROADBAND 80M THROUGH 6M VERTICAL ANTENNA

A newly designed broadband vertical with NO GROUND RADIALS. EXTREMELY easy to assemble, requires no tuning or adjustments and VSWR is under 1.5:1 from 3.5-57MHz! • TX: 3.5MHz - 57MHz • RX: 2.0-90MHz • VSWR is 1.5:1 or less, continuous • Max Power: 250W SSB/125W FM• Impedance: 50 Ohm • Length: 23' 5" • Weight: 7 lbs. 1 oz. • Conn: SO-239 • Mast Req'd: 1" - 2" dia. • Max wind speed: 67MPH

Maldal HVU-8 ULTRA-COMPACT 8 BAND HF/VHF/UHF VERTICAL ANTENNA

80/40/20/15/10/6/2M/70cm Only 1/2 the traditional size and weight of vertical HF antennas, and it includes 2M/70cm! Unique radial system rotates for balcony installations, the radials can all be rotated to one side. • Wavelength: HF and 6M: 1/4 wave • 2M: 1/2 wave • 70cm: Two 5/8waves in phase • Impedance: 50 Ohm • Max Power: HF 200W SSB • 6M–70cm: 150W FM• Conn: SO-239 • Height: Only 8'6" • Weight: 5lbs. 7ozs.

◎ □★MET GP-3 DUAL-BAND 146/446MHZ BASE REPEATER ANTENNA

Wavelength: 146MHz 6/8 wave • 446MHz 5/8 wave x 3 • Max Pwr: 200W • Length: 5'11"• Weight: 2lbs, 9ozs. • Conn: Gold-plated SO-239 • Construction: Single-piece fiberglass

⊕ C★MET. GP-6 DUAL-BAND 146/446MHZ BASE REPEATER ANTENNA

Wavelength: 146MHz 5/8 wave x 2 • 446MHz 5/8 wave x 5 • Max Pwr. 200W • Length: 10'2"• Weight: 3lbs. 8ozs. • Conn: Gold-plated SO-239 • Construction: Fiberglass, 2 Sections

□ ★MET GP-9 / GP-9N DUAL-BAND 146/446MHZ BASE REPEATER ANTENNA

BEST SELLER! • Wavelength: 146MHz 5/8 wave x 3 • 446MHz 5/8 wave x 8 • Max Pwr: 200W• Length: 16' 9"" • Weight: 5lbs. 11ozs. • Conn: GP-9 Gold-plated SO-239 • GP-9N Gold-plated N-type female • Construction: Fiberglass, 3 Sections

□★MET, CX-333 TRI-BAND 146/220/446MHZ BASE REPEATER ANTENNA

Wavelength: 146MHz 5/8 wave x 2 • 220MHz 5/8 wave x 3• 446MHz 5/8 wave x 5 • Max Pwr: 120W • Length: 10'2" • Weight: 3lbs. 1oz.• Conn: Gold-plated SO-239 • Construction: Fiberglass, 2 Sections

② □★MET. GP-15 TRI-BAND 52/146/446MHZ BASE REPEATER ANTENNA

Wavelength: 52MHz 5/8 wave • 146MHz 5/8 wave x 2 • 446MHz 5/8 wave x 4 • Max Pwr: 150W • Length: 7'11" • Weight: 3lbs. 1oz. • Conn: Gold-plated SO-239• 2MHz band-width after tuning (6M) • Construction: Single-piece fiberglass



NEW CAA-500MarkII

1.8-500MHz Antenna analyzer

The CAA-500MarkII combines the simplicity and accuracy of an analog instrument, PLUS...a full color LCD graphic display • Resistive (R) and Reactive (X) components of impedance graphed and displayed numerically • SWR readings in both graphic and numerical results.

Operates on 8-16VDC external power, 6 AA Alkaline or NiMH rechargeable cells • Trickle charger built in (only when using NiMH batteries) • Typical battery life: 9 hours of continuous operation • Battery level indicator • Selectable auto power-off time limit preserves battery capacity • SO-239 connector for 1.8-300MHz range • N-female connector for 300-500MHz range

The perfect combination of analog and graphic information, designed in particular for antenna diagnostics and adjustments while on the roof, tower or in the field!

CAA-5SC

Protect your CAA-500MarkII from moisture, shock, dents and dings!

CAA-33C

Shoulder strap included.

Call or visit your local dealer today! www.natcommgroup.com | 800-962-2611





Contents

September 2020 ♦ Volume 104 ♦ Number 9

Barry J. Shelley, N1VXY Publisher

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Moving On

Build Your Own Optical Encoder
Riccardo Gionetti, IØFDH

33 Bigger Buttons are Better Derek Rutz, K7NZ

Easy to Use Antenna Mast for Portable Operators Zach Thompson, KM4BLG

Product Review
Mark Wilson, K1RO
SDRplay RSPdx Software-Defined
Receiver; FUNKAMATEUR/SDR-Kits
FA-VA5 Vector Antenna Analyzer;
Cushcraft AR-2 "Ringo" 2-Meter Antenna;
EAntenna DUOSAT Dual-Band Satellite
Antenna



Trans World Radio Caribbean Powerhouse
Andy Corbin, W4KDN

Augment Your ARES® Mission with FirstNet®

62 Amateur Radio Disability Access Steve Appleyard, G3PND

64 2020 Simulated Emergency Test Steve Ewald, WV1X

72 2020 ARRL International DX Phone Contest Results
Chris Tate, N6WM

76 The 2020 Collegiate QSO Party

A Look Back — November 1970

Columns

95
93
71
24
52
39
65
54
78
13
69
80
20
95A

Digital and Mobile Editions

ARRL members can access the digital edition via a link at www.arrl.org/qst, download our iOS app from the iTunes Store, and download our Android app from the Google Play Store.

Departments

ARRL Section Managers	16
ARRL VEC Honor Roll	
Certificate of Code	
Proficiency Recipients	77
Convention and Hamfest Calendar	84
Feedback	86
Field Organization Reports	70
Guide to ARRL Member Benefits	14
Ham Ads	124
Index of Advertisers	126, 127
Officers, Division Directors, and Sta	aff 15
QST Cover Plaque Award	76
Silent Keys	95B
Special Event Stations	82
Strays	55, 85
This Month in QEX	75
W1AW Qualifying Runs	77
W1AW Schedule	
W1AW's QSL File	28

Write for QST

www.arrl.org/qst-author-guide email: qst@arrl.org



Our Cover

Experienced hiker Zach Thompson, KM4BLG, understands the struggle of minimizing the weight of his equipment while operating portable. With a lightweight design in mind, he built an antenna mast out of his trekking poles. Read more about it in his article, "Easy to Use Antenna Mast for Portable Operators," on page 36 of this issue.











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from 5 watts to 1,000 watts

LDG

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QRO Autotuner to 1000W • Dual Antenna Ports • 1000W SSB/350W Digital



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600 Watts for Mid-Size Amps • 1.8 to 54 MHz Continuous • 600W SSB/200W Digital



AT-200Proll

Tunes 10:1 SWR • Two-Year Warranty • 250W SSB/100W Digital



AT-100Proll

Switched-L Network • Dual Baragraph for Watts/SWR • 125W SSB/30W Digital

Remote Autotuners



RT-100

- Remote Tuner with Latching Relays
- Includes Controller/ Bias-T
- 125W SSB/30W Digital



RT-600

- Mid-Power
 Remote Tuner
- Power and Control over Coax
- 600W SSB/200W Digital

Portable and Desktop Autotuners



Z-11Proll

LED SWR Indicator • 10:1 SWR Range • 125W SSB/30W Digital



Z-100A

Generic Tuner for HF Radios • Includes Icom Interface Cable • 125W SSB/30W Digital • Other Interface Cables Available @HamGadgets.com



Z-817

FT-817/818 Compatible • Operates on 4-AAs • 20W SSB/5W Digital





200W SSB \$30 each!

MAXIMIZE YOUR CAPABILITIES

SteppIR Antenna Systems are designed for performance, period. Each individual element is tuned remotely using an electronic controller, so the antenna is the exact length it needs to be at any given frequency – which results in superior performance and bandwidth. Gone are the days you have to compromise performance by tricking the antenna into thinking it is a different length by using traps, interlacing elements or simply adding more elements. Whether you are a new ham radio operator or have "worked 'em all", we have the antenna for you. Step up to SteppIR – it's a monoband antenna... on every frequency!

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VERTICAL ANTENNAS

PORTABLE ANTENNAS

CONTROLLERS

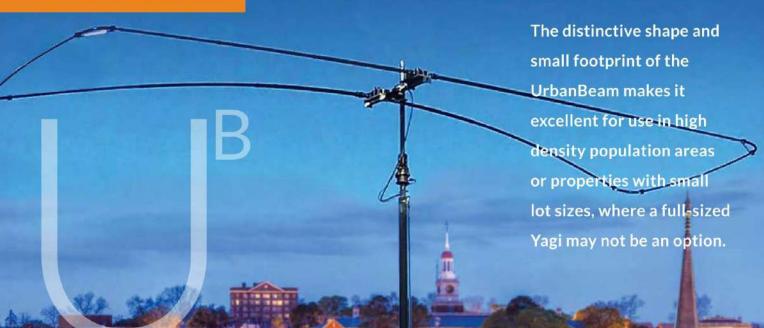
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YAGI URBAN BEAM





DIAMOND ANTENNA

diamondantenna.net

When it comes to quality and performance, DIAMOND ANTENNA is the worldwide leader in VHF/UHF base and mobile antennas.

DIAMOND ANTENNAS help you get the most out of your on-air experience.

For all your base station and repeater needs, DIAMOND has an antenna that will work for you.

You've tried the rest, now own the best!

Here is a small sample of our wide variety of antennas

Model	Bands	Length Ft.	Max Pwr. Rating	Conn.		
Dualband Base Station/Repeater Antennas						
X700HNA (4 section)	2m/70cm	24	200	N		
X510HD (3 Section)	2m/70cm	17.2	330/250	UHF or N		
X300A (2 Section)	2m/70cm	10	200	UHF or N		
X200A (2 Section)	2m/70cm	8.3	200	UHF		
X50A (1 Section)	2m/70cm	5.6	200	UHF or N		
X30A (1 Section)	2m/70cm	4.5	150	UHF		
Monoband Base Station/Repeater Antennas						
F23H (3 Section)	144-174 MHz (W/ Cut Chart)	15	350	UHF		
F22A (2 Section)	2m	10.5	200	UHF		
CP22E (Aluminum)	2m	8.9	200	UHF		
F718A (Coax Element)	70cm	15	250	N		
Dualband Mobile Antennas						
SG7900A	2m/70cm	62.2 in.	150	UHF or NMO		
SG7500A	2m/70cm	40.6 in.	150	UHF or NMO		
NR770H Series	2m/70cm	38.2 in.	200	UHF or NMO		
MR77 Series	2m/70cm	20 in.	70	Mag Combo		
AZ504FXH	2m/70cm	15.5 in.	50	UHF		
AZ504SP	2m/70cm	15.5 in.	50	UHF		
NR7900A	2m/70cm	57 in.	300/250	UHF		
Monoband Mobile Antennas						
NR22L	2m	96.8 in.	100	UHF		
M285	2m	52.4 in.	200	UHF or NMO		

X700HNA Special Features:

- Heavy duty fiberglass radomes
- Four section assembly
- Overlapping outer shells for added strength
- Stainless steel mounting hardware & radials
- Strong waterproof joint couplings
- Type-N cable connection
- Wideband performance
- Highest gain Dual-band Base Antenna!

Second Century

Moving On



After almost 30 years at ARRL, this is my last issue as the Editor of QST magazine. In a few weeks, I'll be turning in my office keys and strolling across the Headquarters parking lot for the final time. They say your retirement years can be among the happiest, and I'm looking forward to finding out if that is true.

I'm leaving the ARRL publications department, and *QST*, in the skilled hands of Becky Schoenfeld, W1BXY. Her career already spans nearly 30 years and includes employment with some of the giants of publishing, such as McGraw-Hill. We've functioned as an editorial management team for nearly a decade, and it has been a delightful partnership.

Becky has assembled a crew of talented media professionals, some of whom are relatively new to Headquarters, and others who are seasoned veterans. They have ideas and creativity in abundance, and they'll accelerate the modernization process that Becky and I began a few years ago.

That's why it is important for me to take my leave. I'm old school and ARRL urgently needs new school, especially when it comes to media. As a manager, I'm a firm believer in the necessity of stepping aside and making room for fresh perspectives. The tricky part is recognizing when that moment has arrived. I've seen too many people my age who cling to their careers, perhaps hoping for one more flash of glory before winter closes in.

Thanks, but I'll pass. My time is at an end; their time is just beginning. I'll take great pleasure in watching their progress from the sidelines.

I welcome returning to amateur radio as a "civilian," even though the hobby is facing perhaps the most crucial time in its history. Late last year, International Amateur Radio Union President Tim Ellam, VE6SH/G4HUA, poignantly observed that amateur radio had reached "an inflection point." That may be an understatement.

My chosen metaphor to describe the situation is a perfect storm. It is a maelstrom of poor HF band conditions, onerous antenna restrictions, escalating threats to our spectrum, indifference and sometimes even hostility from various regulatory bodies, and an aging and increasingly inactive ham population. Add the long-term social and economic impacts of the coronavirus pandemic and the outlook becomes forbidding, to say the least.

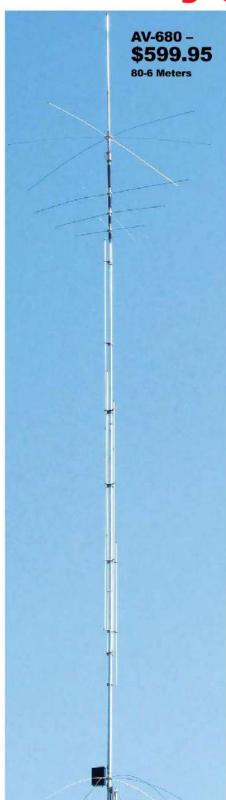
Even so, I'm confident ham radio will endure, although it may depart significantly from ham radio as we've known it. This doesn't mean we'll be forced to abandon our rich history, but we will need to accept that the "good old days" are dwindling in our rear-view mirrors. Besides, as Billy Joel sang in "Keeping the Faith" — "The good old days weren't always good and tomorrow ain't as bad as it seems."

My faith in the future of the hobby was reinforced by an amateur I corresponded with recently. He is 86 years old and just purchased a Raspberry Pi microcomputer that he intends to use to explore HF digital operating. He even signed up for an online course to improve his knowledge of the Linux operating system. This gentleman has no experience with digital modes or computer programming, and he doesn't care — he remains open to change and he is eager for a new challenge. Amateur radio requires many more forward-looking individuals like him, regardless of age.

In whatever way the future unfolds, amateurs can always count on having the ARRL Headquarters staff at their backs. Most of the people at 225 Main Street are invisible to the membership, rarely turning up in the pages of *QST*, yet they create publications and online media, answer telephone calls and emails, process awards, collaborate with industry and the FCC, promote amateur radio to the public, provide ongoing education, and perform countless other tasks to help keep our avocation alive. Some have spent the majority of their working lives at Headquarters even though they could enjoy higher incomes — not to mention milder winters! — elsewhere. They persist because they genuinely believe in ARRL's mission. I count myself lucky to have worked alongside such dedicated individuals. I will miss them all.

73, Steve Ford, WB8IMY Editor, QST The First Choice of Hams Around the World!

hy-gain_® Antennas



AV-680

80-6 Meters

hy-gain's new AV-680 adds 75/80 Meters with no radials!

Includes 40, 30, 20, 17, 15, 12, 10 and 6 Meters operation with low 17 degree radiation angle and omni-directional world-wide coverage. No ground or radials needed. Handles full 1500 Watts key down continuous for two minutes.

Highly Efficient

The AV-680 uses quarter wave stubs on 6, 10, 12 and 17 Meters and very efficient end loading coil and capacity hats on 15, 20, 30, 40 and 80 Meters -- no traps. End loading allows efficient operation with a low profile. Resonators are placed in parallel not in series.

Each band individually tunable

Extra wide low VSWR bandwidth. End fed with broadband matching unit. Single coax cable feed. Automatic bandswitching.

Sleek and low-profile

Low 2.9 sq. ft. wind surface area. Small footprint for mounting easily on decks, roofs and patios. 26 feet, 18.5 lbs.

Built-to-last

High wind survival of 65 mph. Broadband matching unit made from all Teflon® insulated wire. Aircraft quality aluminum tubing, stainless steel hardware.

hy-gain verticals are the best built, best performing and best priced multiband verticals available today.

hy-gain® warranty

Two year limited warranty. All replacement parts in stock.

ATB-75, \$99.95. Tilt base for hy-gain AV-680/AV-640 and AV-620 verticals.

AGK-8, \$79.95. Guy Kit, three point non-conductive guy system for hy-gain AV-680/AV-640 and AV-620 verticals.

AV-640, \$499.95. 8 bands: 40, 30, 20, 17, 15, 12, 10, 6 Meters. 25.5 ft., 17.5 lbs.

AV-620, \$399.95. 6 bands: 20, 17, 15, 12, 10, 6 Meters. 22.5 ft., 10.5 lbs.



Inside of Matching Unit





Select the Ideal Mag Loop Antenna for Your Next QSO



Add This Essential Lab Grade Test Gear to Your Shack



SALE \$775

\$895

The DPM6000 SWR 2 channel power meter measures forward and reflected power over a 70dB range. A 0dBm 50MHz reference ensures high repeatability and accuracy. Range is .01uW to 2kW with a frequency response of 50KHz - 6 GHz depending on sensor. It displays SWR, Watt/dBm, peak power, return loss RL, RC (c), frequency and

PG50PS Pulse Generator

The PG50PS delivers ultra high (8,000V/uS) slew rate 35ps tr steps. Use it for mm TDR and oscilloscope/amplifier frequency response tests. Apply the step to a scope and the rise-time is measured using the BW=.35/rise-time formula (printed on the case) allowing bandwidth checks

TDR-Cable Radar®

This time domain reflectometer (TDR) features a fast pulse generator to check transmission lines & cables by analyzing reflections on an oscilloscope. It computes distance to fault (DTF) 2.5 cm - 15km, return loss (RL), velocity factor (Vf) & line loss dB @ 100'. It covers 50 - 600 Ω with 25 ps resolution using isolated samplers and separate (DUT) outputs.

T150 Step Attenuator



Attenuation covers 41dB in 1 dB steps, using Pi-Pad attenuators from DC to 1 GHz. It features a Ω 2W strip line design with UHF switches. Great for ham radio tests of receivers

\$275

SMT Station Monitor

The monitor provides all connections, plus the demodulator, to drive an oscilloscope in XY (drive v. output) mode, resulting in a trapezoid waveform, revealing non-linear operation of a transmitter in real time.

\$259

TTG1 Two Tone Generator

The generator has two low distortion (700Hz and 1900Hz) sources to analyze SSB & AM transmitter linearity and overdrive for IMD distortion and harmonic splatter.

\$279



DDS-1 Dual Directional Coupler



The coupler measures forward and reflected power with an oscilloscope. The transmitter connects to RF IN, the load connects to RF OUT. When the load absorbs all the energy, virtually no power is reflected, resulting n very little REFL power (SWR 1:1). The FWD port shows power (- 30 dB) to the load \$175

HFS-1.5 HF Sampler -30dB



The sampler inductively samples high power (up to 1.5kW) RF passing from the RF IN to RF OUT ports. The sampled RF is at a calibrated -30 dB level which is compatible with most oscilloscopes for precise measurements based on the displayed waveforms.

\$175

RLB-E 500MHz Return Loss Bridge



The bridge compares an unknown Z to a reference Z. A test oscillator connects to the RF IN. An oscilloscope connects to the DET OUT. The tested device such as an antenna or coax, connects to the DUT. Equal Z result in essentially zero output and very high RL.

\$205

preciserf.com

* Some items optional



Array Solutions Your Source for Outstanding Radio Products

Professional Grade Equipment from Array Solutions







OM Power Amplifiers, The New RF Power Benchmark!



Summer Sale - July 15 - August 31 on ALL OM Power Amplifiers



\$300-\$400 Off

Call us or see the Array Solutions website for details. Now is the time to

get the most powerful and reliable amp for Contesting, DXing, Ragchewing and those Digital Heavy Duty Modes!

Tubes



available, 1 year warranty

Tested singles and matched pairs

GU-74b GU-84b FU-728F

Amplifier Repairs

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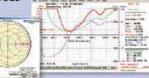


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Member Spotlight

Pascal Villeneuve, VA2PV

VA2PV is a familiar call sign to many *QST* readers. It belongs to Pascal Villeneuve, a Canadian radio amateur who often reviews new technology for *QST's* "Product Review" column. Pascal has a penchant for innovation, both in his amateur radio activities and his professional life.

Pascal didn't become licensed until early adulthood, but his interest in radio started when he was very young. He was born and raised on a farm and he fondly remembers the ancient RCA receiver that sat in his father's barn office. Pascal often used it to listen to shortwave broadcast stations. He said, "I managed to connect a long-wire antenna and I could receive many signals, but I didn't understand most of them because the broadcasts were in languages other than English or French. No matter; I was hooked!"

Thanks to one of his uncles, Pascal discovered the Citizens Band (CB) during the 1970s. His uncle had a CB transceiver installed in his pickup truck and Pascal listened whenever he had the chance.

One day, Pascal's mother took him on a visit to a man who was tuning the family's piano. As it turned out, the piano tuner was also a ham. Pascal was astonished to see his station and began asking one question after another — so many that his mother finally intervened. That evening, Pascal begged his parents to enroll him in an amateur radio course. They declined, citing the cost of setting up a station and wondering if Pascal might be too young for such things. Amateur radio would have to wait.



Pascal graduated college in 1991 with a degree in Business Administration, but his passion for radio remained. That same year, he began studying for his Basic amateur radio license and soon passed the exam. By early 1992, he had completed all the Canadian ham exams.

Pascal married in 1994 and all was well; he was settling into his career and enjoying amateur radio. However, in the mid '90s, while he was between jobs, his wife suggested that he return to college to study electronics. Pascal agreed and soon earned a new degree with a major in computer electronics. The ink was barely dry on his diploma when he was hired by a large telecommunications company. Pascal has since become the company's senior technical support manager for the business market with expertise in IP networking with technologies such as VolP, MPLS, PSTN, and more.

Friendship and Technical Challenges

When asked what he enjoys most about ham radio, Pascal quickly replied, "Friendship and technical challenges."

He explained, "I always find myself searching for something new to try. That's the reason I created my website (www.va2pv.com) and YouTube channel (Laboenligne.ca)." He uses both platforms to share information about his "passion for this wonderful hobby that made me who I am today."

For Pascal, his family is his top priority and his career takes second place. Even so, he still finds time to be heavily involved in amateur radio.

He usually prefers to share his latest discoveries through video. "Everything I try in ham radio I make a video about and I enjoy the technical challenge of making quality videos," he said. "For example, since 2016 I've been producing all my videos in 4K Ultra High Definition. That made the production process somewhat more complex. I even had to build a monster PC just to be able to edit the files!"

The Future of Amateur Radio

When asked if he is optimistic about the future of radio, Pascal said, "If you would have asked me this question 10 years ago, I would have been very pessimistic, but today I think differently. Exciting technologies like digital communications and software-defined radio have brought new blood into the hobby and will continue to do so."

Pascal believes the internet is not a threat to amateur radio, but is instead a valuable resource. "Just look at what YouTube videos have done to educate hams, new and old," he said. "I don't mean just my channel, but all of them. Soon we'll have ARRL's Lifelong Learning program that will also use the internet as an educational tool. In this climate, how can I not be optimistic?"



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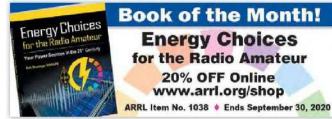
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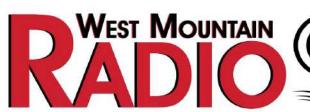
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Up Front



A Family Affair

In late February, just a few weeks before the COVID-19 lockdowns began, the Southern Peninsula Amateur Radio Club and the Hampton Public Service Team conducted an exam session at the American Red Cross facility in Hampton, Virginia. They had 15 Volunteer Examiners on board with 22 candidates participating. The result was 17 new Technician-class licensees, a new General-class license, a Technician who upgraded to General, and three Generals who upgraded to Amateur Extra class.

Among the new Technicians were nearly all the members of the Hallare family, consisting of Ferdinand, his wife Maila, and their two young daughters, Maxyn and Hally.



A happy family and Volunteer Examiners. In the foreground, from left to right: Maila, KO4CHW; Hally, KO4CHX; Maxyn, KO4CHY; Ferdryx, and Ferdinand, KO4CHZ. In the background, from left to right: Don Stidwell, KE4RMO; Dennis Ricketts, K4DRR; Bob MacLachlan, KE4JDY; Bob Uiterwyk, W3AF; Dave Hewlett, WA4OPE; Tom Hite, AE4TH; Addison Inge, AA4AV; Don Mertz, KJ4MZ, and Ed Shuman, WDØFYV.

Morse Code Can Be Stylish Too



During a stay in a newly built hotel near the Fort Lauderdale, Florida airport, Gene Marcus, W3PM, was surprised to find that Morse code played a significant role in its stylish décor. The Morse code greeting "Gateway to Discovery" appears directly behind the reception desk. It even appears in the distinctive carpeting found throughout the corridors of the hotel.

Code Ninjas

The name of this international company that teaches kids how to write computer code put Mike Lonneke, W4RN. in mind of black-clad assassins descending from the ceiling to smite hams who miscopy Morse code.





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Correspondence

Letters from Our Members

Telegraph Keys in World War II

I enjoyed Harold Kramer's, WJ1B, excellent "Classic Radio" article in the July 2020 issue of *QST* about military telegraph keys, especially the British Royal Air Force (RAF) "Bathtub" key, of which I have owned a few and know something of their history.

These keys were fitted to British bombers during World War II and were used by RAF wireless officers. They were made from a brown Bakelite material, a precursor to plastic. For Canadian crews, the keys were black. These keys are very rare due to the huge losses of Canadian crews.

The key can be strapped to the operator's leg. Many years ago, I actually used one on a parachute jump. The Bathtub keys weren't used by World War II paratroopers on bombers, unless they were being flown in on gliders or Dakota DC-3s and towed by the bombers to their drop zones.

Doug Goodison, GØLUH Isleworth, Middlesex, England

Staying Connected During Coronavirus

With any club, keeping a connection to the membership is always a challenge. With radio, it's a bit different, because we "know" a lot of other folks despite never having the chance to meet in person. With the COVID-19 health crisis, face-to-face group meetings have been stopped entirely. I read with interest the article "Online Club Meetings Ease Shelter-in-Place Isolation" by Lee Chambers, KI7SS, and Phil Cornell, W7PLC, in the July issue of *QST*. Our club was among those groups using videoconferencing technology, but we added a twist.

Our repeater club's meeting was scheduled for the end of March and was just not going to happen. We moved instead to a videoconferencing site to host our meeting virtually. To give our club members a chance to practice with the technology, we had them test their connections during our "SUHFARS NothingNet," which runs weekly on Sunday nights on our repeater. We had our quarterly meeting, and all went well, but there was an unintended consequence. Everyone enjoyed the video component so much that they wanted to keep it as a regular feature of the net.

All of our nets since then have included the video component. As an added benefit, this allows members that were out of range of the

repeater to virtually join the net. Now, the "video net" starts 30 minutes before our regular net's time and continues after the end of the net, usually for another 30 minutes or so. Sometimes the conversations are technical, and sometimes not, in keeping with the theme of a NothingNet.

Some will say, "But it's not radio." I say instead that it's another dimension we can embrace as part of communications and to add enjoyment to our interactions.

Mike Zyskowski, KD9MZ Round Lake, Illinois Life Member

July Cover Art

I very much admired the cover artwork (by Kevin Sterjo) for the July 2020 issue of *QST*. Many years ago, I had the honor of designing the flag for ARRL, so while I'm not a professional artist or illustrator, I know good design when I see it. I particularly like the version of the ARRL logo on the coffee cup in the lower right corner of the cover. It's the best minimalist version of it that I've seen and could almost be a universal emblem for the whole of amateur radio.

Ralph Holberg, N4RX Mobile, Alabama Life Member

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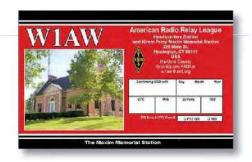
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W1AW's QSL File

Every month, W1AW receives hundreds of QSL cards from hams all over the world, confirming contact with the Hiram Percy Maxim Memorial Station at ARRL Headquarters. Maybe you'll recognize an on-air friend — or even yourself — among these recent cards.





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Build Your Own Optical Encoder

The theory and construction of an inexpensive optical encoder.

Riccardo Gionetti, IØFDH

Not being very satisfied with commercially available mechanical encoders, I decided to build an electrooptical encoder. I used this encoder in an RF generator and in a receiver, but it can have many more applications. And because there are no mechanical contacts, it is very reliable.

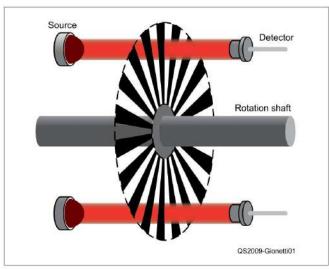


Figure 1 — The rotary encoder working principle.

Encoder and Circuit Discussion

An electro-opto-mechanical encoder converts the angular position of its shaft into a digital signal by producing pulses from the shaft rotation. As shown in Figure 1, the encoder basically consists of a disk, usually plastic, attached to a rotating shaft, and divided into transparent and dark areas. There is also a pair of

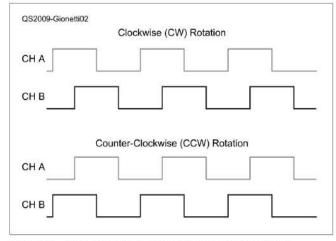


Figure 2 — The clockwise and counterclockwise rotation.

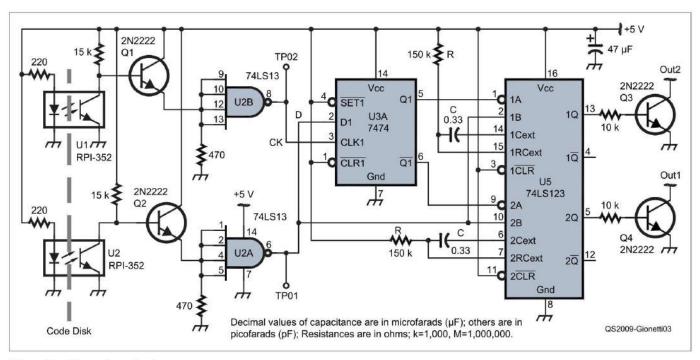


Figure 3 — The schematic diagram.

photo emitters/detectors, which generate the light that passes through the transparent areas of the disk, and it receives the light signal and converts it into voltage pulses. The two photo emitters/detectors are positioned to cause a 90-degree phase difference between the clocks. This phase relationship determines the direction of rotation. Figure 2 shows the output sequences at TP01 (channel A) and TP02 (channel B) in Figure 3. For clockwise rotation, A leads B by 90 degrees. For counterclockwise rotation, A lags B by 90 degrees.

Figure 3 shows how the photo detector outputs connect to a digital board. A Schmitt trigger removes the small linear region between the on and off states of the detectors. By applying channel A to input D, and channel B to the input clock of a 74LS74 D flip-flop, we can determine the sense of encoder rotation. When A leads B, output Q is low. Q becomes high when A lags B (see Figure 4). To have duration pulses independent of the rotation speed of the encoder shaft, the Q and \overline{Q} outputs of the D flip-flop are connected to gates 1A and 2A (Pins 1 and 9) of a 74LS123 dual-monostable multi-vibrator, while the channel B connects to gates 1B and 2B (Pins 2 and 10) of the 74LS123. With this configuration, clockwise rotation activates monostable A, while counterclockwise rotation activates monostable B. The duration of the pulses is determined by the RC time constant (about 15 ms with the values shown). The period depends on the shaft rotation speed.

The Q or \overline{Q} outputs of the monostables are connected to the device to be controlled by open collector transis-

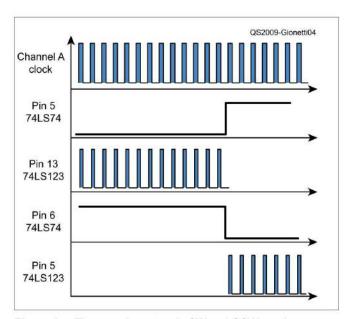


Figure 4 — The encoder output in CW and CCW rotation.

tors. Pull-up resistors (not shown) provide high-state voltage when Q is off, or low-state voltage when Q is on. The open collectors allow interfacing to TTL, TTL LS, CMOS, and HCMOS. Figure 5 shows the CW and the CCW pulses at the open collector outputs.

Assembly

Figure 6 shows the necessary mechanical and electrical parts. The threaded collar and brass shaft are from

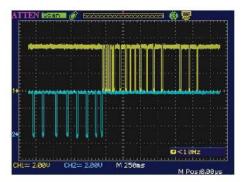


Figure 5 — A view of the CW and CCW pulses at the open collector outputs.

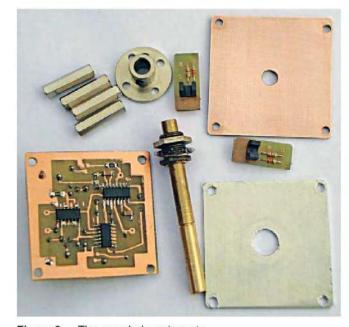


Figure 6 — The encoder's main parts.

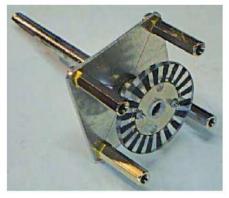


Figure 7 — The code wheel mounted on the shaft.



Figure 8 — The photo interrupter miniboard.

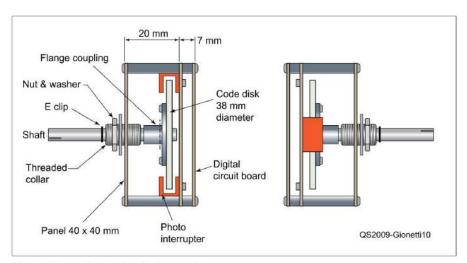


Figure 10 — The mechanical assembly.

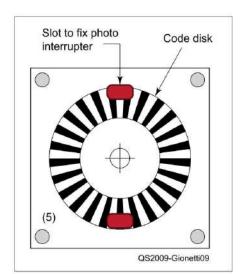


Figure 9 — The code disk.

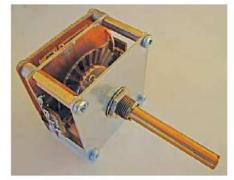


Figure 11 — The assembled encoder.

their mechanical positioning. Additional assembly detail is shown in Figure 10, and the completed unit is shown in Figure 11.

After mounting the digital card, connect the photo interrupter outputs to the A and B inputs on the digital board. Using a dual-channel oscilloscope, verify that pulses are present at the monostable outputs, as shown in Figure 5. There will be pulses from both monostables, so slightly move either photo inter-

rupter in its slot on the board until you have impulses from only one output when the rotation is in one direction. Reversing the rotation should show pulses on the other output. Now fix the photo interrupter in place with its screw. Your encoder is now ready to use.

an old potentiometer. A groove cut in the brass shaft is for a clip to prevent the shaft from coming out of the collar. The flange to which the code disk is attached was purchased on eBay.

The plexiglass encoder disk has a thickness of 1.5 millimeters and a diameter of 38 millimeters. Attached to this disk is a transparent adhesive sheet with the code wheel printed by a laser or inkjet printer. The code wheel has 50 cells, which provides 25 pulses per revolution. The code wheel generator software is available at https://www.softpedia.com/get/Others/ Miscellaneous/Codewheel-Generator.shtml. Figure 7 shows the assembled $4 \times 4 \times 3$ centimeter encoder. The photo interrupters are soldered on two mini boards (see Figure 8), and are then mounted on a board (see Figure 9) on which two slots provide for

All photos by the author.

Licensed since 1974, Riccardo Gionetti, IØFDH, attended the University of Rome "La Sapienza" at G. Marconi Institute and received a degree in Physics with specialization in cybernetics and electronics. He also took technical master courses in radar technology, microwave measurements, EMC, IR sensors, and electronic warfare. Now retired, Riccardo worked for 10 years in telecommunications, and 30 years for the main Italian defense industry. For the last 10 years, he was responsible for applied research and technology for radio frequency sensors. Riccardo has published over 50 technical articles and papers in professional and amateur radio fields, is coauthor of the handbook on *HF Power Linear Amplifier Design*, and he authored a course on "Tactical Radio Communications." You can contact Riccardo at **rgionetti@virgilio.it**.

For updates to this article, see the QST Feedback page at www.arrl.org/feedback.



Bigger Buttons are Better

Improved microphone controls make access easier.

Derek Rutz, K7NZ

Having trouble using hand microphones with buttons that are too small and close together can quickly take the fun out of operating. Matt, KF7RM, and I decided to design a low-cost,

more-accessible desk microphone using a clone circuit board from a DTMF hand microphone.

PCB Tracing

With the microphone schematic (found online), a voltohm meter, and the clone PCB, I identified the pushbutton swirl pad traces (see Figure 2), and labeled them by row (R1 – R5) and column (C1 – C4). The bottom left portion of each swirl trace provides the supply voltage (V) to each pad. To utilize the existing PCB, it was necessary to parallel these connections. Figure 3 shows the wiring for the switch matrix, and Figure 4 shows the dual-row header connections. The UP and DN switches, and the Normally Open (N.O.) momentary contact switches were paralleled as well. I brought all lines out to a dual-row header connector, which mates with the new keypad assembly.

I removed the electret microphone element and PTT switch from the board to use in a new microphone/PTT assembly. Details are on the *QST* in Depth web page at **www.arrl.org/qst-in-depth**. Solder pad connections for these components were wired to a four-pin connector on the keypad assembly (see Figures 5 and 6).

New Keypad Assembly

We arranged 22 N.O. momentary contact DPST pushbutton switches, evenly spaced on a medium-sized proto board and wired them to mimic the origi-



Figure 1 — Small, closely spaced buttons are difficult to operate with big fingers.

nal keypad functions. We then wired the connection points $(R1-R5, C1-C4, and \mathbf{UP}/\mathbf{DN})$ to a dual-row header to mate with the MH-48 clone PCB. I designed key caps — shown installed on the new control box in the lead photo — using the free online

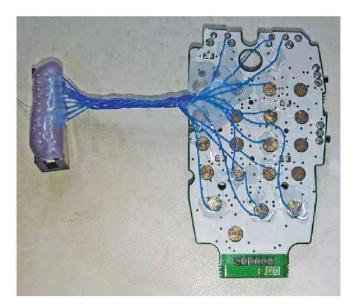


Figure 2 — Connections are soldered to the pushbutton swirl pad traces.

Tinkercad (www.tinkercad.com) application. I 3D-printed them using glow-in-the-dark PLA material, then used a black permanent marker to fill in the alphanumeric depressions in the key caps.

I machined the top panel of a Hammond ABS project enclosure to accept the new keypad proto board mounted underneath (see Figure 7). Finally, I machined through-holes in the enclosure to accept

Our purpose was to improve accessibility of the hand microphone controls while keeping costs low.

the six-pin coiled microphone cable and a new fourpin connector for the microphone/PTT assembly. I used hot glue to secure the MH-48 clone PCB and header connector inside the enclosure.

New Microphone/PTT Assembly

Again using the *Tinkercad* application, I fabricated the microphone body clam shells and the top and bottom of the PTT switch enclosures. These details are on the **www.arrl.org/qst-in-depth** web page.

I purchased a microphone desk stand (cast metal base, gooseneck, and microphone clip) online. In order to securely mount the PTT switch assembly to the desk stand, I 3D-printed a T bracket and hot glued it to the base. Finally, I glued a PTT switch box to the top of the **T** bracket.

Performance Testing

After verifying that there were no shorts between wires of the six-pin transceiver cable, I connected the

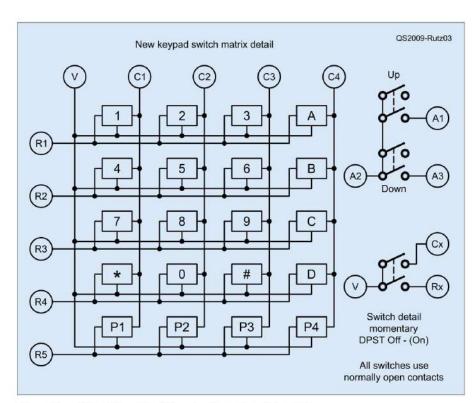


Figure 3 — The schematic of the new keypad switch matrix.

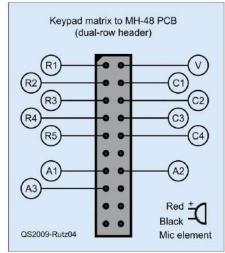


Figure 4 — Dual-row header to keypad matrix wiring.

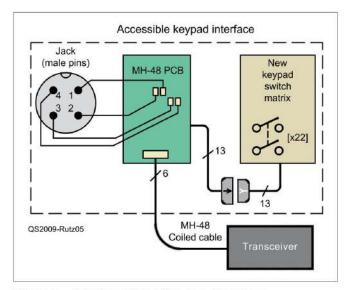


Figure 5 — Interface wiring of the new microphone.

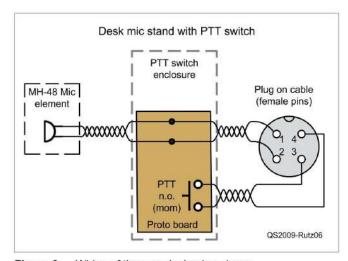


Figure 6 — Wiring of the new desk microphone.

new microphone/PTT assembly to my Yaesu FTM-100D radio. In various modes, I verified that all the keypad switches worked correctly. In both analog and C4FM transmissions, the audio reports were excellent. Life-testing of the switches and PLA components is ongoing.

Figure 8 shows Matt, KF7RM, at his operating position with the new microphone.

Conclusion

For well under \$100, I fabricated a more accessible microphone using readily available parts, making the operation of common radio functions easier and more enjoyable. Matt has been using this new accessible replacement for the MH-48 microphone assembly with great success. It is much easier for him to



Figure 7 — The clone MH-48 PCB and new wiring, shown inside the new controller housing.



Figure 8 — Radar Matt, KF7RM, with his new microphone.

activate the PTT switch, and he can easily see and activate the large DTMF buttons. We hope that this project will inspire fellow hams to develop other accessibility solutions and motivate manufacturers to consider adding accessibility features and options when designing amateur radio gear.

Photos by the author.

Derek Rutz, K7NZ, has a Bachelor's degree in Electronics Engineering Technology and a Master's degree in Technology Management. He is Product Engineer for a dermatology laser manufacturer. He is also a designer/maker, who built a 3D printer, a four-axis computer numerically controlled mill, and a variety of mechanical and electrical tools. He designs and fabricates custom electronics, enclosures, and miscellaneous components. In the transition to retirement, his focus shifted to amateur radio. Derek received his amateur license in 2018, and he operates from his solar-powered portable station. You can reach Derek at k7nz@arrl.net.

For updates to this article, see the QST Feedback page at www.arrl.org/feedback.



Easy to Use Antenna Mast and won't break your budget or your back. for Portable Operators

This portable mast uses your trekking poles

Zach Thompson, KM4BLG

With a large portion of hams living in antennarestricted areas, and with amateur radio equipment becoming more compact and lightweight, many hams are turning to portable operation. What portable operation looks like for you can vary based on your needs, objectives, and budget.

nated mountain peaks. Many of these mountain peaks involve a fair bit of hiking, which adds an additional dynamic to the experience. One major goal for any kind of hiking or backpacking is to minimize the load; equipment that is small and lightweight is necessary for success. Most portable operators use wire antennas because they are affordable, lightweight, compact,

and easy to deploy. However, one limitation of

Motivation

wire antennas is the need for some sort of A few years ago, I got involved with portable operoverhead support, such as a tree, ating through SOTA (Summits on the Air), an tower, pole, or another tall object. awards program that encourages amateur Often, there will be few or no suitable radio operation from the tops of desigsupports, or supports might not be conveniently located.

Many portable operators look for solutions on either how to support their existing antenna, or an alternate antenna system that does not require supports. For many, the choice is usually some sort of portable mast system that is comprised of a telescoping pole made of fiberglass or another lightweight material. This works well, but it can be cumbersome because it adds weight to your pack. Also, depending on the mast, it can be frustrating to set up without assistance. As someone who overpacks, I wanted a mast system that would have a minimal impact on my existing setup. The goal of this project was to develop a strong, versatile mast that would utilize mostly components already found in many portable operators' backpacks.

Design Concept

I purchased a pair of aluminum trekking poles for hiking. These are very useful for maintaining balance over rough terrain. As I started to look at portable mast operations, these trekking poles seemed to fit the bill. They are lightweight, rigid, and can support a good amount of weight. Most importantly, I already carry a pair of them on portable expeditions. Each of



Figure 1 — A close-up of the center coupling arrangement shows the 3D-printed components at each end of the PVC section. Carabiners attach guy lines to the screw eyes.

my trekking poles extends to about 4.5 feet. Placing them vertically end-to-end results in a height of about 9 feet, which is a usable mast height. I then designed a custom coupler to join the trekking poles to each other.

Trials and a Solution

My first tries to design a coupling between two trekking pole tips were 3D printer-based designs. After three unsuccessful iterations, I designed a workable solution, shown in Figure 1.



Figure 2 — The mast system is shown supporting a twin-lead rollup VHF J pole at the 2019 SKYWARN™ Amateur Radio Recognition Day at the Greenville-Spartanburg, South Carolina, National Weather Service office.

The successful approach combines custom 3D-printed couplers with the strength of PVC pipe. I designed a custom adapter that has an inner diameter to match the trekking pole tip, and an outer diameter to match the inside diameter of half-inch PVC pipe. I cut a small section of half-inch PVC pipe and used epoxy to join one of my adapters on each end. In the center, I left room to attach four screw eyes to serve as guying points. This design finally allowed me to have a snug, secure fit, while still having good mechanical strength. I subjected this design to physical testing, and it passed all my tests without cracking or breaking.

Deployment and Use

Deployment of this mast is fairly straightforward. I attached small carabiners to the ends of four 6-foot lengths of elastic shock cord to use for guying (see Figure 1). The carabiners allow for quick and easy deployment and tear down, while the elastic shock cord helps to reduce tangling and provides a small amount of flexibility for strain relief in windy conditions. I used ultralight, unbendable tent stakes to attach the guy cords (see Figure 2). The four guy cords are installed at 90-degree angles from each other. They help to balance opposing forces and keep the mast upright.





One major goal for any kind of hiking or backpacking is to minimize the load; equipment that is small and lightweight is necessary for success.

This structure can support several types of antenna. I have tested it with a twin-lead rollup VHF **J** pole, and an end-fed HF antenna. This mast could also serve as a center support for an inverted-**V** antenna. I clipped or tied all of my antennas to the wrist strap on the top of the trekking pole. All the mast components except for the trekking poles fit in a small bag for easy carrying (see Figure 3).

I chose aluminum trekking poles, so there may be interaction between the antenna and the mast. However, I have not noticed any ill effects. You could choose trekking poles made with a non-conductive material, but this increases the overall cost.

Conclusion

Construction measurements may vary depending on your specific trekking poles, but the overall design concept remains the same. Because many operators already carry many of the materials listed here — trekking poles, rope/cord, and stakes — this mast can be constructed with minimal additional cost or weight. The mast is only 9 feet tall, but it serves my purpose.

All photos by the author.

Zach Thompson, KM4BLG, became interested in amateur radio at 10 years old, when he purchased his first shortwave receiver. Naturally, shortwave listening eventually extended to amateur radio. In 2014, while a senior in high school, he earned his Technician-class license. Zach soon upgraded to the Amateur Extra-class license. He became proficient in CW and has become very active in the AUXCOMM community. His favorite activities include portable operation, antenna construction, and experimenting with assorted digital modes. You can reach Zach at km4blg@gmail.com.

For updates to this article, see the QST Feedback page at www.arrl.org/feedback.



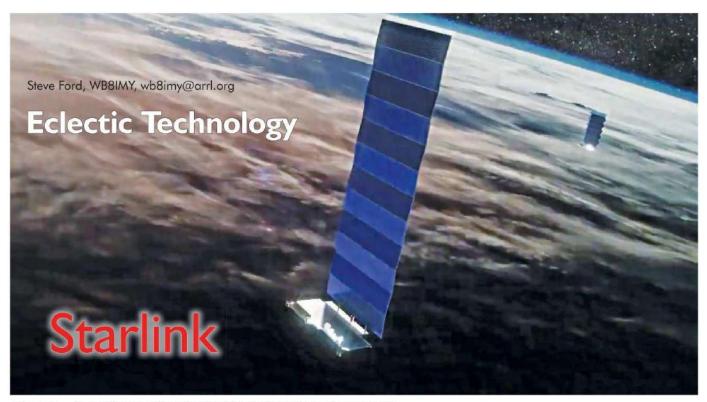


Figure 1 — An artist's conception of a Starlink satellite deploying its solar array.

If you follow space technology news, you'll notice that Starlink is a name that comes up frequently. It is the brainchild of Elon Musk's SpaceX and it promises to deliver high-speed internet access to underserved areas.

Satellite internet isn't new, as HughesNet® and Viasat™ have been doing it for years. However, both services are provided by satellites in geostationary orbits, approximately 22,000 miles above the equator. At that distance, there is a significant amount of latency between the user, the ground gateway, and the satellite — sometimes more than 600 ms. For some internet activities, that isn't a great concern, but for others it can be a deal breaker.

Starlink takes a different approach. Rather than relying on large satellites parked in geostationary orbits, the Starlink network is comprised of thousands of relatively small, 500-pound satellites traveling in low orbits at altitudes between 500 and 800 miles. At those altitudes, the total latency is only 25 to 35 ms, which is comparable with terrestrial internet.

Phased Arrays on the Ku and Ka Bands

As shown in Figure 1, Starlink satellites resemble flat platforms with single vertical solar panels. They use phased array antennas that are electronically "steerable" and operate on the Ku and Ka microwave bands. Depending on the configuration, uplinks and downlinks could occur at frequencies between 18 and 40 GHz.

Each satellite communicates with the ground stations, as well as with each other. Like a terrestrial mesh network, the satellites share data and crosslink dynamically, depending on which satellite has the best link to a customer's ground terminal at any moment.

According to SpaceX, the ground terminal consists of a phased-array antenna system in an enclosure the size of a pizza box. There is no need to aim the antenna; the customer simply places it at a location that has at least a partial view of the sky. The idea is that there will be so many Starlink satellites visible at any given time, the terminal will always be able to uplink and downlink. SpaceX is touting Starlink data rates with this system approaching 1 gigabit per second.

At the time this column was written, SpaceX had already placed hundreds of Starlink satellites in orbit and planned on having nearly 1,000 operational by the end of the year. The longrange goal is to deploy a Starlink fleet numbering close to 10,000. This prospect has generated opposition in the astronomy community, due to the potential for visual interference.

It is worth noting that SpaceX isn't the only player in the low-Earth-orbiting internet marketplace. There is also Telesat, OneWeb, and Project Kuiper, which is Amazon's system. OneWeb filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy in March during the coronavirus pandemic, so its future is uncertain.

Ham Applications

It will be interesting to see how this technology impacts amateur radio public service activities. You might, for example, see instances where a single Starlink terminal is deployed in a disaster area and then connected to a portable amateur radio mesh network to provide high-speed data and internet linking over wide areas.

Product Review

SDRplay RSPdx Software-Defined Receiver

Reviewed by Pascal Villeneuve, VA2PV va2pv@arrl.net

In recent years, software-defined radio (SDR) technology has become very popular. By transferring processing tasks to software, SDR technology reduces the hardware costs, while often increasing features and performance. It's also easier to upgrade. That's exactly the case with the SDRplay wideband receivers.

This British-based company has been around for a few years. Beginning with the RSP1, all of their product model names have started with RSP, short for Radio Spectrum Processor. In 2016, SDRplay launched the RSP2 and RSP2pro (with metal enclosure), and the RSPdx replaces these receivers. (We reviewed the RSP2pro in the October 2017 issue of *QST*.)

There are many applications for this SDR receiver. It can be used for all-mode listening up to 2 GHz, and it can be used to scan segments of the spectrum. It can be used as a panadapter with your HF transceiver if you have access to IF output signals. You can even use it as a spectrum analyzer with the appropriate software. The SDRplay website features a long list of ham radio, industrial, scientific, and educational application notes.

Overview

The SDRplay RSPdx is a wideband, full-featured, 14-bit SDR that covers the entire RF spectrum from 1 kHz to 2 GHz. Combined with SDRplay's *SDRuno* software, you can monitor up to 10 MHz of spectrum at a time.

The RSPdx shipping box includes only the receiver. You will have to provide a USB cable to connect it to your computer, as well as download the *SDRuno* software and documentation from the SDRplay website.

The RSPdx comes with a metal enclosure. The unit is heavy for its size, and it will stay still on your desk. There are three antenna inputs, an external reference clock input, and a USB connector for the computer connection. Unlike its predecessor, the RSP2, the RSPdx has no external clock output port. If you need



a reference clock output, you will have to move up to the top-end SDRplay device, the RSPduo.

The RSPdx front end has been redesigned for better performance at HF and lower frequencies. The preselector filters and notch filter have been improved, attenuator steps have been added, and there's a new HDR (high dynamic range) mode when used with the companion *SDRuno* software. Compared to the RSP2pro, the ARRL Lab measurements show significantly better sensitivity at 630 and 2200 meters, as well as an approximately 15 dB improvement in third-order IMD dynamic range at HF with the RSPdx AGC level adjusted for best dynamic range. The RSPdx also adds an LF/VLF filter for operation below 500 kHz. This should make this device interesting for mediumwave and long-wave DX hunters.

Antenna ports labeled ANT A and ANT B are SMA female connectors and can be used from 1 kHz to

Bottom Line

The RSPdx is the latest in SDRplay's line of popular wideband SDR receivers. It offers improved low-band performance and will provide many hours of learning and enjoyment.

Software: SDRuno, v.1.33	
Manufacturer's Specifications	Measured in the ARRL Lab
Frequency coverage: 1 kHz to 2 GHz.	0.1058 MHz to 2.0001 GHz.
Power requirement: USB power only.	As specified.
Modes of operation: SSB, CW, AM, AM Synchronous, FM, FMN, SWFM (stereo decode), WFM.	As specified.
Receiver	Receiver Dynamic Testing
Sensitivity (MDS): Not specified.	Noise floor (MDS), 500 Hz bandwidth. AGC level = 60.† 0.137 MHz, -120 dBm; 0.475 MHz, -116 dBm; 1.8 MHz, -127 dBm; 3.5 MHz, -128 dBm; 14 MHz, -133 dBm; 50 MHz, -136 dBm; 144 MHz, -142 dBm; 223 MHz, -144 dBm; 440 MHz, -144 dBm; 902 MHz, -144 dBm; 1296 MHz, -142 dBm.
Noise figure: 20 dB (2 MHz), 17 dB (12 MHz); 15 dB (40 MHz); 2.1 dB (200 MHz); 6.0 dB (340 MHz); 3.1 dB (660 MHz); 4.4 dB (1.5 GHz); 5.0 dB (1.8 GHz).	14 MHz, 14 dB; 144 MHz, 5 dB; 223, 440, and 902 MHz, 3 dB; 1296 MHz, 5 dB.
AM sensitivity: Not specified.	For 10 dB (S+N/N), 6 kHz BW: 1.020 MHz, 3.83 μV; 3.885 MHz, 4.57 μV; 29.0 MHz, 1.78 μV; 50.4 MHz, 1.84 μV; 120 MHz, 0.68 μV; 144 MHz, 0.70 μV.
FM sensitivity: Not specified.	For 12 dB SINAD, 12 kHz BW: 29 MHz, 0.53 μV; 52 MHz, 0.60 μV; 100 MHz (WBFM), 0.56 μV; 146 MHz, 0.21 μV;162 MHz, 0.20 μV; 223 MHz, 0.16 μV; 440 MHz, 0.16 μV; 902 MHz, 0.18 μV; 1296 MHz, 0.22 μV.
Two-tone, third-order IMD dynamic range: Not specified.	Preamp off: 79 dB at 20, 5, and 2 kHz spacing.†
Second-order intercept point: Not specified.	14 MHz, +37 dBm; 21, 50, 144, and 440 MHz, +35 dBm.
FM adjacent channel selectivity: Not specified.	29 MHz, 48 dB; 52 MHz, 49 dB; 144 MHz, 48 dB; 440 MHz, 49 dB.
FM two-tone, third-order dynamic range: Not specified.	20 kHz spacing: 29 MHz, 48 dB; 52 MHz, 49 dB, 144 MHz, 48 dB.* 440 MHz, 49 dB. 10 MHz spacing: 29 MHz, 83 dB, 52 MHz, 84 dB; 144 MHz, 72 dB; 440 MHz, 75 dB.
Squelch sensitivity: Not specified.	29 MHz, 0.63 μ V; 52 MHz, 0.56 μ V; 146 MHz, 0.25 μ V; 440 MHz, 0.18 μ V. SSB, 0.19 μ V
OSP noise reduction: Not specified.	15 dB.
Notch filter depth: Not specified.	Auto notch only, 70 dB.
IF/audio response: Not specified.	Range at –6 dB points:** CW (500 Hz BW): 450 – 950 Hz; USB (2.8 kHz BW): 94 – 2796 Hz; LSB (2.4 kHz BW): 94 – 2796 Hz; AM (6 kHz BW): 45 – 2915 Hz.
Signal processing delay time: Not specified.	430 ms.
ADC clip level: Not specified.	At maximum RF gain, 14 MHz, -34 dBm; 50 MHz, -35 dBm, 144 MHz, -56 dBm; 432 MHz, -59 dBm; 1 GHz, -44 dBm.
Size (height, width, depth): $1.0 \times 3.6 \times 4.6$ inches (including	g protrusions). Weight: 12 ounces.
AGC could not be disabled for blocking and reciprocal mixi †AGC level was adjusted to maximize dynamic range performation of the performance of the per	ance. ed.

2 GHz. The BNC socket for the third antenna port (ANT C) is for 200 MHz and below. All three antennas are software-selectable.

Software

This receiver needs a computer and software for operation. You can download the Windows-based *SDRuno* software (see Figure 1) from the SDRplay

website. The software is free, and it only works with the SDRplay products. The SDRplay website also offers plug-ins to use the RSPdx with third-party software. There are a number of drivers for using various RSP models with Windows, macOS, Android, Linux, and Raspberry Pi platforms.



Figure 1 — SDRplay SDRuno software.

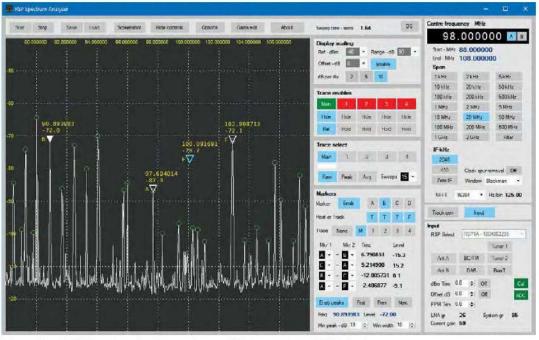


Figure 2 — RSP Spectrum Analyser software. [Photo courtesy of SDRplay]

One feature I find remarkably interesting is the Spectrum Analyzer software for the RSP products that you can download for free from their website as well (see Figure 2). If you add an external reference clock input, you will have a capable piece of workshop equipment for a very low price.

Operation on the Air

During operation, the look and feel of the RSPdx is very similar to the RSP1 and RSP2 receivers, as they all use the SDRuno software. Some features are only available if the hardware is compatible. For example, if you have the high-end RSPduo, you can operate two separate receivers on two different antenna ports. On the RSPdx, you will have better lowband filters and per-

formance below 2 MHz, but the software is the same as for the other units.

I spent some time listening to signals on the air with the RSPdx and comparing reception to my HF transceivers. Any signals I could hear on my HF transceivers, I could also hear on the RSPdx. I loved the fact that it can be used as a wideband scanner, for listening on the HF, VHF, or UHF ham bands, or for listening to the many frequencies used by other services.

Lab Notes: SDRplay RSPdx

Bob Allison, WB1GCM, ARRL Laboratory Assistant Manager

The SDRplay RSPdx has plenty of sensitivity, especially in the VHF and UHF region of the RF spectrum. Though sensitive, the receiver's behavior in the presence of strong signals needs a bit of explanation.

Strong nearby signals may cause a reduction in the speaker volume level while listening to a desired signal (this is called blocking). Overall, the RSPdx exhibits minimal undesirable effects when using a modest antenna system, but you may notice some blocking if signals are strong. For example, an S-7 signal, 20 kHz away, will cause speaker volume to drop by 1 dB. The blocking effect lessens as an offending signal moves away from the desired frequency. For example, an S-9 +20 dB signal 1 MHz away is at the threshold of blocking the desired signal. In the presence of strong adjacent signals, the solution is to adjust the volume appropriately.

The dynamic range measurements we regularly report are made with the receiver AGC turned off. Though the RSPdx can indicate AGC off, the blocking behavior does not change whether the AGC setting is off or on. Because of this effect, I could not measure either blocking gain compression dynamic range or reciprocal mixing dynamic range for the RSPdx. A more detailed explanation is available from www.arrl.org/qst-in-depth.

Receive processing delay time (the time between when a signal enters the antenna jack and when it is heard in the speaker) measured 430 milliseconds. If this receiver is paired up with a transmitter, the delay is long enough that you will need to use a separate sidetone for CW operation rather than trying to listen to your own sent CW transmissions.

I found the software operation complicated at first because there are many features, and some are labeled differently than on a typical ham transceiver. I had no difficulty with the most common features, such as mode selection, noise blanker, multiple notch filters, or noise reduction. There is a quick ham band selection that lets you switch easily between bands with the correct default modes.

The first thing you need to master within the *SDRuno* software is the use of preselectors from the **BANDS** menu in the **SDRUNO RX CONTROL** window. There are four band types: Ham Lower, Ham Upper, Broadcast, and the HDR bands for below 2 MHz (see Figure 3). Mastering this menu improves your experience from the start, and you can move on to more complex adjustments.

Where it gets complicated is when you want to fine tune, as there are endless adjustments you can make depending on the receiving conditions. I spent a few minutes talking to Mike Ladd, KD2KOG, who represents SDRplay and provides technical support in the US. He showed me some tricks that helped me to remove unwanted noise using several careful adjustments. For every situation, there is a tool to improve reception or to pull small signals out of the noise by improving the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR). You can find Mike's tips on his YouTube channel at www.youtube.com/c/SDRplayHamGuides/videos.

Conclusion

The RSPdx with *SDRuno* software offers a good performing, wideband, multimode receiver at an attractive price. I like the fact that this radio can be used for many applications. For someone newly interested in shortwave listening and ham radio, the SDRplay receivers offer a good starting point. The RSPdx allows someone to check out many aspects of the hobby without breaking the bank. If they do get licensed and move up to a transceiver, the RSPdx will still be useful for general listening/scanning, as a panadapter, or as a spectrum analyzer.



Figure 3 — Preselectors are available for various frequency ranges.

Larger versions of the illustrations in this review are available from www.arrl.org/qst-in-depth.

Manufacturer: SDRplay Limited, 21 Lenten St., Alton, Hampshire, GU34 1HG, United Kingdom; www.sdrplay.com. Distributed in the United States by Ham Radio Outlet; www.hamradio.com. Price: \$199.95, including the SDRuno software.

FUNKAMATEUR/SDR-Kits FA-VA5 Vector Antenna Analyzer

Reviewed by Phil Salas, AD5X ad5x@arrl.net

The FA-VA5 is a 600 MHz antenna analyzer designed by Michael Knitter, DG5MK, for *FUNKAMATEUR* magazine in Germany. SDR-Kits, a micro business that works closely with *FUNKAMATEUR*, is their approved reseller.

The FA-VA5 is available as either a kit that comes "99% assembled and tested," or as a "self-assembly" kit. The 99%-assembled kit requires soldering the on/ off switch, plugging in the LCD/backlight module into the preassembled main PC board, and then installing everything into the enclosure. Rather than a true kit of components, it is more of a sub-assembly kit. (See the sidebar, "Building the FA-VA5 Antenna Analyzer.")

The self-assembly kit includes a preassembled PC board with programmed microcontroller, graphic display including backlight, a USB module, and a specially designed enclosure. The builder solders 12 through-hole parts and does the final assembly. The instructions indicate that this should take less than 3 hours. Instructions for both versions are available online, so you can see what is involved.

Both kits include open/short/load (O/S/L) calibration elements that are usable up to about 100 MHz. A high-quality calibration kit covering up to 600 MHz, with load parameters individually measured, is also available. I recommend purchasing the high-quality calibration kit, as it is inexpensive, and you can take full advantage of the entire 600 MHz range of this instrument. Figure 4 shows the FA-VA5 and optional accessories.

Overview

The FA-VA5 is a single-port vector network analyzer (VNA) that provides signed, complex impedance measurements of RF loads from 10 kHz to 600 MHz with a frequency resolution of 1 Hz. The measurement port is a BNC female connector. A USB A-to-USB Mini A cable is not provided, so you will need to provide one for firmware updates and computer interfacing. A high-quality, full-color *Assembly and Operating Manual* is provided.

Standalone power is provided by two internal AA batteries (not included). A battery voltage reading on the



Figure 4 — The FA-VA5 with optional case, various optional adapters, and the optional high-quality four-piece calibration kit (at the lower left).

Building the VA-FA5 Antenna Analyzer

Before Phil Salas, AD5X, could review the VA-FA5, I needed to build one!

The kit ships from Germany and mine arrived within 10 days after placing the order. I built the version that came 99% assembled and tested, and it isn't a kit in the traditional sense, where you are placing and soldering myriad components. Instead, the VA-FA5 is a modular kit, with most sections already complete. Your task is to install the switches, the multipin header connectors, and a couple of pre-populated circuit boards.

The kit comes with an aluminum enclosure that offers a sizeable cutout for the display. This is the only aspect of the assembly that is a bit tricky. For the display to fit properly within the cutout, you must *carefully* install the multipin header connectors, making sure they are perfectly vertical. The display module plugs into the headers, so if the headers are crooked, the display won't align with the cutout.

The total build time was 30 minutes, ending with the satisfaction of connecting the batteries and seeing the amber screen come to life. — Steve Ford, WB8IMY

Bottom Line

The FA-VA5 is an easy-to-use and inexpensive 600 MHz antenna analyzer that will satisfy the needs of most amateurs. The kit goes together quickly.

Table 2 FA-VA5 Manufacturer's Specifications

Measurement frequency range: 0.01 to 600 MHz.

Reference impedance: 25, 50, and 75 Ω (50 Ω default).

Frequency resolution: 1 Hz.

Frequency stability: 0.5 parts per million (ppm).

SWR measurement range: ≤100.

Impedance range: $\leq 1,000 \Omega$.

Return Loss Dynamic Range

Precise Mode: 80 dB, 0.01 – 200 MHz; 50 dB 200 – 600 MHz. Standard Mode: 75 dB, 0.01 – 200 MHz; 45 dB, 200 – 500 MHz. Fast Mode: 70 dB, 0.01 – 200 MHz; 40 dB, 200 – 600 MHz.

Accuracy: $\leq 2\%$, 0.01 − 200 MHz; and Z, <1,000 Ω .

RF output level (square wave, into 50 Ω): Fundamental/3rd harmonic/5th harmonic At 1 MHz: +5.6 dBm / –4 dBm / –8.3 dBm At 200 MHz: +4.5 dBm / –7.2 dBm / –15.3 dBm

Current consumption (lighting off, single frequency, 50 Ω measurement): 38 mA mean, 65 mA peak at 1 MHz; 47 mA mean, 85 mA peak at 200 MHz. Clock: 0.9 μ A.

Dimensions: $5 \times 3.4 \times 0.9$ inches. Weight: 10 ounces with battery.

startup display shows the battery status (see Figure 5). When a computer is connected, power is provided though the USB connection.

The FA-VA5 also includes a real-time clock with backup capacitor and an audible buzzer to aid in making SWR adjustments. You can select single-frequency or multi-frequency modes. All information is displayed on a 1.4 \times 2.5 inch backlit orange monochrome screen. Table 2 summarizes the analyzer's specified performance.

Testing

The first thing I did with the finished FA-VA5 was to run through the full O/S/L calibration. This took about 25 minutes, which was a good time for me to scan the manual to get a feel for operating the unit. Next, I checked the FA-VA5 master TCXO (temperaturecontrolled crystal oscillator) against my frequency counter and found it to be within 10 Hz. If you have a highly accurate frequency counter, you can adjust the TCXO to within 1 Hz under the CORRECTION FREQUENCY menu item. The fundamental frequency output level is approximately +5 dBm over the full frequency range. There is a FREQUENCY GENERATOR mode that is useful for a variety of testing purposes, but keep in mind that the output waveform is a square wave rich in harmonics. With a 200 MHz signal from the FA-VA5, the third harmonic at 600 MHz is about 13 dB below the fundamental, and the fifth harmonic at 1 GHz is about 19 dB down. (A spectral plot of the output and larger versions of the screen captures shown later in this review are available online from www.arrl.org/gst-in-depth.)

Table 3 FA-VA5 Measured Open Circuit Impedance

Frequency (MHz)	Output (Z)	Frequency (MHz)	Output (Z) (Ω)
1.8	>10,000	50	>1,900
3.5	>10,000	146	>680
7	>10,000	222	>450
14	>6,600	440	>280
28	>3,300		



Figure 5 — FA-VA5 startup screen, along with an interior view of the completed kit.

Next, I recorded the open-circuit output impedance as measured by the FA-VA5. This gives an indication of the impedance magnitude you can accurately measure as a function of frequency. The results are tabulated in Table 3.

For the all-important SWR testing, I first checked the FA-VA5 against a precision 50 Ω load and found it to display a worst case 1.03:1 SWR at 440 MHz. Next, I tested it against shorted and open microwave attenuators of 5 dB (1.92:1 SWR), 3 dB (3.01:1 SWR), 2 dB (4.42:1 SWR), and 1 dB (8.7:1 SWR). This test shows both low-impedance (shorted) and high-impedance (open) measurements for the same SWR. Because the attenuators are not perfect (especially due to open-circuit stray capacitance at higher frequencies), I also measured them on my Array Solutions VNAuhf

Table 4 FA-VA5 Resistive Load Measurements							
FA-VA5 compared to Array Solutions VNAuhf							
Load (SWR)	1.9:1	3:1	4.4:1	8.7:1			
Frequency	Measo	urement wit	h FA-VA5/V	NAuhf			
(MHz)	VA5/uhf	VA5/uhf	VA5/uhf	VA5/uhf			
1.8 (Short)	1.8/1.8	2.6/2.6	4.6/4.5	10.7/11.0			
1.8 (Open)	2.2/2.2	3.4/3.4	5.2/5.3	8.0/7.9			
3.5 (Short)	1.8/1.8	2.6/2.6	4.6/4.5	10.7/11.0			
3.5 (Open)	2.2/2.2	3.4/3.4	5.3/5.3	8.0/7.9			
7 (Short)	1.8/1.8	2.6/2.6	5.6/4.5	10.6/10.9			
7 (Open)	2.2/2.2	3.4/3.4	5.3/5.3	8.0/7.9			
14 (Short)	1.8/1.8	2.6/2.6	4.5/4.5	10.5/10.9			
14 (Open)	2.2/2.2	3.4/3.4	5.3/5.3	8.0/7.9			
28 (Short)	1.8/1.8	2.6/2.6	4.5/4.4	10.3/10.7			
28 (Open)	2.2/2.2	3.4/3.4	5.3/5.2	8.0/7.9			
50 (Short)	1.8/1.9	2.6/2.6	4.6/4.4	10.4/10.6			
50 (Open)	2.1/2.2	3.4/3.4	5.3/5.2	8.1/7.9			
146 (Short)	1.8/1.9	2.6/2.7	4.4/4.6	9.1/10.5			
146 (Open)	2.1/2.0	3.4/3.3	5.4/5.1	8.7/8.2			
222 (Short)	1.9/2.0	2.6/2.7	4.2/4.8	8.0/10.1			
222 (Open)	2.1/1.9	3.4/3.3	5.3/4.8	9.3/8.3			

vector network analyzer for comparison. As shown in Table 4, the FA-VA5 SWR readings compare quite favorably to the VNAuhf readings, though measurements diverged a bit with the low-impedance 8.7 SWR load at 440 MHz.

2.4/2.9

3.6/3.0

4.4/5.2

4.2/4.5

5.0/9.5

11.1/8.1

440 (Short)

440 (Open)

1.6/2.0

2.2/1.9

For my final accuracy tests, I used series R-C (resistive-capacitive) complex loads with an SWR of approximately 2:1 at 50 MHz, 146 MHz, and 222 MHz. Table 5 shows the FA-VA5 versus the VNAuhf measurements. As you can see, the FA-VA5 provides almost identical SWR measurements, and the series R-C measurements are close as well.



Figure 6 — FA-VA5 Operating Mode menu.

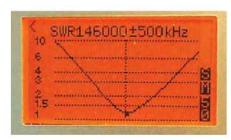


Figure 7 — SWR plot of 2-meter band-pass filter.

Using the FA-VA5

Prior to using the FA-VA5, check online for firmware updates (www.dg5mk.de/pages/downloads.php). YouTube videos at www.sdr-kits.net/VA5_Page show how to download and install the firmware.

The FA-VA5 has just an on/off switch and three push-buttons. However, operation is quite intuitive as DG5MK was clever in the use of the buttons. When turned on, the FA-VA5 briefly displays the software version and the battery voltage, and then reverts to the last measurement menu used. A long press of the left button takes you to the **OPERATING MODE** menu, shown in Figure 6, where you can select measurement modes, the frequency generator, LCR (inductance, capacitance, resistance) measurements, and setup parameters.

SINGLE FREQUENCY mode measurements include SWR, impedance, return loss, and the SWR buzzer if

Table 5			
FA-VA5	Complex L	oad Mea	surements

FA-VA5 compared to Array Solutions VNAuhf measurements of SWR and series resistance/capacitance

Frequency			FA-VA5			VNAuhf		
MHz)	SWR	[Z]	Z	Cs	SWR	[Z]	Z	Cs
50	1.98	56.9 Ω	46.2 – <i>j</i> 33.3 Ω	96 pF	1.95	57.95 Ω	47.5 –/33 Ω	96 pF
146	1.85	51.2 Ω	42.9 –j28 Ω	39 pF	1.81	53.3 Ω	45.2 – j28.3 Ω	39 pF
222	1.81	47.3 Ω	40.1 – j25.1 Ω	29 pF	1.74	49.2 Ω	$42.5 - 124.7 \Omega$	29 pF

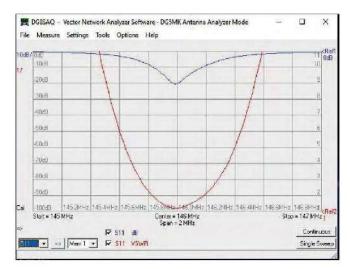


Figure 8 —SWR and return loss sweep of the 2-meter band-pass filter from Figure 7 viewed in the DG8SAQ VNWA software.

desired. With the SWR buzzer, the beeping rate increases as the SWR decreases, making it easy to adjust an antenna while just listening to the beeps. The measuring frequency is easily changed with the left button (which selects the frequency digit to change) and the middle and right buttons (which increment or decrement the selected digit).

The MULTI FREQUENCY mode displays a five-band bar graph (frequencies are programmable), or sweeps of SWR or impedance, or a Smith chart display. The sweep modes can be set as either a single sweep or a continuous sweep. The left button selects the center frequency, swept bandwidth, and marker settings. The middle and right buttons permit adjusting the settings. Figure 7 shows an SWR scan of a 2-meter band-pass filter.

Additionally, up to 10 screen views can be saved for future display, and 16 data sets can be saved for exporting to a PC for documentation purposes.

Computer Interface

The FA-VA5 can be used with DG8SAQ *VNWA* PC software. On the SDR-Kits website, there are Windows and Linux installation packages, documentation in several languages, and tutorials.



Figure 9 — SWR and return loss sweep of author's 160-meter antenna viewed in the DG8SAQ VNWA software.

VNWA is a powerful and easy-to-use software package that permits display and control of the FA-VA5 over its full 600 MHz frequency range. The software is free, and no license code is required if the DG5MK Antenna Analyzer option is selected during software setup. Figure 8 shows a VNWA SWR and return loss scan of the 2-meter band-pass filter shown in Figure 7. Figure 9 is a scan of SWR and return loss with my 160-meter antenna.

Conclusion

The FA-VA5 kit is yet another option for those who want an antenna analyzer. For \$200, you get an accurate instrument that covers up to 600 MHz. You can investigate the FA-VA5 further by viewing the documentation and tutorials from the SDR-Kits website. Additional information and help is available on the FA-VA5 user group at groups.io/g/fa-va5-users/topics.

Manufacturer: FUNKAMATEUR, www.box73.de. Available from SDR-Kits, www.sdr-kits.net/VA5_Page. Approximate prices: 99% Assembled and Tested FA-VA5 Kit, \$190; Self-Assembly Kit, \$170; 600 MHz three-piece (BNC male) calibration kit, \$15; 600 MHz four-piece (BNC male/female) calibration kit, \$20; BNC male-to-type N female adapter, \$5; padded case for FA-VA, loads, and adapters, \$13. Exact prices depend on the current dollar/Euro exchange rate.

Cushcraft AR-2 "Ringo" 2-Meter Antenna

Reviewed by Joel R. Hallas, W1ZR w1zr@arrl.org

The Cushcraft AR-2 "Ringo" is a home-station ½-wave, end-fed vertical antenna designed for the 2-meter amateur band. It can also be tuned to the commercial or marine frequencies within the 135 to 180 MHz range, using dimensions provided. Other versions include the AR-6 (6 meters), AR-10 (10 meters), and AR-450 (70 centimeters), as well as the larger Ringo Ranger II series (for example, the ARX-2), and even a dual-band version, the AR-270.

The antenna reviewed here, the original AR-2 Ringo designed by Cushcraft founder Les Cushman, W1BX, was first advertised in *QST* back in the 1970s. The antenna is enduringly popular among 2-meter FM operators, and we thought it would be worth a look at the current version.

Assembling the AR-2

The AR-2 is a straightforward design, with fairly easy final assembly required. Much of the antenna is preassembled, as shown in Figure 10. If fully preassembled, the matching ring would require a larger box, but if left to the user to assemble, it is a fairly straightforward task. In addition, the two sections of the element must be connected using the supplied strap-type tubing clamp. It took less than an hour to put it all together. The two-sheet instructions are well illustrated and, while not quite step-by-step, are easy to follow.

The only assembly discontinuities were that one %-inch-long and two %-inch-long 8-32 machine screws were specified, but I received three screws that were %-inch length. I just used them anyway, without any problems. I also received far more #8 lockwashers than specified, but managed to use them all up on connections that didn't specify them. Better too many than too few in most cases.

Bottom Line

The venerable Cushcraft AR-2 Ringo provides a low-impact 2-meter base-station antenna that performs as expected, extending range well beyond what an indoor antenna can do.

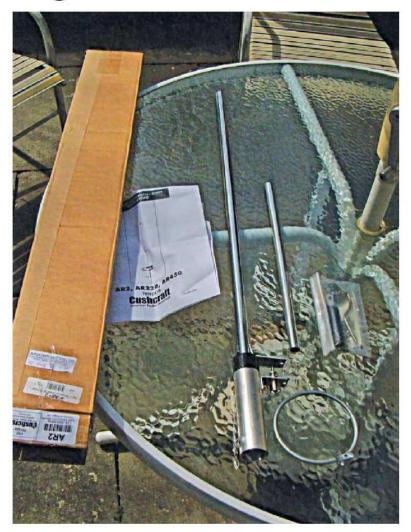


Figure 10 — The AR-2 comes partly assembled with some final assembly required — mainly assembling the pieces of the base matching ring.

Tuning the AR-2

There are just two adjustments that must be made to set the AR-2 to operate on the desired frequencies. The instructions specify the monopole length versus frequency in 5 MHz increments. I set the length to the 38.5 inches specified for 145 MHz and found it worked fine across the 2-meter FM portion of the band. Once set, it will cover the whole 2-meter FM band with a low SWR — 1.4:1 at 145 MHz, rising to 2:1 at 147.5 MHz.

The connection from the feed to the matching ring should be set for minimum SWR across the band, and I found that it's not an especially critical adjustment. For my adjustments, I elevated the antenna using the mast I purchased for the installation, to get the antenna near-field above my test position (see Figure 11).

While there is a lot of ring tubing, the connecting rod can only reach a limited region of the ring without distorting its shape. Not surprisingly, the best match occurred with the connecting rod in the location to which it fit best. I placed marking-pen indications every ½ inch or so on the ring within the connection region, so I could keep track of the locations I had tried. While adjustment with an antenna analyzer or SWR meter is strongly suggested, I expect that if test equipment were not available, the AR-2 would work reasonably well if the rod were just connected to the ring opposite the feed location.

Installation

The AR-2 is light, and at 38.5 inches tall it doesn't provide much wind load, so any of the typical light-duty TV antenna mounts should be suitable. I used a two-strap chimney mount that was left over from a previous antenna test, and that was begging to be put to use.

Because Nancy, W1NCY, forbade me to climb on the roof, I enlisted my son-in-law Michael Phillis, who runs his own audio system installation and operation company (Performance Audio in Westport,

Connecticut), but is familiar with antenna installations as

well. The installation was quite straightforward and was completed in just a few minutes (see Figure 12).

On the Air

Wiring the antenna to the station (Nancy's kitchen 2-meter transceiver) was straightforward and went together without a hitch. A coaxial cable that was prepositioned between the joists and extended through a wall plate was put to its intended use, and I connected it to the basement coax run from the antenna.



- ◀ Figure 11 The completed antenna AR-2 temporarily positioned for adjustment on top of a 1.25-inch aluminum TV mast section.
- ▼ Figure 12 The author's son-in-law, Michael Phillis, finalizes the installation of the AR-2 on top of a 6-foot mast attached to a TV antenna-designed chimney mount. [Katie Phillis, photo]



Not surprisingly, the antenna offers much more consistent results than the horizontal Yagi we previously used. In addition to very solid signals to and from all desired regional repeaters, I am now also bringing up repeaters on the same frequency pair in southern New Jersey, perhaps 60 miles away. Setting up the tone-squelch for the desired local repeaters solved that problem.

Manufacturer: Cushcraft Amateur Radio Antennas, 300 Industrial Park Rd., Starkville, MS 39759. www.cushcraftamateur.com. Price \$80.

EAntenna DUOSAT Dual-Band Satellite

Antenna

Reviewed by Steve Ford, WB8IMY wb8imy@arrl.net

Amateurs who enjoy operating satellites from portable stations tend to pick dualband (145 and 435 MHz) directional antennas that offer sufficient gain while being light enough for handheld use. There are two models from other manufacturers that have been popular for a number of years, but EAntenna has introduced another contender: the DUOSAT.

DUOSAT's design takes a slightly different approach compared to its competitors. It combines two loop-fed array (or LFA) Yagis on a single boom rather than the common arrangement of using dual Yagis with dipoles as their driven elements. In the DUOSAT, the driven elements for 2 meters and 70 centimeters are both full-wave rectangular loops in-line between the parasitic elements. The DUOSAT offers a total of three elements on 2 meters and five elements on 70 centimeters. Each driven element is attached to a separate short feed line, which is terminated in a PL-259 connector.

If you are using the DUOSAT with a transceiver that has separate 2-meter and 70-centimeter antenna ports, all you have to do is run two feed lines to the antenna and connect through two female/ female couplers. For this review, I was using a dual-band FM mobile transceiver with only one antenna port, so I connected the two DUOSAT feed lines to an MFJ-916B diplexer and ran a single cable back to the radio.

Assembling the DUOSAT

The DUOSAT arrives in a long, narrow box containing the aluminum elements and stainless-steel hardware. The parts bag includes a small Allen wrench.

The assembly instructions for the DUOSAT are in both English and Spanish, but the English translation is somewhat fractured and requires careful interpretation. There are no step-by-step assembly instructions.



Instead, you must use the antenna diagrams as guides to install the elements in their correct positions. For example, it is obvious from the diagram that the longest 2-meter element, the reflector, must be installed at the rear of the boom.

The boom is pre-drilled with holes to accommodate the elements and to allow insertion of the bolts and nuts used to hold them in place. The Allen wrench does a decent job for this task; although, I found that I

Bottom Line

The EAntenna DUOSAT is a rugged, well-designed antenna. If you don't mind the lengthy assembly time, the DUOSAT is excellent for portable operating, whether it's satellite or terrestrial.

still had to tighten all the nuts with a wrench to keep the elements from wobbling slightly.

The driven element loops include end sections that slide in and out, not unlike trombones (see Figure 13). A total of eight hose clamps apply the necessary pressure to keep them firmly in place.

I needed about an hour to assemble the DUOSAT. Much of this time was spent making sure I had the elements in their proper places, installing the nuts and bolts, and so on. The DUOSAT is portable in the sense that it is lightweight (only 22 ounces) and just 46 inches wide at its widest point, but this is not an antenna that you can throw together in a few minutes. If you plan to keep the DUOSAT disassembled until you intend to use it, include about an hour's worth of assembly time before it's ready. Repeated assembly will no doubt reduce the time as you become more familiar with the antenna.

Adjusted and On the Air

When assembling the DUOSAT, you'll notice that each "trombone" section is marked with black horizonal lines. These lines indicate the default positions when you slide the sections into the driven elements and tighten the hose clamps. By loosening the clamps and moving the sections, you can adjust for the lowest SWR on each band.

I settled for the default positions and swept the DUOSAT with an antenna analyzer. I was pleasantly surprised to see a 1.5:1 SWR at 145.800 MHz and a 1.3:1 SWR at 435 MHz — perfect for satellite operating. The 2:1 SWR bandwidth on 2 meters ranged from 144.070 to 146.600 MHz; on 70 centimeters it was 430.200 to 440.000 MHz. The default settings were perfect for my purposes, so no slider adjustments were necessary.

With a 25-foot low-loss feed line attached to the diplexer, I tried the DUOSAT with my dual-band mobile transceiver during an AMSAT-OSCAR 91 pass. It was a relatively low-elevation pass with a peak at 30 degrees above my local horizon, so I thought it might offer a worthy challenge.

With the DUOSAT in hand, I started hearing strong signals from the satellite when it was barely above the trees. Within minutes OSCAR 91 was approaching 30 degrees, and the FM signals were full quieting. I quickly worked several stations and received excellent reports before the satellite disappeared over the horizon.



Figure 13 — In this close-up view, you can see the separate feed lines attached to the driven loop elements. You can also see the sliding end sections and hose clamps.

Although the DUOSAT is intended for satellite use, it can function just as well for terrestrial operating. I made some slight adjustments to raise the low-SWR points higher in the bands and then took the antenna to a nearby hill. The performance was impressive. I made simplex contacts out to about 40 miles on both bands.

Manufacturer. EAntenna; www.eantenna.es. Distributed in the United States by DX Engineering; www.dxengineering.com. \$169.99.



The Doctor is In

There's Always Some Way

to Have an Antenna

Foster, K5FEK, asks: I'm in a neighborhood where I can't have any visible antennas. I have a fair-sized attic, so I can run any number of wires around inside, but I have some concerns.

- I have a very heavy clayshingled roof — it withstood 150 MPH winds from Hurricane Irma and barely groaned. Can I get a decent HF signal out from underneath it?
- All kinds of wiring and foil HVAC ducting run parallel to any antenna or feed line configuration I can have. They would all be as close as 6 inches and no farther than 3 feet to anything I put there. What are my hazards concerning RFI, both inbound and outbound?
- I have many walls that use metal two-by-fours as framing members. Are they usable as a ground or a counterpoise? I have no idea how they are connected together.

That sounds like a real challenge! I don't know anything about the RF properties of clay, but I would guess it wouldn't be too much of a problem compared to all the other issues you raise. While anything is worth a try, having antennas 6 inches from other wires is asking for all kinds of trouble with RFI in both directions, not to mention soaking up a lot of your signal. I am guessing that most of your wiring and ducts are near the attic floor. If so, is the area near the peak of the roof clear? If it is, an antenna could be put there, perhaps with wire ends bent down along the roofline at the

ends. Otherwise, I'd look into outdoor possibilities.

One possibility is using antennas that can't be seen, perhaps made from very thin wire or an inverted V antenna, hidden under the roof overhangs at the ends of the house. Flagpoles are a popular solution and are generally protected by federal and state laws. These can be made into clever vertical multiband monopoles — check the QST archives for examples. Another possibility is an antenna that looks like something else. I reviewed an interesting portable vertical dipole that I think could also be used as a hanger for plants and perhaps bird feeders as a partial disguise. See the "Short Takes" column in the November 2008 issue of QST for that review. That antenna, the Trans-

World Adventurer (see Figure 1) is now sold by DX Engineering, which offers several models (www.dxengineering.com).

Bill, K2MYQ asks: Do centerfed dipoles for any given frequency have a performance advantage over end-fed or offcenter-fed dipoles cut for the same frequencies?

An ideal electrical ½-wave-long antenna will have the same volt-



Figure 1 — W1ZR adjusting the Transworld Adventurer antenna. This is a possible solution for antenna-restricted areas, because it can be easily moved, disguised, or broken down when not in use. [Nancy Hallas, W1NCY, photo]

age and current distribution, independent of the method of feeding it. That assumes that the current is applied only to the antenna, as would be the case if center fed by a properly balanced transmission line.

In real life, however, it's more complicated. It's difficult to actually get such a nice current distribution even with a center-fed arrangement, and much more difficult (but not impossible) with other feed mechanisms. Often.

some of the antenna current ends up on the outside of the coax shield, or as common-mode current on a balanced line. In that case, the transmission line becomes part of the antenna and contributes to the antenna pattern, often as a vertically polarized fraction of the antenna radiation. Note that if in the clear, this may result in radiation in helpful directions, so it's not all bad news. But it could be detrimental if it continues into the house.

Mark, KG1Q, asks: What do you feel is the best way to have resonance on both 75 and 80 meters with a single antenna? For example, resonance near 3.5 MHz and 3.9 MHz with a single dipole.

Unfortunately, 80 and 75 meters are too close together in frequency for some common bandsharing arrangements to work. For example, a pair of parallel-connected dipoles, one cut for each subband and spaced at a reasonable distance, work about the same as a parallel connection with each dipole the same length.

Using two parallel dipoles cut for midband is a possibility, although the spacing needs to be pretty wide. With a spacing of 10 feet at the ends, the SWR will be within about 3:1 from 3.5 to 4 MHz, with the wires cut about 4 feet shorter than required for resonance of a single dipole. Parallel-connected but perpendicularly oriented dipoles, one cut for 80 and the other for 75, can provide 3.5 to 4 MHz coverage with less than a 2:1 SWR.

There have been some clever wideband designs published in *QST* over the years that can do a nice job across all of 80/75 meters. See WA4DRU's broadband 80-meter cage antenna (as used at W1AW) in the December 1980 issue of *QST*. Frank Witt's, Al1H, use of multiple transmission lines as transformers is described in the September 1993 issue. Rudy Severns', N6LF, three-wire window-line-fed dipole is explained in *QST*'s July 1995 issue. Any of these provide a good wideband dipole solution.

Barry, WA2WAO, asks: I plan to put an HF vertical in my back yard, to be driven by a maximum of 100 W. I'm getting mixed answers on the question of whether or not I need a balun in my feed line. Some say I would if I were running 500 W or more. What is your recommendation?

Although higher power issue, although higher power does tend to magnify any problems. A balun is needed to properly transition between a balanced load, such as a center-fed dipole, and an unbalanced system, such as coaxial transmission line. Without a balun, some of the antenna current ends up as common-mode current on the transmission line, reducing the radiation to the desired destination. In your case, both the antenna system and the transmission line are unbalanced, so no balun is required.

What may be required here instead is a common-mode choke. It is often the case that the antenna will couple RF onto the shield of the coax as it winds its way through the radial field. The problem then is that the RF continues down the shield and enters the house, where it can cause RFI problems with your equipment, as well as other household systems. It also works the other way - RFI from your washing machine, or other household devices, can get picked up on the shield and work its way back to the antenna and into your transceiver.

This usually doesn't happen if the coax is buried well below the surface (only use direct-burial rated coax for this). If the coax is exposed, it will ter-

minate RF fields from the antenna, just as the radials do. The best solution in that case is to insert a common-mode choke on the coax at, or just beyond, the radial field. In this way, the coax shield between the antenna and choke will act like an additional radial.

The common-mode choke doesn't need to be as complicated or expensive as a balun. It can simply be the same coax coiled around a piece of PVC tubing (diameter and turn count depend on band) or a dozen ferrite beads (mix dependent on frequency) on the coax.

Marcus, KI6WDX, asks: There is plenty of literature about placing an isolator or a commonmode choke in line with the coax feed for HF antennas, but I have never seen any articles or references for such an arrangement for use with either VHF or UHF antennas. Why is that?

Common-mode chokes are most needed for the case in which one part of a balanced antenna, typically one half of a center-fed dipole, is connected directly to the shield of the coax. While this is common in HF, most well-designed VHF/UHF antennas are designed to present an unbalanced load to the coax, thereby avoiding the issue.

You can, however, still have problems with directly coupling from the antenna to the shield, but that is generally easier to avoid with VHF/UHF antennas due to their size.

Do you have a question? Ask the Doctor! Send your questions to "The Doctor," ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111, or email your question to: doctor@arrl.org.

Listen to the archives of the ARRL The Doctor is In podcast on iTunes, Blubrry, Stitcher, or on the ARRL website at www.arrl.org/doctor.

Hints & Hacks

Guarding Against Polarity Reversal; Strengthening a Coaxial Switch, and Sharing a CI-V Control Line

Polarity Protection

If you plug in and unplug equipment often enough from a power supply (like when transferring base station equipment to the car, Field Day, or a vacation setup), eventually some piece of equipment will get plugged in with the wrong (aka reverse) polarity.

In some cases, the manufacturer has added a bit of protection right inside the equipment with a diode in series with the power line (see Figure 1) or across the supply lines (as shown in Figure 2) to keep it from going up in smoke. The circuit in Figure 1 will make the radio appear "dead" with no further explanation, while the circuit in Figure 2 will cause the radio's fuse to blow. Neither of these techniques are done universally, and if a schematic from the radio is not available, you're pretty much relying on luck that protective circuitry was built into your equipment.

While the standard approaches are the easiest and least expensive ways to add protection, they fall a bit short. If a device doesn't power up due to power cables being plugged into the supply with reverse polarity and we don't realize what happened, we lose valuable time looking for the problem.

If we build our own protection circuit, we can go a step further. By using a bridge rectifier wired as shown in Figure 3, a polarity reversal at the power supply still results in the correct voltage polarity applied to the radio. The trick here is that this bridge rectifier should be installed directly

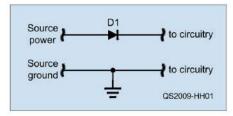


Figure 1 — Some reverse-polarity protection circuits use a diode in series with the power line.

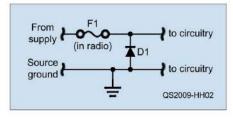


Figure 2 — Another protection approach uses a diode across the supply lines, along with a fuse.

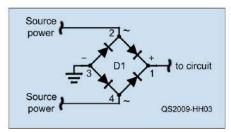


Figure 3 — By using a bridge rectifier, a polarity reversal at the power supply still results in the correct voltage polarity applied to the radio.

and permanently into a radio or circuit, so if wires get mixed up it won't be between the protection circuit and downstream circuitry.

You also need to consider the current draw of what you're powering. For

example, what's the maximum current that will pass through the protection diodes? In the case of a 100 W transceiver, we could be looking at as much as 25 A in full-output, keydown mode. Even with low-power circuits, there is still the in-rush current to consider and this current can be higher than the operating current. So whatever approach you use, make sure the diodes are selected accordingly, and even attached to heatsinks if necessary.

— 73, Klaus Spies, WB9YBM, wb9ybm1@yahoo.com

MFJ-1702 Coaxial Switch Modification

I recently discovered a problem with my MFJ Enterprises MFJ-1702 coaxial switch. The connection to the incoming coax connection was intermittent, resulting in poor receive and likely poor transmitting as well. After opening it up. I discovered that the port 1 and 2 contacts were bent and not making a decent connection with the common port. The common port's contact had become twisted and the switched contacts were barely connecting. The small set screw holding the common port in place had also gotten loose, allowing the connector to twist.

To fix these issues, I started by removing the common port. This involved loosening the set screw and removing the connector. With the common connector out of the way, I gained access to the port 1 and 2 contacts (see Figure 4).



Figure 4 — The MFJ-1702 coaxial switch has a common port switched between two separate ports. [Clint Millett, VE3CMQ, photo]



Figure 6 — An ordinary headphone audio splitter can be used to share a single CI-V control port on an Icom transceiver with two software applications. [Max Hochschild, AC1MX, photo]

should work with any splitter, whether mono or stereo, and any rig that uses a 1/8-inch plug for CI-V.

— 73, Max Hochschild, AC1MX, ac1mx@outlook.com

"Hints and Hacks" items have not been tested by QST or ARRL unless otherwise stated. Although we can't guarantee that a given hint will work for your situation, we make every effort to screen out harmful information. Send technical questions directly to the hint's author.

QST invites you to share your hints with fellow hams. Send them to "Attn: Hints and Hacks" at ARRL Headquarters, 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111, or via email to hh@arrl.org. Please include your name, call sign, complete mailing address, daytime telephone number, and email address on all correspondence. Whether you are praising or criticizing an item, please send the author(s) a copy of your comments.



Figure 5 — A rubber O-ring washer across the connections increases the holding tension. [Clint Millett, VE3CMQ, photo]

I placed a rubber O-ring washer with a %-inch inside diameter (a %-inch ring should work as well) across these connections and then reinstalled the common port, making sure that the contact was square with the common port pin. I also checked that the set screw was firmly in place so this connector couldn't move.

I checked the operation of the switch and found it to be much better than before. The contacts made a firm and complete connection because the O-ring created additional pressure for the contacts without overstressing the contact leaves (see Figure 5).

This modification only took a few minutes, cost almost nothing, and

would likely work on similar switches. Note, however, that performing this modification may violate the manufacturer's warranty, so don't attempt the modification unless you're sure the warranty has expired. — 73, Clint Millett, VE3CMQ, ve3cmq@secrs.com

An Inexpensive CI-V Splitter

As a fan of computer control for rigs, I need at least two CI-V control ports for the logging software I use with my lcom IC-706 transceiver. I reasoned that if the only two connections to the rig I need are serial and ground, then an audio cable splitter should suffice. Splitters also function as signal combiners. The two former input ports are isolated from each other, so neither logging program will be affected by commands the other sends.

I bought an audio splitter (see Figure 6) from a local store (a headphone splitter would work) and plugged my two CI-V control interfaces into the splitter's two output ports. I then connected the splitter to the rig's CI-V plug and powered on the station PC. Both programs immediately began to track the radio's frequency, mode, and band as if there were only one cable connected. I could find no changes in performance from the original setup. This

Strays

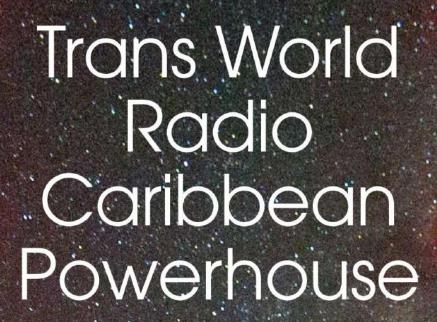
QST Congratulates...

Oliver Lee, WØLCI, of Delta, Colorado, for celebrating his 100th birthday on June 21 and receiving the ARRL Centurion Award.

Oliver was first licensed in 1935, when he joined the Colorado National Guard during high school, serving as their radio operator. He enlisted in the Navy after the Pearl Harbor bombing and served for 26 years in the field of communications at home and abroad, as an electronics officer on carriers and as Chief Radio Technician at naval facilities in Japan, Guam, and the Philippines. He is a member of the Montrose Amateur Radio Club and is still active on the air.



Montrose Amateur Radio Club President Kathy Joslin, KK6RNV, presented Oliver Lee, WØLCI, with the ARRL Centurion Award. [Stan Joslin, WØLQ, photo]



A look inside the Benaire station of this worldwide radio network

Andy Corbin, W4KDN

Recently, I visited Bonaire, an island about 50 miles off the coast of Venezuela, to tour the studio and operations building of Trans World Radio (TWR). TWR has transmitters all over the globe, broadcasting to 190 countries. The first TWR transmitter was an army surplus transmitter in Morocco in the early 1950s, with coverage in Spain. In 1964, the Bonaire site went on the air with 500 kW.

My tour guide, TWR Assistant Director Brad Swanson, began the tour in one of the many production studios with sound-absorbing materials, as well as heavy double doors to eliminate outside noise. When the facility was built in the late 1960s, they would heat piles of sand over a fire to eliminate moisture, then pour it into the core between the double-row block walls to dampen any outside noise.

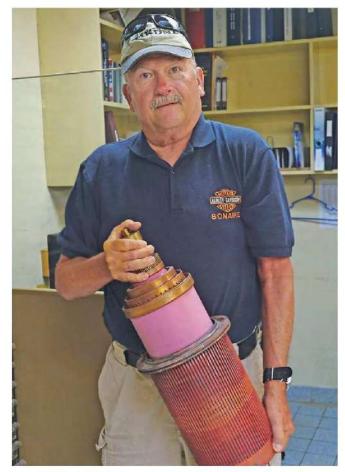
A Transmitter Upgrade

In the engineering room, we saw a large transmitter tube on the floor. This was the final tube out of the Radio Netherlands transmitter, decommissioned in 2012, located on the northern end of Bonaire. I was able to pick it up, and it weighed about 35 pounds.

While visiting the transmitter site, I learned that TWR recently installed a 440 kW transmitter and their station broadcasts on 800 kHz AM. They also have a

small FM station on the north end of the island. They have four \(^3\)-wavelength towers that are 461 feet high, configured in a rectangle. Some high-power AM stations use open-wire feeders to deliver their signal to the antennas, but TWR uses a coaxial feed line, which is about 4 – 6 inches in diameter.

Inside the transmitter room was the former 100 kW transmitter, which was taken out of service when the new 440 kW transmitter was installed. I was surprised about the absence of tubes at that power level. Both transmitters, built by Nautel, have solid-state modules that can be hot swapped in and out of the main unit. The modules for the 100 kW transmitter, while similar in appearance, are not compatible with the 440 kW transmitter.



Andy Corbin, W4KDN, holding a decommissioned Radio Netherlands transmitter tube. [Andy Corbin, W4KDN, photo]



A lightning corona discharge ball that had been hit by lightning. [Andy Corbin, W4KDN, photo]



The transmitter room at the Bonaire station. [Andy Corbin, W4KDN, photo]



The TWR Bonaire station's engineering room. [Andy Corbin, W4KDN, photo]

Lightning Preparedness

In another room of the transmitter building, we saw a metal sphere with holes in it. It was a lightning corona discharge ball that had been used as a lightning arrestor at the base of the tower — this piece had been hit by lightning. Two of these balls get placed at the base of the tower. One is attached to the tower, while the other is on the ground, with a 1-2 inch gap between them. When lightning strikes, it arcs over from the tower ball and is transferred to the ground ball, where it's redirected to the ground.

Signal Patterns

In the phasor room, the towers are connected to barrel-sized inductors and capacitors housed in a large Faraday cage. The phasors are used to adjust the pattern of the transmitted signal. TWR's pattern (for example, northwest or southeast) differs depending on the time of day. Finally, they have an almost omnidirectional pattern, which is run at lower power.

Our final stop on the tour was a building with one of the four antenna tuning units (ATUs). Similar to the phasor room, it contained large inductors and capacitors in a Faraday cage.

Conclusion

It was fascinating to see behind the scenes of this massive station. I really enjoyed my trip to Bonaire and my tour of the TWR location. I'd recommend it to any hams who find themselves in the area.

Andy Corbin, W4KDN, is a retired police lieutenant. He has been licensed since 1977 and holds an Amateur Extra-class license, as well as a General Radiotelephone Operators License with a Ship Radar Endorsement. Andy can be reached at nitespark@cox.net.

For updates to this article, see the QST Feedback page at www.arrl.org/feedback.



Augment Your ARES® Mission with FirstNet®

communications
platform in your
public service toolbox.

Randy Richmond, W7HMT

In March 2018, the Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network known as First Responder Network Authority, in contract with AT&T, was launched as First-Net®, the first nationwide 4G LTE communications platform dedicated for public safety's wireless broadband needs. The 2012 Spectrum Act, which funded FirstNet, sallows the dedicated band on the 700 MHz spectrum to be shared with second responders (extended primary status), such as people in health-care, utilities, transportation, and supporting volunteer groups, including the Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES®). Here's how ARES members can apply for a subscription to FirstNet and use this tool for public service applications.

FirstNet vs. Commercial Cellular

FirstNet differs from commercial cellular carriers in the US because it offers the following:

- 20 MHz of dedicated 700 MHz spectrum, known as Band 14. Band 14 is a nationwide, high-quality spectrum provided by FirstNet to extend the coverage and capacity available to public safety users on its communication platform.
- Access to AT&T's existing commercial spectrum where Band 14 has not yet been deployed, or for additional coverage and capacity.
- Traffic priority for FirstNet first responder subscribers over commercial and consumer traffic on all of the above spectrum, without having to invoke Wireless Priority Service (WPS) codes. A subscriber vetting process helps ensure the pool of qualified users doesn't overly dilute priority access.
- A planned dedicated multicast IP network separate from AT&T's commercial unicast IP network, which can efficiently support group communications.
- Dedicated sales and support teams.
- Access to FirstNet Ready® devices and FirstNetapproved applications that include Band 14 capabilities and meet FirstNet's rigorous security, relevancy, and data privacy standards.

Advantages for ARES

ARES Cellular Use

ARES members know that in disasters, both cellular and public safety land mobile radio (LMR) networks can go down. One of the benefits of the Amateur Radio Service is that network-independent, ad-hoc stations can quickly be set up and get on the air to communi-cate inside and outside the impacted region. Although ARES is capable of operating with no functional cellular network, there are times when cellular capabilities, if available, are useful.

How to include this

ARES training (such as EC-001: Introduction to Emergency Communication) notes specific instances where cellular service can aid the ARES mission, such as passing private information or large amounts of data (except for limited availability on HamWAN — 4G LTE exceeds the data rate of all other amateur radio modes).

Another example is the ability to communicate directly with served agencies. Phone calls between designated served agency management and ARES team members have always been desirable, particularly as a primary activation method. But ARES members seldom have the ability to participate in group two-way communications with their served agency, because they don't usually get permission to use an agency's Part 90 LMR system. FirstNet offers several certified broadband push-to-talk (PTT) apps that can be used to bridge served agency personnel and ARES team members on a common platform.

Common situational awareness and field reporting applications (such as *WebEOC*) between ARES teams and served agencies can also be integrated. Such situational awareness can include sending photos and real-time video.

Improving Cellular Resiliency

In many recent natural disasters, cellular service has been severely impacted. In light of FirstNet's mission, public safety departments have access to a nationwide dedicated fleet of 76 FirstNet deployable assets, such as Flying Cell on Wings (COWs) and Satellite Cell on Light Trucks (SatCOLTs), that can quickly be deployed during disasters.

Additionally, public safety agencies will be able to tap into the AT&T fleet of 300+ assets when available. The FirstNet platform is being built to help provide first responders with a solution that's more available and reliable than existing commercial networks. In addition to Band 14, AT&T continually assesses opportunities to harden critical sites important to public safety. These include sites in regions vulnerable to natural hazards like hurricanes, floods, and extreme temperatures.

Solving Cellular Congestion

Although cellular networks may go down during major natural disasters, there are many other ARES deployment scenarios in which cellular coverage is fully or

> partially maintained (for example, large special events and less severe disasters). Often



Randy Richmond's, W7HMT, Sonim XP8 FirstNetready device.

the problem with cellular networks in these types of scenarios is that they're congested with traffic, which makes them an unreliable resource, except for special users who have access to a Wireless Priority Service (WPS). ARES members with FirstNet extended primary service receive priority network access and data prioritization, giving them continuous data priority across voice and data. When needed, first responders can "uplift" extended primary users, giving them even higher priority levels and preemption capabilities. This priority works on both AT&T's commercial bands as well as the dedicated Band 14. This priority applies to both voice and data (valuable for Broadband PTT, situational awareness, and field reporting apps).

The Future of FirstNet

FirstNet is not the only national public safety broadband network (NPSBN) in development. A number of other nations are actively pursuing it as well, including the UK, Canada, Australia, South Korea, France, Belgium, Germany, and Norway. Because of the global demand for mission-critical broadband, the global cellular standards body known as the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (www.3GPP.org), has been developing a series of open standards called Mission Critical PTT, Mission Critical Video, and Mission Critical Data (abbreviated as MCX). These capabilities can be added to both 4G and future 5G networks. Virtually every NPSBN globally has plans to adopt this suite of standards (and many commercial carriers plan to adopt it as well to retain their public safety customers). FirstNet just recently launched a service based on MCX, called FirstNet-PTT.

Another standard emerging from 3GPP is for a Mission Critical Interworking Function (IWF), which enables LMR networks to be integrated with MCX to enable interoperability between PTT users on both LMR and NPSBNs. FirstNet has plans to introduce this in the near future.

Hybrid radios that can operate both LMR and FirstNet and are upgradable to MCX are already available from several Part 90 LMR manufacturers, offering public safety users a single device that can make the best use of both networks.

As the MCX ecosystem expands, this promises to become a valuable tool to maximize real-time communications, situational awareness, and field reporting for all first, second, and volunteer responders.

Communicating Directly with Served Agencies

One of the valuable apps accessible to all subscribers through the FirstNet App Catalog is FirstNet Assist. ARES FirstNet subscribers using this app can view all mutual aid events within their proximity and request elevated priority access to FirstNet for the duration of the incident. FirstNet Push-to-Talk was launched in March 2020 (see the sidebar, "The Future of FirstNet"), and many public safety agencies have plans to use it to interoperate with and augment their LMR systems, further enabling them to communicate with their served agencies.

Subscribing to FirstNet

Given these advantages, I found it useful as an ARES member to have a FirstNet subscription, and the price was comparable to my existing AT&T consumer service. Although I don't work for a first or second responder agency, I recently obtained a FirstNet subscription based on my ARES membership. My process for subscribing may not be the same for all ARES members. If you're interested in subscribing, have your agency contact an AT&T FirstNet solutions consultant at **FirstNet.com**, through the "Contact Us" page.

After contacting FirstNet support, I went to the lead of our ARES team's served agency, who wrote a letter requesting that I be allowed to obtain a FirstNet subscription to aid with emergency communications for the agency. With this, FirstNet provided me with an online account profile and authorization code. I then went to my local AT&T store to obtain a subscriberpaid FirstNet subscription. I brought my FirstNet-ready smartphone. Because Band 14 is relatively new, not all handsets support it (visit www.firstnet.com/devices



Figure 1 — FirstNet subscribers receive a black FirstNet SIM card from AT&T.

for a selection of compatible devices and accessories). In less than an hour, I left the store with a FirstNet subscription (see Figure 1).

Subsequently, I installed the FirstNet Assist app, which simplifies obtaining support and enables me to see first responder mutual-aid incidents within my proximity. I also now have access to the FirstNet App Catalog, which shows an extensive list of FirstNet Reviewed and Certified situational awareness and broadband PTT apps, some of which my served agency may use in the future.

Conclusion

Given the fact that
FirstNet, like existing
cellular networks, is
subject to impairment
during disasters, there
remains a need for a
resiliency that only
amateur radio can provide. Nonetheless,
FirstNet can be
another valuable
resource in the ARES
toolkit, to help provide
communications in
times of disaster.



The L3Harris XL-200 hybrid LMR/LTE radio.

All photos by the author.

Randy Richmond, W7HMT, is the Planning Coordinator for the North Bend, Washington, ARES Team (NBAT). He's also the Standards and Regulatory Specialist at Zetron, Inc., a company that manufactures consoles for public safety dispatch centers. Randy can be reached at w7hmt@arrl.net.

For updates to this article, see the QST Feedback page at www.arrl.org/feedback.



Amateur Radio Disability Access

Helpful tools and assistive technology solutions from a ham who has ALS.



Figure 1 — The left and right clicks on the Docooler PCsensor USB 2 Foot Switch Control Keyboard.

Steve Appleyard, G3PND

In the latter half of 2017, I began to develop a weakness in my left arm, and in January 2018, I was diagnosed with ALS (Lou Gehrig's disease). The weakness progressed, extending to my right arm and both hands, and increasingly affected my ability to operate my radios. I've explored and implemented methods of mitigating this increasing level of disability, as they may assist with a wide range of conditions.

Using a Keyboard

In many cases, you can work around the need to use a keyboard by using the dictation facility now available on most computers, tablets, and phones. I use this function to send many of my emails. Still, there are many times when I need access to a keyboard function, like when I'm entering details into a log. Fortunately, a solution is now available in the form of an onscreen keyboard provided by Windows 10. You simply move the cursor over the keyboard with the mouse and left-click keys to type. You can access the onscreen keyboard by going to SETTINGS, then EASE OF ACCESS, KEYBOARD, ONSCREEN KEYBOARD. It can also be turned on and off using the Windows key + Ctrl + O.

Hands-Free Mouse Usage

Using the onscreen keyboard requires the ability to move a mouse and to left and right click. When I first discovered the onscreen keyboard, I could readily move the mouse and type at a decent speed, further enhanced by an excellent predictive text function. As my condition has progressed, I've needed to adopt additional measures. The first was simply to use the mouse on a lower table in front of my radio and computer. Currently, I can still move the mouse on this table, albeit in a much more limited way, but I'm no longer able to left and right click. Fortunately, I've found an effective solution for this, using a double foot

switch keyboard, specifically the Docooler PCsensor USB 2 Foot Switch Control Keyboard, which I found on Amazon (see Figure 1). The associated downloadable software allows you to assign any keyboard functions to the switches, including left and right mouse clicks, which you can then operate with your feet (visit www.pcsensor.com/usb-foot-switch.html to download the software).

I also found *Camera Mouse*, which is a free software that utilizes a webcam to track the movement of your head to control the position of the cursor (**www.cameramouse.org**). The only hardware you need to use this is a webcam. I've set up *Camera Mouse* on both of my desktop computers and they work well, particularly when you tweak the settings for your desired response.

Radio Operation

My radio is a Yaesu FT-1000MP, interfaced to my computer with a *micro*HAM microKEYER II, providing full computer-aided transceiver (CAT) control, with CW and RTTY/PSK operation in conjunction with *N1MM Logger+* software (see Figure 2).

Basic operation of the radio is carried out using N1MM Logger+ for selecting the mode (CW/SSB/PSK/digital), selection of the band and the filter, and tuning the radio via the band map and entry windows. SSB and digital operation is pretty straightforward. I use a push-to-talk (PTT) footswitch for SSB and onscreen keyboard/camera mouse with the two mouse footswitches for digital. Sending Morse code is a little more complex.

Sending Morse Code

The method I use for CW operation depends on the type of contact I'm making — contesting; a quick, basic exchange, or a longer chat.

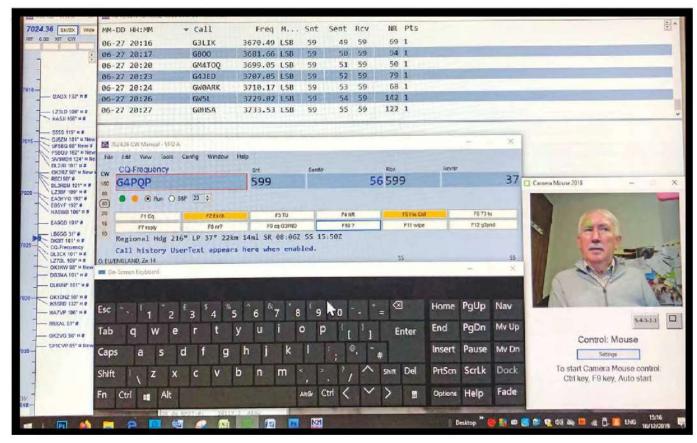


Figure 2 — The Windows 10 onscreen keyboard, the Camera Mouse software (at right), and N1MM Logger+. In the Camera Mouse software, the cursor follows a selected facial feature as you move your head. Here the green tracking square is locked onto my right eyebrow.

Contesting

Contesting is the simplest of the three forms of contact. In the past, I would have operated in run mode, however, I now find that I can't enter call signs and serial numbers fast enough. I now use the "search and pounce" method, using the band map to tune the radio, which gives me as much time as I need.

Quick Contacts

I use the N1MM Logger+ macros with customized preset messages as the basis of my contact. Each macro function can contain up to 255 characters. I always instigate the contact with calling CQ, rather than responding to one, so I control the contact's format and duration. I use the N1MM Logger+ general log, listed as "DX" in the log drop-down menu. This gives additional name and comment windows. I use the comment windows for sharing my location. I've also noted my condition on my QRZ.com page to explain any perceived differences in the way I communicate.

Longer Contacts

I have two methods of generating spontaneous Morse code for longer contacts. The first method is to use *N1MM Logger+*'s built-in keyer function (window/CW key). Whatever I type, using the onscreen keyboard

with the mouse or camera mouse and footswitch, is sent as Morse code.

My second method is more innovative, using a piece of hardware specially designed and built by my friend Bruce Ashdown, G4KZT, which he calls the "SAYMORSE CW keyer." You speak the Morse code into the built-in microphone. The circuitry includes audio amplification and a Schmitt trigger to produce a 0 and 1 output, which can be plugged directly into the radio's key jack in place of the Morse key.

A previous version of this article appeared in the March 2020 issue of RadCom.

All photos by the author.

Steve Appleyard, G3PND, was first licensed as a radio amateur in 1961, while studying electronic engineering. He pursued a career in the electronics industry, designing marine navigation and communication equipment. He is now retired. Steve edited the book *International Antennas*, published in 2017 by ARRL and the Radio Society of Great Britain (RSGB). He also wrote the first chapter, "Using the Reverse Beacon Network to Test Antennas." He is co-author of *Getting Started In EME*, published in 2019 by the RSGB. He can be reached at sfappleyard@btinternet.com.

For updates to this article, see the QST Feedback page at www.arrl.org/feedback.



2020 Simulated Emergency Test

Test your readiness on October 3 – 4, 2020.

Steve Ewald, WV1X

ARRL's 2020 Simulated Emergency Test (SET) will take place October 3 and 4. This nationwide exercise is the chance to test your personal emergency operating skills and the readiness of your communications equipment in a simulated emergency-like deployment. In consideration of the COVID-19 pandemic, everyone who participates in the SET must follow Center for Disease Control (CDC) and local health department guidelines by staying home if you can, maintaining safe distances when around people, and following recommended cleaning and disinfecting practices at all times. For more information, visit www.cdc. gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov.

ARRL Field Organization leaders at the Section and local levels, and many other volunteers that are active in public service and emergency communications, are developing simulated emergency-like scenarios in consultation with a variety of agencies and organizations for whom radio amateurs are known to provide service during emergencies. ARRL's Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES®), the National Traffic System (NTS), the Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service (RACES), SKYWARN™, Community Emergency Response Team (CERT), the Salvation Army Team Emergency Radio Network (SATERN), and other allied groups and public service-oriented radio amateurs are among those who are eligible to participate in the simulated exercise and to practice emergency operation plans, nets, and procedures.

Visit www.arrl.org/served-agenciesand-partners for more information on ARRL's served agencies and partners.



Ed Compos, K5CRQ, (left) and Bart Pickens, N5TWB, (right) served as net control operators from the Tulsa County Emergency Operations Center during the 2019 SET in Tulsa County, Oklahoma. [Paul Teel, WB5ANX, photo]

The 2020 ARRL SET offers the chance to reach out to these partners to establish or review plans and develop working relationships.

National Preparedness Month

National Preparedness Month is in September, and is a nationwide effort to encourage everyone to take steps to prepare for emergencies in their homes, workplaces, schools, and communities. We encourage you to consider this year's Simulated Emergency Test and all preparations for it as a demonstration of amateur radio's readiness. More information on National Preparedness Month can be found at www.ready.gov.

SET to Go!

ARRL Field Organization leaders have the option of conducting their local or Section-wide SET on another weekend besides October 3 and 4. 2020 SETs should be conducted no later than the end of the fall season or calendar year.

To find out how to be involved in this year's SET, please contact your local ARRL Emergency Coordinator or Net Manager. Contact your local club or other area clubs to find out who the Emergency Coordinator is and/or where the nearest ARES or NTS nets meet. In addition, refer to the ARRL Section web pages at www.arrl.org/groups/sections.

Guidelines and specific SET reporting forms for the ARRL Section and Field Organization leaders are posted at www.arrl.org/public-service-field-services-forms. If you're in charge of reporting this year's SET activity on behalf of your group, download the forms, fill them out as appropriate, and return them to sewald@arrl.org at ARRL Headquarters.

Happenings

HamCation

ARRL to Hold 2021 National Convention at Orlando HamCation®

Orlando HamCation® will host the 2021 ARRL
National Convention (http://www.arrl.org/arrl-expo) in Orlando, Florida, February 11 – 14.
The convention will mark the 75th anniversary of HamCation — one of the largest annual ham radio gatherings. The convention theme, "reDiscover Radio," is a rallying call for radio amateurs committed to developing knowledge and skills in radio technology and communication.

The convention kicks off on Thursday, February 11, with a series of day-long ARRL Training Tracks and a National Convention luncheon. Registration will open in the fall. HamCation will host the rest of the convention Friday – Sunday, February 12 – 14, at the Central Florida Fairgrounds & Expo Park in Orlando. The ARRL Events app will help attendees navigate HamCation from a smartphone or tablet to find exhibitors, forum schedules, and affiliated events.

HamCation is sponsored by the ARRL-affiliated Orlando Amateur Radio Club (OARC) and supported by volunteers from radio clubs throughout the region. Michael Cauley, W4MCA, is Orlando HamCation's general chairman. This year, an estimated 24,200 people attended all 3 days of the event.

Details on tickets and information about forums, exhibits (including information for vendors and tailgaters), testing, travel, and preferred hotels with special rates will appear on the HamCation website, at **www.hamcation.com**.

Online ticket sales are under way. Tickets purchased (postmarked) by December 1, 2020, cost \$15 and are valid for all 3 days.

ARRL Illinois Section Has a New Section Manager

Thomas Beebe, W9RY, was appointed as the Illinois Section Manager (SM), effective July 1, succeeding Ron Morgan, AD9I, who stepped down due to health concerns that became apparent just as he was ready to start a new term. Morgan was re-elected in the spring Section Manager election cycle and had served as SM since February 2017. Beebe, who lives in Marion, will fulfill the 2-year term that extends through June 30, 2022.

Beebe was one of three candidates who ran for the post in the spring SM election. He has served as an Assistant Section Manager, Official Emergency Station, and a Field Instructor and Field Examiner. Beebe has been a ham for more than 50 years.

ARRL Radiosport and Field Services Manager Bart Jahnke, W9JJ, made the appointment after consulting with ARRL Central Division Director Kermit Carlson, W9XA.

Visalia DX Convention Refashioned as Two Virtual Events for 2021

There will be a Virtual Visalia in 2021. Organizers announced in June that the newly renamed International DX and Contesting Convention (IDXCC) in Visalia, California, will span two weekends next April. Each will be a "unique 3-day event" without duplication. Registration will begin early next year. The former International DX Convention was canceled in March, due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Visalia sponsors said the event's new name better reflects what the convention has become over the years — a gathering of avid DXers and contesters from around the US and the world. Sponsors said the challenge for planning next year's event was whether to prepare for an in-person convention or a virtual gathering.

"Everyone wants to hold out hope for a face-to-face meeting next year, but after consultation with a few medical experts, epidemiologists, and longtime attendees of IDXCC, we have concluded that for 2021, the right choice — and the safest choice — is to have a virtual convention instead of an inperson meeting," said an announcement on the IDXCC website.

Visalia Part 1 will take place on April 16 – 18, 2021, and Part 2 on April 23 – 25. The program will include forums, technical talks, DXpedition reports, and award presentations. Visalia 2021 co-chairs John Miller, K6MM, and Rich Seifert, KE1B, invite questions and suggestions via email to info@dxconvention.com. See www.dxconvention.com for more information.

Rescued Radio Amateur Says, "Ham Radio Saved My Life"

Alden Sumner Jones IV, KC1JWR, of Bennington, Vermont, is thankful for amateur radio, after suffering a medical incident and losing consciousness on June 15 while hiking with others along a remote section of the Long Trail, not far from his home. An EMT from Appalachian Mountain Rescue (AMR), who was hiking nearby, saw Jones pass out, but was unable to connect with 911 via his cell phone. Jones, 41, regained consciousness and was successful using his handheld radio to contact Ron Wonderlick, AG1W, via the Northern Berkshire Amateur Radio Club's K1FFK repeater on Mount Greylock. Wonderlick initiated what turned into an 8-hour effort to get Jones off the trail and to a medical facility, acting as a relay among Jones, emergency crews, and other agencies involved. As the *Bennington Banner* reported, "The Vermont State Police also received assistance from several licensed amateur radio operators who helped facilitate communications, greatly assisting in the rescue."

Matthew Sacco, KC1JPU, headed to a rescue staging area, and when he could not make it into the repeater, he employed some ham radio ingenuity. He fashioned a J-pole antenna from some window line he had on hand, casting it into a tree using a fishing pole. It worked, and an individual on site was able to obtain an accurate location for Jones using the GPS on his cell phone.

Rescuers could not reach Jones using an all-terrain vehicle, so arrangements were made to have a search-and-rescue crew from New York retrieve Jones by helicopter. Amateur radio participants were able to relay critical information, including an accurate location, as preparations continued.

Jones, meanwhile, took advantage of his time with the EMT and other rescuers to talk up amateur radio and explain how to get licensed. According to one account, rescuers were having trouble making contact with the helicopter, so Jones loaned them a better antenna he happened to have. During his flight to a hospital in Albany, New York, Jones again leveraged the occasion to promote amateur radio to the helicopter pilot and crew.

"Ham radio saved my life last night, and I am very thankful for how everyone helped me," Jones said afterward.



A helicopter-supported litter carries Alden Sumner Jones IV, KC1JWR, to safety. [Vermont State Police photo via the Bennington Banner]

Dayton Hamvention® Announces New Chair, Assistant Chair for 2021 Show



Rick Allnutt, WS8G

The Dayton Amateur Radio Association (DARA) has appointed Rick Allnutt, WS8G, as the General Chair for Dayton Hamvention® 2021, heading a team of about 750 volunteers. An ARRL Life Member and a ham since 1982, Allnutt, who served as Assistant General Chair with outgoing General Chair Jack Gerbs, WB8SCT, has been a Hamvention volunteer for the past decade.

"Hamvention is very important in my experience of amateur radio," Allnutt said. "I am honored to serve as the General Chair of the Dayton Hamvention." Tapped as Assistant General Chair is Jim Storms, AB8YK, a past president, vice president, and secretary of the SouthWest Ohio DX Association. He has been DARA's vice president and Hamvention advance registration chair for 3 years and is cofounder, director, and trip team leader of the Dave Kalter Memorial Youth DX Adventure.

The DARA Board expressed its gratitude to Gerbs for his service to Hamvention and DARA. Hamvention 2021 will take place May 21 – 23.

Prominent Radio Amateur Helps to Lead US Convalescent Plasma COVID-19 Expanded Access Study

Well-known contester, DXer, and National Contest Journal (NCJ) Editor Scott Wright, KØMD, has substantially stepped back from ham radio to offer his expertise to the US convalescent plasma COVID-19 Expanded Access Program (www.uscovidplasma.org). The study began in early April under the leadership of Principal Investigator Dr. Michael Joyner, MD, of the Mayo Clinic; Dr. Peter Marks, MD, PhD — who is AB3XC — and Dr. Nicole Verdun, MD, of the US Food and Drug Administration; Dr. Arturo Casavedall, MD, PhD, of Johns Hopkins University, and Wright, who is with the Mayo Clinic.

The US government-supported study collects and provides blood plasma from recovered COVID-19 patients, which contains antibodies that may help fight the disease. The Mayo Clinic is the lead institution for the program.

"The US Convalescent Plasma Expanded Access Program is a collaborative project between the US government and the Mayo Clinic



Scott Wright, KØMD

to provide access to convalescent plasma for patients in the US who are hospitalized with COVID-19," Wright told ARRL. "My role was to organize the infrastructure and the research approach, and to help lead the set-up of the data collection and of the website teams, while overseeing the study conduct and regulatory compliance."

A June 18 Washington Post article reported, "A large study of 20,000 hospitalized COVID-19 patients who received transfusions of blood plasma from people who recovered found the

treatment was safe and suggests giving it to people early in the disease may be beneficial." The safety study was published in the *Mayo Clinic Proceedings*. An initial safety report on 5,000 patients appeared in May in the *Journal of Clinical Investigation*.

Wright said most scientific studies of this magnitude take months to a year with planning and execution to get under way. In this case, the study team went from zero to 60 in a few short weeks. "We started in less than a week. Most studies recruit 2,500 – 5,000 patients," Wright said. "We have recruited over 30,000 patients in 10 weeks, exceeding all expectations."

Hospitals in all 50 states and several US territories are participating, Wright said, and more than 8,000 physicianscientists are working with the team as investigators at their hospitals. Wright's study responsibilities, which are on top of his regular day job, have required him to work daily, including weekends, since April. "It has been intense," he said.

In Brief...

- The ARRL Foundation has awarded \$3,000 to the Open Research Institute (ORI). The grant will be applied to Phase 1 of the Digital Multiplex Transponder research and development program. ORI is an IRS 501(c)(3) organization dedicated to open-source research and development in amateur radio (www.openresearch. institute). This grant will allow hardware prototypes for broadband microwave digital satellite payloads to proceed more rapidly. An independent IRS 501(c) (3) entity, the ARRL Foundation administers programs to support the amateur radio com-
- munity, including scholarships for higher education, award grants for amateur radio projects, and special amateur radio program grants for The Victor C. Clark Youth Incentive Program and The Jesse A. Bieberman Meritorious Membership Program.
- The Yasme Foundation (www. yasme.org) has announced a supporting grant to establish Reverse Beacon Network (RBN) nodes in Algeria, Tunisia, and Libya. The project will be carried out by youth members of Amateurs Radio Algeriens and the Association des Radio Amateurs Tunisiens radio clubs. Build-out of these nodes will increase RBN



presence in Africa for both the amateur and scientific communities. The RBN is a network of global software-defined radio (SDR) receivers that monitors amateur radio bands and reports CW, RTTY, and FT8 signals to a central database (visit www.reversebeacon.net for more information). — Thanks to the Yasme Foundation

W1AW Schedule

PAC	MTN	CENT	EAST	UTC	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI
6AM	7 AM	8 AM	9 AM	1300		FAST CODE	SLOW	FAST CODE	SLOW CODE
7 AM- 1 PM	8 AM- 2 PM	9 AM- 3 PM	10 AM- 4 PM	1400-1600 1700-1945	VISITING OPERATOR TIME (12 PM-1 PM CLOSED FOR LUNCH)				
1 PM	2PM	3PM	4 PM	2000	FAST CODE	SLOW	FAST CODE	SLOW CODE	FAST CODE
2PM	3PM	4 PM	5 PM	2100	CODE BULLETIN				
3PM	4 PM	5 PM	6 PM	2200	DIGITAL BULLETIN				
4 PM	5 PM	6PM	7PM	2300	SLOW	FAST CODE	SLOW	FAST CODE	SLOW
5PM	6 PM	7PM	8PM	0000	CODE BULLETIN			hi ii	
6PM	7PM	8PM	9 PM	0100	DIGITAL BULLETIN				
6 ⁴⁵ PM	7 ⁴⁵ PM	8 ⁴⁵ PM	9 ⁴⁵ PM	0145	VOICE BULLETIN				
7PM	8 PM	9PM	10 PM	0200	FAST CODE	SLOW	FAST CODE	SLOW	FAST CODE
8PM	9PM	10 PM	11 PM	0300	CODE BULLETIN				

W1AW's schedule is at the same local time throughout the year. From the second Sunday in March to the first Sunday in November, UTC = Eastern US time + 4 hours. For the rest of the year, UTC = Eastern US time + 5 hours.

 Morse code transmissions: Frequencies are 1.8025, 3.5815, 7.0475, 14.0475, 18.0975, 21.0675, 28.0675, 50.350, and 147.555 MHz.

Slow Code = practice sent at 5, $7\frac{1}{2}$, 10, 13, and 15 WPM. Fast Code = practice sent at 35, 30, 25, 20, 15, 13, and 10 WPM. ♦ W1AW Qualifying Runs are sent on the same frequencies as the Morse code transmissions. West Coast qualifying runs are transmitted by various West Coast stations on CW frequencies that are normally used by W1AW, in addition to 3590 kHz, at various times. Underline 1 minute of the highest speed you copied, certify that your copy was made without aid, and send it to ARRL for grading. Please include your name, call sign (if any), and complete mailing address. Fees: \$10 for a certificate, \$7.50 for endorsements.

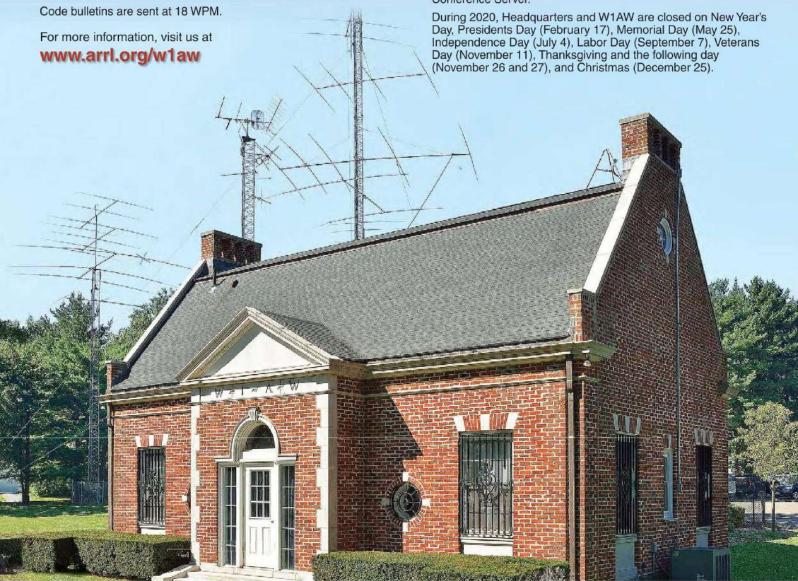
Digital transmissions: Frequencies are 3.5975, 7.095, 14.095, 18.1025, 21.095, 28.095, 50.350, and 147.555 MHz.

Bulletins are sent using 45.45-baud Baudot, PSK31 in BPSK mode, and MFSK16 on a daily revolving schedule.

Keplerian elements for many amateur satellites will be sent on the regular digital frequencies on Tuesdays and Fridays at 6:30 PM Eastern time using Baudot and PSK31.

- ♦ Voice transmissions: Frequencies are 1.855, 3.99, 7.29, 14.29, 18.16, 21.39, 28.59, 50.350, and 147.555 MHz. Voice transmissions on 7.290 MHz are in AM double sideband, full carrier.
- ♦ Notes: On Fridays, UTC, a DX bulletin replaces the regular bulletins. W1AW is open to visitors 10 AM to noon and 1 PM to 3:45 PM Monday through Friday. FCC-licensed amateurs may operate the station during that time. Be sure to bring your current FCC amateur license or a photocopy. In a communication emergency, monitor W1AW for special bulletins as follows: voice on the hour, teleprinter at 15 minutes past the hour, and CW on the half hour.

W1AW code practice and CW/digital/phone bulletin transmission audio is also available real-time via the *EchoLink Conference Server* W1AWBDCT. The conference server runs concurrently with the regularly scheduled station transmissions. The W1AW Qualifying Run texts can also be copied via the EchoLink Conference Server.



Public Service

Shipping Containers for Sheltering Stations and Operators at Deployment Sites

Space for operators is often limited at American Red Cross shelters, Salvation Army canteens, emergency operations centers, incident command posts, hospitals, etc. Traditional solutions include the recreational vehicle (RV) that can readily be driven to an assigned deployment site and quickly set up with radios, antennas, and ancillary gear. But the average RV doesn't yield much usable space for radio operators and can be expensive. And sometimes it can be difficult for RVs to travel safely and efficiently on suboptimal road conditions or during storms.

An Alternative Solution

I experimented with another solution — a shipping container. I purchased a medium-sized unit at 8×20 feet, yielding 160 square feet of floor space, however, many sizes are available. From the floor to the ceiling is 10 feet, yielding a total of 1,600 cubic feet, leaving plenty of space for my VHF and HF station positions, work bench, battery-charging shelf, floor-mounted floodlights, toolboxes, and milk crates full of cables, wires, and connectors.

Local dealers purchase retired shipping containers from major international shippers at large seaports at wholesale. The dealer then sells them on a retail basis to local customers for storage, homes, or in my case, a ham shack.

The containers are manufactured with heavy steel (mine weighs 5,000 pounds) and their original purpose was to securely protect and hold goods stacked on large cargo ships for transport around the world. They can be repurposed as hard shelters for operators and gear on a deployment against bad weather, such as hurricanes and



tornadoes with flying debris. (My container is rated for winds of 150 MPH.) I paid \$2,200 plus \$125 for delivery, setup, and leveling. An average RV can potentially cost much more.

The containers can be moved, but not quickly during a disaster. Amateur Radio Emergency Service (ARES) operators and other groups may want to consider preplacing them in semi-permanent locations (with approval and advanced planning from property owners or managers) where they perform radio-communication services on a regular basis for drills, public events, emergencies, and disasters. For example, such containers could be placed in the back corners of school parking lots that serve as American Red Cross shelters and emergency operations centers (EOCs).

Containers can be securely locked. They may even offer a Faraday cage effect, reducing RF noise from the myriad of other radio services likely operating in proximity, although the downside might be loss of cell phone and Wi-Fi signals. Test them before use in an emergency — outside antennas may be required. My cell phone and Wi-Fi had no coverage from inside the shipping container with the doors closed, but worked fine with the doors open (my home router is 150 feet away).

Radio Installation Ideas

For years, I've used Metaltech's Mobile Scaffolding Jobsite Series™ mini-scaffolding for mounting my radios and peripherals, with excellent results. On wheels, my operating platforms turn easily for repositioning and yield quick and easy access to the radios' rear panels. (Visit www.metaltech.co/products/4-high-portable-scaffold for the model I use.) I moved my scaffolds into the shipping container, placed the shelves with radios already mounted, and plugged in my accessories. I drilled three holes through the container's corrugated wall and mounted bulkhead SO-239 connectors for my HF antenna, 6-meter beam, and 2-meter beam.

For ac power, I ran a 150-foot heavy duty extension cord from my house (ac wiring should be rated for the maximum anticipated requirement). I supplemented my ac power options by acquiring a highquality 2,800 W gas-powered generator designed for use with sensitive electronics. Do not run a generator inside the container, as the carbon monoxide can be fatal.

For dc power other than my power supply, I placed my two 12 V, 31 Ah sealed lead acid batteries parallel on the floor of the container, along with their solar charge controller. Consider putting foam insulation on the walls to deaden sound, minimizing the echo chamber effect.

Container Safety

Ground the container and your equipment. Ensure ventilation with holes and screened windows (the seller can install windows for a nominal fee). Use an industrial fan for more ventilation and convection cooling.

Close the heavy steel doors by using a bar or lock with a chain from the inside during a storm. To protect yourself from accidentally getting locked in from the outside, place a padlock through one or both outside door lock holes to prevent the doors from being completely closed. However, lock the doors when the container is not in use. Place signs on the sides of the container stating, "Keep Off," "Danger High Voltage," or similar. If you have an implanted medical device, consult with your doctor for any safety requirements before operating inside the container.

Conclusion

The shipping container offers a semi-permanent, secure sheltered operating facility for sites where hams may be deployed on a regular basis. Make a professional proposal for permission to place your container and be prepared to discuss liability issues with the property's agency-owner to be served.

Setting up and outfitting a container would make a great club or ARES project. Visit www.tigercontainers.com/blog/used-shippingcontainers-look-buying for more information.

Field Organization Reports June 2020

Public Service Honor Roll

This listing recognizes radio amateurs whose public service performance during the month indicated 70 or more points in six categories. Details on the program can be found at www.arrl.org/public-service-honor-roll.

710 KD8TTE	175 WS6P AF4NC	126 W7EES	105 KC8YVF	AB9ZA K3MIY N2TSO
475 WA3EZN	170	125 KC8WH	103 KV8Z	WD8DHC WD0BFO
445 N9VC	W8DJG AC8RV	122 K9ILJ	AB1AV 102	KB4CAU KC1KVY WA1LPM
425	W4DNA 167	120	W2CTG KD2GXL	NBØZ K2MJF
W7PAT	N3KRX	W4NWT WC4FSU	WV5Q	KA2HZP W3CJD
367 WA7PTM	165 KB3YRU	WØLAW AG9G	101 WB8YYS	WB8WKQ
291 KD2LPM	160 W2PH	K8MDA WK4WC K3JL	100 W2PAX	89 K9GDF
272	WB7OSC K9LGU	AD3J KA9QWC	WB4RJW KZ8Q	88 N3SW
KE8BYC	156	KØIBS KY2D	NX9K KN9P	K8RDN
265 K1REZ	N2WGF WA2BSS	119 KA8ZGY	WB8SIQ K3RC KG5NNA	87 KØFBS K2IE
KE8KOC 260	153 KY2MMM	117	N1LAH WA1MXT	86
KD2NMG	150	AI9F K3FAZ	KA2GQQ KB2QO	KAØDBK
255 ND8W	KK3F	115	N3RB AA3SB	85 W9BGJ
249 ALØY	145 WD8USA	KF5OMH N1TF N1PZP	WB3FTQ K8ED	W1INC KB1NAL
	140		97	84
220 W3GWM N8SY	AA3N K4IWW WO2H	112 KBØDTI	KE1ML 96	K6JT 83
219	137	110 W1KX	K1HEJ	NI2W
KT2D	KB8RCR	WA3QLW KO4OL	95 W9EEU	81 WW3S
210 AD8CM	135 W4CMH	KA9MZJ K6HTN K2TV	K1XFC 94	80 WB4ZDU
205 WB9WKO	ACØKQ W3YVQ N5MKY	WB8YLO KA5AZK KE5YTA	W4TTO K9DUR AB3WG	W3ZR N8MRS KN4AAG
199 KK4PUX	130 WA4VGZ	KF5IOU N1IQI	91	WB8R
185 KW9EMG	WB9QPM KC9FXE N2JBA	KD2JKV W1RVY K3IN	N2DW KC1HHO K1STM	79 KB1NMO
N1LL WM2C	K8AMH W8IM	WB8TQZ	90	76 W5XX
183	KW1U	108 KD8ZCM	AD4DO KM4WHO	75
W9RY	129 W4INK	107	N6IET KD8UUB	KD2GRS KC1MSN
180		AC8NP	K8KRA	
WA2CCN	127 K4VWK	106 KT4WX	WB8HJJ KA1G KL7RF	70 K6RAU K2KNB

The following stations qualified for PSHR in previous months but were not reported in this column: (May) K1REZ 170, AB1AV, N1PZP 105, WA1MXT 100, WV5Q 89, K1CFI 82, W5XX7 6. (Apr.) AB1AV, K1UAF 110, N1PZP 109, WA1MXT 100, W1INC 90, K1CFI 88. (Mar.) AB1AV, K1UAF 110, WA1MXT 100, N1PZP 93, W1INC 84. (Feb.) N1PZP 124, K1UAF 110, AB1AV 106, K1CFI 86, W1INC 81. (Jan.) N1PZP 245, K1UAF 110, AB1AV 95, K1CFI 90, W1INC 79. (Dec. 2019) K1UAF 110, N1PZP 100, AB1AV 99, K1CFI 80.

Section Traffic Manager Reports

The following Section Traffic Managers reported: AK, AL, AR, CO, CT, DE, EMA, ENY, EPA, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, LAX, ME, MI, MN, MS, MT, NC, ND, NE, NFL, NH, NLI, NM, NNJ, NTX, NV, OH, OR, SFL, SJV, TN, VA, WCF, WI, WMA, WPA, WTX, WV, WY.

Section Emergency Coordinator Reports

The following Section Emergency Coordinators reported: AR, CT, DE, ENY, EPA, ID, IN, KY, LA, MDC, ME, MI, MN, MO, MS, ND, NLI, NM, NNJ, NV, OH, OR, SFL, SJV, SNJ, STX, TN, VI, VT, WCF, WPA, WY.

Brass Pounders League

The BPL is open to all amateurs in the US, Canada, and US possessions who report to their SMs a total of 500 or more points or a sum of 100 or more origination and delivery points for any calendar month, Messages must be handled on amateur radio frequencies within 48 hours of receipt in standard ARRL radiogram format. Call signs of qualifiers and their monthly BPL total points follow

KK3F 2,507, NX9K 1,338, K6HTN 1,146, WB9WKO 885, KE5YTA 837, KW1U 804, N1IQI 644

Contest Corral

September 2020

Check for updates and a downloadable PDF version online at **www.arrl.org/contest-calendar**.

Refer to the contest websites for full rules, scoring information, operating periods or time limits, and log submission information.

Free Co.	Start -			Bands	Contest Name	Mode	Evehance	Cuanania Wahaita
Date	-Time	L/al	e-Time	12(11),176	WAR STREET	Wode	Exchange	Sponsor's Website
2	1700	2	2000	144	VHF-UHF FT8 Activity Contest	Dig	4-char grid square	ft8activity.eu/index.php/en
2	2000	2	2100	3.5	UKEICC 80-Meter Contest	Ph	4-char grid square	ukeicc.com/80m-rules.php
2	2300	4	2300	3.5-28	G3ZQS Memorial Straight Key Contest	CW	RST, SPC, name, mbr or power	www.fistsna.org
3	1700	3	2100	28	NRAU 10-Meter Activity Contest	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), 6-char grid square	nrau.net/activity-contests
3	1900	3	2100	1.8-50	SKCC Sprint Europe	CW	RST, SPC, name, mbr or power	www.skccgroup.com
5	0000	5	2359	1.8-28	CWOps CW Open	CW	Serial, name	cwops.org/cwops-tests
5	0000	6	2359	3.5-28	All Asian DX Contest, Phone	Ph	RS, 2-digit age	www.jarl.org/English
5	0600	5	0800	7,14	Wake-Up! QRP Sprint	CW	RST, serial, suffix of previous QSO	qrp.ru/contest/wakeup
5	1300	6	0400	1.8-UHF	Colorado QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	Name, CO county or SPC	ppraa.org/coqp
5	1300	6	1259	1.8-28	IARU Region 1 Field Day, SSB	Ph	RST, serial	darc.de/der-club/referate/conteste
5	1300	6	1300	3.5-28	RSGB SSB Field Day	Ph	RS, serial	www.rsgbcc.org/hf
5	1400	6	1400	145	IARU Region 1 145 MHz Contest	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), serial, 6-char grid	iaru-r1.org/on-the-air
5	1600	5	1900	7	AGCW Straight Key Party	CW	RST, serial, class, name, age	agcw.org/index.php/en
5	2000	6	2000	3.5	PODXS 070 Club Jay Hudak	Dig	RST, SPC	www.podxs070.com
9	2000	٧	2000	0.0	Memorial 80-Meter Sprint		1101, 01 0	www.podxaoro.com
6	1000	6	1400	144	WAB 144 MHz QRO Phone	Ph	RS, serial, WAB square or country	wab.intermip.net
6	1800	7	0300	1.8-UHF	Tennessee QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), TN county or SPC	tnqp.org/rules
7	1900	7	2030	3.5	RSGB 80-Meter Autumn Series, SSB	Ph	RS, serial	www.rsgbcc.org/hf
7	2300	8	0300	1.8-50	MI QRP Labor Day CW Sprint	CW	RST, SPC, mbr or power	migrp.net/contest
8	0100	8	0300	3.5-28	ARS Spartan Sprint	CW	RST, SPC, power	arsqrp.blogspot.com
9	1700	9	2000	432	VHF-UHF FT8 Activity Contest	Dig	4-char grid square	ft8activity.eu/index.php/en
							DCT object or CO zero	
12	00000	12	2359	3.5-28	Russian RTTY WW Contest	Dig CW Db Dia	RST, oblast or CQ zone	qrz.ru/contest/detail/93
12	00000	13	2359	2.3 GHz +	ARRL EME Contest	CW Ph Dig	Signal report	www.arrl.org/eme-contest
12	0000	13	2359	3.5-28	WAE DX Contest, SSB	Ph	RS, serial	darc.de/der-club/referate/conteste
12	1000	13	1000	1.8-28	SARL Field Day Contest	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), number of xmitrs,	www.sarl.org.za
12	1000	10	1000	1.0-20	OALL Fleid Day Contest	OWITIDIS	category, province or "DX"	www.san.org.za
12	1200	13	2359	1.8-50	SKCC Weekend Sprintathon	CW	RST, SPC, name, mbr or "none"	www.skccgroup.com
12	1400	12	2200	3.5-28	Ohio State Parks on the Air	Ph	Park abbreviation or "OH" or SPC	ospota.org
12	1400	13	2000	1.8-UHF	Texas QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), TX county or SPC	www.txgp.net
	1500	13	0300	3.5-28	Alabama QSO Party	CW Ph	RS(T), AL county or SPC	alabamagsoparty.org
12	1500	13	0959	3.5-28	Russian Cup Digital Contest	Dig	Serial, 4-char grid square	grz.ru/contest/detail/86.html
12	1800	14	0300	50 +		CW Ph Dig		
12	1000	1/4	0300	30 +	ARRL September VHF Contest	CWFIIDIG	4-char grid square	www.arrl.org/september-vhf
13	0000	13	0400	3.5-14	North American Sprint, CW	CW	Other station's call, your call, serial, name, SPC	ncjweb.com
14	0000	14	0200	1.8-28	4 States QRP Group Second Sunday Sprint	CW Ph	RS(T), SPC, mbr or power	www.4sqrp.com
16	1900	16	2030	3.5	RSGB 80-Meter Autumn Series, CW	CW	RST, serial	www.rsgbcc.org/hf
17	0030	17	0230	3.5-14	NAQCC CW Sprint	CW	RST, SPC, mbr or power	naqcc.info/contests.html
17	1930	17	2059	3.5	BCC QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), T-shirt size	bavarian-contest-club.de/2326
18	2100	18	2359	3.5	AGB NEMIGA Contest	CW Ph Dig	RST, serial, mbr (if any)	ev5agb.com/index_eng.html
19	0000	19	2359	1.8-VHF	FOC QSO Party	CW	RST, name, mbr (if any)	g4foc.org/qsoparty
19	0000	20	2359	1.8-UHF	Collegiate QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	School name, RS(T), operating class	collegiateqsoparty.com
19	0600	20	2359	10 GHz +	ARRL 10 GHz and Up Contest	CW Ph Dig	6-char maidenhead locator	www.arrl.org/10-ghz-up
10	0000	20	2000	50,70,	ACTIFIC TO GITE and Op Contest	OWITIDIS	O-Grial Hialderinoad locator	www.arm.org/ro-gnz-up
19	1200	20	0800	144,432,	SARL VHF/UHF Digital Contest	Dig	RST, 6-char grid locator	www.sarl.org.za
10	1200	20	1200	1296	Scandinguign Activity Contact CM	CW	DCT notice	contact not/blog
19	1200	20	1200	3.5-28	Scandinavian Activity Contest, CW		RST, serial	sactest.net/blog
19	1200	20	1200	1.8-28	All Africa International DX Contest	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), serial	www.sarl.org.za
19	1400	20	0200	1.8-UHF	Iowa QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), IA county or SPC	www.w0yl.com/IAQP
	1500	19	2100	1.8-28	QRP Afield	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), SPC, mbr or power	newenglandqrp.org/qrp-afield-2018
19	1600	19	2300	3.5-144	Wisconsin Parks on the Air	Ph	WI park abbreviation or SPC	wipota.com
19	1600		0359	3.5-28	New Jersey QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), NJ county or SPC	k2td-bcrc.org/njqp
19	1600	20	2200	1.8-UHF	New Hampshire QSO Party	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), NH county or SPC	w1wqm.org/nhqso
19	1600	20	2359	1.8-144	Washington State Salmon Run	CW Ph Dig	RS(T), WA county or SPC	wwdxc.org/salmonrun
19	1800		1959	1.8-50	Feld Hell Sprint	Dig	RST, mbr, SPC, grid	sites.google.com/site/feldhellclub
							Other station's call, your call,	
20	0000	20	0400	3.5-14	North American Sprint, RTTY	Dig	serial, name, SPC	ncjweb.com
20	1700		2059	3.5-28	BARTG Sprint 75	Dig	Serial Serial	bartg.org.uk
	2300	21	0100	1.8-28	Run for the Bacon QRP Contest	CW Db Dia	RST, SPC, mbr or power	qrpcontest.com/pigrun
	1900		2300	144	144 MHz Fall Sprint	CW Ph Dig	4-char grid square	svhfs.org
	0000		0200	1.8-28	SKCC Sprint	CM	RST, SPC, name, mbr or power	skccgroup.com
24	1900	24	2030	3.5	RSGB 80-Meter Autumn Series, Data	Dig	RST, serial	rsgbcc.org/hf
26	0000	27	2359	3.5-28	CQ Worldwide DX Contest, RTTY	Dig	RST, CQ zone, US state or VE area (if US/VE)	www.cqwwrtty.com
26	1200	27	1200	1.8-28	Maine QSO Party	CW Ph	RS(T), ME county or SPC	ws1sm.com/MEQP.html
26	1400	26	1800	144, 432	AGCW VHF/UHF Contest	CW	RST, serial, power, 6-char grid	agcw.org/index.php/en
28	1900		2030	3.5	RSGB FT4 Contest Series	Dig	4-char grid square	www.rsgbcc.org/hf
29	1900	29	2300	222	222 MHz Fall Sprint	CW Ph Dig	4-char grid square	svhfs.org
	2000		2100	3.5	UKEICC 80-Meter Contest	CW	4-char grid square	ukeicc.com/80m-rules.php
30	2000	30	2100	3.5	UKEICC 80-Meter Contest	CW	4-cnar grid square	ukeicc.com/80m-rules.php

There are a number of weekly contests not included in the table above. For more info, visit: www.qrpfoxhunt.org, www.ncccsprint.com, and www.cwops.org.

All dates refer to UTC and may be different from calendar dates in North America. Mbr = Membership number. Serial = Sequential number of the contact. SPC = State, Province, DXCC Entity. XE = Mexican state. Listings in blue indicate contests sponsored by ARRL or NCJ. The latest time to make a valid contest QSO is the minute listed in the "Finish Time" column. Data for Contest Corral is maintained on the WA7BNM Contest Calendar at www.contestcalendar.com and is extracted for publication in QST 2 months prior to the month of the contest. ARRL gratefully acknowledges the support of Bruce Horn, WA7BNM, in providing this service.

2020 ARRL International DX Phone Contest Results 7-8, 2020.

This year's ARRL **DX Phone Contest** was held March



John Bayne, KK9A, returned to Aruba for the first time since dismantling his own station there in 2011, and operated as P4ØA using the P49Y/P4ØL contest station for the 2020 ARRL International DX Phone Contest. John took the top spot in the DX Single Operator, Low Power category. [John Bayne, KK9A, photo]

The antenna farm at Rolandas Jokubauskas's, LY4A, station in Lithuania. Using his impressive contest station during the 2020 ARRL International DX Phone Contest, he secured a top 10 finish in the Single Operator, High Power category. [Rolandas Jokubauskas, LY4A, photo]



Full Results Online

You can read the full results of the contest online at http://contests. arrl.org. You'll find detailed analysis and more play-by-play, along with the full line scores. Improve your results by studying your log-checking report, too.



71,316

12.657

Top Ten — US and Canada

Single Op	erator.	Single Ope	rator	Single Oper	rator.	Single Ope	rator.	Multioner	ator, Single
High Pow		Unlimited,		160 Meters	,	20 Meters			r, Low Power
VY2ZM	3,563,388	High Powe	r	W2MF	10,920	W2RE	866.520	N1SOH	361,440
NR3X (N4)		AA1K	2.647.890	AG4W	7.788	VE3DZ	504,561	NM1C	276,024
The state of the s	3,071,232	NC1I (K9PV		VE3PN	5,760	N7TU (K2S		VD1TP	237,300
VY2TT	2,815,005		2.400.930	WB4WXE	3,456		337,584	N8YXR	227,520
CF3A (VE3		K1KI (KM1P	(op)	VA3SK	1,656	WØEWD	249,705	KJ3T	182,214
	2,663,592		2,397,933	W8KA	330	AA6AA	200,178	AB5J	65,238
NIUR	2,596,770	K3WW	2,355,723	NØUY	75	K8LX	155,682	WA1F	59,169
W9RE	2,249,208	N3RD	2,274,300			AB4B	154,755	K9IU	48.654
K4AB	1,749,468	N3RS	2.096,766	Single Oper	rator,	K8FF	152,844	K2AA	40.290
K3ZO	1,592,748	W3UA	2,071,197	80 Meters	- I Dan Mey	W1AVK	80,136	NJ1F	23,814
N9RV	1,366,854	AA3B	2,051,148	W3BGN	55.278	KØBBB	70,227		
NA8V	1,277,760	K5TR	2,030,145	K8UR	47,064			Multiopere	ator, Two
		K1RX	1,914,528	W3NO	35,697	Single Ope	rator,	Transmitte	
Single Op	erator,			KK6ZM	35,460	15 Meters		N1MM	2,508,768
Low Powe		Single Ope	rator	WD6T (@N6		K5RX	28.302	K8AZ	1,989,504
N4TZ	660,630	Unlimited,			28,362	K1KNQ	14.715	K2AX	1,545,372
K5KU	480,447	Low Power		KA1IS	26,733	N6WM	14,040	W2CG	1,541,904
AD5A	452,160	NN1C	1,397,955	NØOK	23,364	NC0B	10,605	W5WZ	1,360,176
NT6Q (N52		VA3DF	805,140	K5KJ	19,440	WB2AMU	8,280	KA1ZD	1,331,388
	423,864	NY6DX	593,460	VE9ML	16,686	AJ6T	6,231	K3MTR	1,165,920
K5FUV	369,720	KS1J	500,712	W9JOE	13,833	KX2S	5.880	KT7E	1,034,343
N1DD	318,852	N2SQW	418,902		USE ARRESTS	W2NPT (W3		WB2P	821,712
W7RM (K2		WA1FCN	417,750	Single Oper	rator.		5.301	WIQK	709,275
	317,628	W3KB	401,622	40 Meters		AD4L	4,263		
KE3X	292,992	W9XT	375,708	W7WA	250,290	WD5DJW	2.898	Multiopere	ator.
W6DVS	285,735	W1SIP	342,720	KT3RR	31,086			Multitrans	
K3SU	273,321	WO1N	330,270	K2UR	30.552	Single Ope	rator,	K3LR	7,332,930
				KD4RH	25,668	10 Meters		W3LPL	6,326,451
Single Op	erator.	Single Ope	rator	W2AAB	24,960	W5PR	1.404	KITTT	3,478,596
QRP	1770 F	Unlimited,		WB8YYY	22,326	W4DD	864	NE3F	1,335,180
WE6EZ	79,968	K8ZT	48.618	WA8RCN	18,900	N4TUT	486	W1CSM	783,144
K3TW	41,976	K7SS	16,830	WDØBGZ	13,356	K4WI	378	K5LRW	46,866
W6QU (W8		K2GMY	6,480	K3HW	13,350		0.0	TOLITY	40,000
11000	28,638	W8IQ	1,872	WA3FAE	12,054	Multiopera	tor Single		
AG4ZL	8,232	KJ5T	330	(7.10.1500)1.15m	10.000		High Power		
KA6PNL	8,178	NRØQ	243			NV9L	2,309,568		
N3CI	6.804	K6CTA	3			K3ND	1,412,403		
WX2N	6,660					K2LE	1,410,870		
K1MTD	4,935					W3MF	1.096.704		
K2MIJ	3.564					K3MD	1.012.500		
W7BAK	2,697					N7NR	964.275		
						W8PR	954.018		
						W3LL	806.031		
						N3XF	761.001		
						WT3Q	753,480		

Top Ten — DX

Single Op	
High Pow	
TI7W (N6N	/J, op)
	7,611,516
8P5A	6.287.502
V47T	5,762,700
NP2P (N2	
MEET (ME	3,740,076
TOTA /EE	
TO5A (F5V	/HJ, op)
	3,177,291
KP3MM	2,868,624
KH6LC (N	6TJ, op)
	2.781.360
ZF5T	2,463,912
KL7RA (KI	ØR. op)
11.4441.000.000.000	1,848,384
EA8RM	1,762,344
L/10/11/1	1,700,011
Single Op	ovetov
Low Powe	
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
P40A (KKS	
	4,035,720
VP2MMF (K1XX, op)
	3.342,993
KP3DX (N	P4Z, op)
10.000000000000000000000000000000000000	2,675,970
WP3R	1,579,662
V31MA	1.064,460
KP4PR	1,026,195
KH6CJJ	942.033
PJ7AA (AA	ASA, op)
	675,132
TI2OY	548,100
IW1FRU	404 740
14411110	431,748

LZ9W (LZ1L	
HA1DAE	117,549 41,205
F5BEG	24,924
JH7UJU	11,592
JA6GCE	9,840
JQ1NGT	6,018
DF5RF	4,131
9A5VS	3,744
IW2NRI	3,564 2,709

Single Op Unlimited	erator . High Powe
KP2M (N27	
Automotive Charles Control	4,222,245
PT5J (PP5	JR, op)
All and the second	3,947,010
DL6FBL	2,912,760
V26M (N3A	
and the second	2,696,493
EA7X	2,600,250
ZW5B (PY	
	2,444,400
OM2VL	1,783,449
9A0BB (9A	
0457/040	1,606,554
9A5Y (9A3	
LY4A	1,595,715
LY4A	1,412,445

LIMA	1,412,445
Single Ope Unlimited, VP9I (K3SW	Low Power
S52NR HK4GOO 9Z4Y	1,629,360 582,180 491,526 342,030
HIØLT (KC1)	XX, op) 338,082 167,940
PR5K (PY5I PY2ZR	FO, op) 123,093 100,320
PY2CX PS8HF	94,122 83,520

Single Ope Unlimited,	
PY2XC	47,088
OK2FD	21,420
PV8AZ	9,576
DJ1XT	2,100
JK1TCV	2,040
MM3AWD	969
R7FO	882
YC2VOC	126
BA4TB	18

Single Ope	
15JVA	23,760
SN7D (SQ7)	
CTOOLS TO A TOTAL	11,253
LUBDPM	5,859
LY7Z	3,135
YO3APJ	3,021
RTØF	1,554
HC5DX	1,092
WL7N	264
SP3GTS	147
Single Ope	rator,

80 Meters	,
XE2X	201,780
F6KHM (F4I	DXW, op)
	159,384
EA5KA	153,120
MI5K (MIØS	
	119,556
TI2CC	110,040
TM9R	106,947
II9P (IT9EQ	
4004002	99,468
I4AVG	92,196
HB9CXZ	90,552
HG1S (HA1	
	80,850

Single Operator, 40 Meters CR6T (CT1ESV, op) 451,794 LX2ØI (F4HWS, op)

	420,918
I4VEQ	381,006
S51YI	290,055
ED1R (EC1KF	(qo ,F
	232,290
OM2KI	225,000
SN3A (SP3GE	
	220,590
YTØA (YT7WN	
2012/06/08/09	218.340
EA5Z	215.238
CR6K (CT1CJ	
	208,449
	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN

Single Op	
FY5FY	578,829
D4Z	555,768
PYOF (PT	2IC, op)
	360,006
S50R	332,568

S5ØR	332,568
PV2P	311,220
HA8JV	285,324
IR6T (IK6JI	NH, op)
	282,162
YT1X	279,990
IR1G (IT9F	(GY, op)
	270,474
S57AL	259,677

Single Operator, 15 Meters

FY5KE (F1H	IAR, op)
	358,380
PX2A (PY2F	PT, op)
	328,689
CV7S	307,449
KP4RV	225,888
LW7DX	182,526
PY5WW	134,577
LU1DK	117,978
PP5JN	96,030
PY2UD	90,630
LU9VD (LU9	VEA, op)
	68,952

Single Oper 10 Meters	ator,
PY2TMV	5,859
CA4PSH	5,151
PU5FJR	4,914
PU2SDX	2,832
PU2WDX	2,736
PU2UAF	2,091
PU1JSV	1,248
PU5DUD	1,215
PU5BOY	552
PU5DEH	450

Multiope	rator, Single
Transmit	ter, High Powe
ZF1A	6,404,508
J68HZ	6,210,894
TOØA	5,360,952
НЗЗК	4,144,608
KH7M	3,368,418
TO3Z	3,309,600
IR4M	2,970,768
1050	2,414,475
4A7S	2,316,762
J68SS	2,048,634

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Multioper Two Trans	
PJ4G	8,094,204
HQ9X	6,030,822
M6T	2,228,373
EI9E	1,418,112
RW7K	1,303,848
HG7T	913,323
JH8YOH	439,200
C37N	236,940
IQ8UW	7,875

Multioperator, Multitransmitter				
PJ2T	7,052,760			
9A1A	3,611,376			
HCØE	1,224,990			
JA3YBK	849,537			
LN8W	771,786			
ILIGHPN	630			

Sponsored Plaque Winners

Thanks to the generous support of numerous clubs and individuals, we are pleased to list the winners of the sponsored International DX Phone Contest plaques below. For more information on plaque sponsorship or to order a duplicate plaque, contact ARRL Contest Branch Manager Paul Bourque, N1SFE, at 860-594-0232 or contests@arrl.org. Plaques cost \$80, which includes all shipping charges.

Winner	Plaque Category	Plaque Sponsor
W5PR 8P5A PY2UDB KH6LC (N6TJ, op) KP2M (N2TK, op) ZF1A W9RE N4TZ AA9A T32AZ N4TZ AA9A (N9UA, op) W9XT WB9Z	W/VE 28 MHz Phone North America Single Operator, High Power CW World 28 MHz CW Oceania Single Operator, High Power Phone World Single Operator Unlimited, High Power Phone North America Multioperator, Single Transmitter, High Power Phone Central Division Single Operator, High Power Phone Central Division Single Operator, Low Power Phone Central Division Multioperator, Single Transmitter CW Oceania 3.5 MHz Phone Central Division Single Operator, Low Power CW Central Division Single Operator Unlimited, High Power Phone Central Division Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power Phone Central Division Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power CW Central Division Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power CW Central Division Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power CW	Jeff Stuparits, W4DD Potomac Valley Radio Club Jeff Stuparits, W4DD Albert Crespo, F5VHJ — In memory of Carl Cook, Al6V Charles Dietz, W5PR Nick Lash, K9KLR Society of Midwest Contesters Society of Midwest Contesters Society of Midwest Contesters Burton M. Parmeter, KG7MD, Memorial Award Society of Midwest Contesters

Division Winners							
Single Operator, High Power		Hudson	NY6DX	593,460	Single Operato	r. 15 Meters	
Atlantic K3ZO	1,592,748	Midwest	AAØAI	130,524	Atlantic	KX2S	5,880
Central W9RE	2,249,208	New England	NN1C	1,397,955	Central	WB9HFK	2.016
Dakota KØJJR	172,674	Northwestern	WZ8T	161,586	Delta	AJ6T	6,231
Delta AC4G	412,764	Pacific	KL7HQR/W6	38,982	Great Lakes	N8PPF	714
Great Lakes NA8V	1,277,760	Roanoke	WT8WV	129,360	Hudson	WB2AMU	8,280
Hudson W2XL	318,636	Rocky Mountain	AD1C	94,470	Midwest	ADØH	2,706
Midwest NØUU	28,140	Southeastern	WA1FCN	417,750	New England	W1CEK	3
New England NR3X (N4YDU, op)	3,071,232	Southwestern	KF7DUR	45,978	Pacific	N6WM	14,040
Northwestern N9RV	1,366,854	West Gulf	N5DO	223,650	Roanoke	AD4L	4,263
Pacific W6YX (N7MH, op)	1,012,206	Canada	VA3DF	805,140	Rocky Mountain	NCØB	10,605
Roanoke KA8Q	301,140	Charle Oncorte	. Halimitani ODD		Southeastern	K1KNQ	14,715
Rocky Mountain N2IC	920,580		r Unlimited, QRP	40.040	Southwestern	N6RM	882
Southeastern K4AB Southwestern W6AFA	1,749,468 457,776	Great Lakes	K8ZT NRØQ	48,618	West Gulf	K5RX VE2NCG	28,302 396
West Gulf K5WA	896,448	Midwest Northwestern	K7SS	243 16,830	Canada	VEZNOG	390
Canada VY2ZM	3,563,388	Pacific	K2GMY	6,480	Single Operato	u 10 Mateur	
Carlada VIZZIVI	0,000,000	West Gulf	KJ5T	330		W4DD	864
		West dui	1001	330	Southeastern West Gulf	W5PR	
Single Operator, Low Power		Single Operato	r 160 Meters		west Guil	Work	1,404
Atlantic KE3X	292,992	Atlantic	W2MF	10,920			
Central N4TZ	660,630	Dakota	NOUY	75	Multianavatar (Single Transmitte	w Wiels Dawer
Dakota NGØC	129,480	Southeastern	AG4W	7,788			
Delta K5KU	480,447	Southwestern	W8KA	330	Atlantic Central	K3ND NV9L	1,412,403 2,309,568
Great Lakes N8GLS	264,735	Canada	VE3PN	5,760	Dakota	NRØT	87,543
Hudson N2HMM	138,138	- Curician	V 44.01 11	0,, 00	Great Lakes	W8PR	954,018
Midwest NØYO	77,760	Single Operato	r. 80 Meters		Hudson	WU2X	258,063
New England N1DD	318,852	Atlantic	W3BGN	55,278	New England	K2LE	1,410,870
Northwestern W7RM (K2PO, op)	317,628	Central	W9JOE	13,833	Northwestern	W7VO	222,264
Pacific W6US	78,648	Dakota	NØOK	23,364	Pacific	NW6P	595.392
Roanoke W6DVS	285,735	New England	KA1IS	26,733	Southeastern	K2DM	537,768
Rocky Mountain WA2JQZ	23,562	Northwestern	KK6ZM	35,460	Southwestern	N7NR	964,275
Southeastern WW4XX (LZ4AX, op)		Pacific	WD6T (@N6RO)	28,362	Canada	VA2UR	402,570
Southwestern NT6Q (N5ZO, op)	423,864	Roanoke	K8UR	47,064			
West Gulf AD5A	452,160	Southeastern	K4RZR	810	Multioperator, S	Single Transmitte	er, Low Power
Canada VA1SEA	179,580	West Gulf	K5KJ	19,440	Atlantic	K2AA	40,290
Simple Committee CDD		Canada	VE9ML	16,686	Central	K9IU	48,654
Single Operator, QRP		27.72			Dakota	NDØC	8,832
Delta N5MZX	2,520	Single Operato			Great Lakes	N8YXR	227,520
Hudson WX2N New England K1MTD	6,660 4,935	Atlantic	KT3RR	31,086	Hudson	NJ1F	23,814
New England K1MTD Northwestern N7JI	1,044	Central	K2UR	30,552	New England	N1SOH	361,440
Roanoke AG4ZL	8,232	Great Lakes	WA8RCN	18,900	Northwestern	W7JCR	36
Southeastern K3TW	41,976	Hudson	W2AAB	24,960	Southeastern	KJ3T	182,214
Southwestern W6QU (W8QZA, op)	28,638	Midwest	WDØBGZ	13,356	Southwestern	WA6SUN	168
West Gulf WE6EZ	79,968	New England	KC1IMK W7WA	126 250,290	West Gulf	AB5J VD1TP	65,238
772022	, 0,000	Northwestern Pacific	WA6SSO	420	Canada	VUITE	237,300
Single Operator Unlimited, High Por	wer	Roanoke	KD4RH	25,668	Multioperator, 1	Transmitter	
Atlantic AA1K	2.647.890	Southeastern	NS4T	4,224			4 545 070
Central AA9A (N9UA, op)	1.523.520	Southwestern	N7BK	4,050	Atlantic	K2AX W5WZ	1,545,372
Dakota WAØMHJ	342,528	West Gulf	KI5EBJ	3	Delta Great Lakes	K8AZ	1,360,176 1,989,504
Delta WV4P	621,432	Canada	VE4VJR	1,764	Hudson	W2CG	1,541,904
Great Lakes W8MJ	1,232,640	-		.,	Midwest	NOMA	97,497
Hudson KF2O	853,470	Single Operato	r. 20 Meters		New England	N1MM	2,508,768
Midwest KØVXU	324,198	Atlantic	AI3Q	50,850	Northwestern	KT7E	1,034,343
New England NC1I (K9PW, op)	2,400,930	Central	W9ILY	64,242	Pacific	W6WB	145,089
Northwestern K7RL	1,605,120	Dakota	KØBBB	70,227	Southeastern	K4VQ	277,887
Pacific K6RC	309,042	Delta	KB8VND	7,182	West Gulf	N5AA	109,926
Roanoke N4RV	1,137,150	Great Lakes	K8LX	155,682	Canada	VE6FI	643,914
Rocky Mountain KØRF	1,477,074	Hudson	W2GFV	12,558			
Southeastern K1MM	1,797,780	Midwest	WØEWD	249,705	Multioperator, I	Multitransmitter	
Southwestern N6RV	565,110	New England	W2RE	866,520	Atlantic	K3LR	7,332,930
West Gulf K5TR	2,030,145	Northwestern	KI7DG	9,450	New England	K1TTT	3,478,596
Canada VE5MX	934,212	Pacific	AA6AA	200,178	Rocky Mountain		46,866
Simple Occupies Hellerited L. B.	100	Roanoke	N4GVW	390	3		(100 mark (100 m))
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Pov		Rocky Mountain	WAØPFC	1,680			
Atlantic W3KB	401,622	Southeastern	AB4B	154,755			
Central W9XT	375,708	Southwestern	N7TU (K2SS, op)	337,584			
Dakota NØUR Delta KB5QR	160,776	West Gulf	W1JCW	45,630			
Great Lakes WB8WKQ	7,020 306,270	Canada	VE3DZ	504,561			
Great Lakes VYDOVVICO	300,270						

Continental Winners

Africa			Nor
Single Operator, High Power	EA8RM	1,762,344	Sing
Single Operator, Low Power	EA8AUW	203,610	Sing
Single Operator Unlimited, High Power	ED8M (EA8DIG, op)	195,552	Sing
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power	EF8O (EA8OM, op)	6,660	Sing
Single Operator, 20 Meters	D4Z	555,768	Sing
Single Operator, 15 Meters	EA8DED	46,569	Sing
			Sing
Asia			Sing
Single Operator, High Power	JA2AXB	132,933	Sing
Single Operator, Low Power	JH1EAQ	103,095	Mult
Single Operator, QRP	JH7UJU	11,592	Mult Mult
Single Operator Unlimited, High Power	JAØFVU	55,980	iviuit
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power	JA6WFM	21,450	Oce
Single Operator Unlimited, QRP	JK1TCV RTØF	2,040	
Single Operator, 160 Meters Single Operator, 80 Meters	JAØJHA	1,554 50,544	Sing Sing
Single Operator, 40 Meters	RA9V	3,780	Sing
Single Operator, 20 Meters	JA7NVF	122,472	Sing
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, High Power	JH4UYB	701,244	Sing
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, Low Power	JK2VOC	7,584	Sing
Multioperator, Two Transmitter	JHBYOH	439,200	Sing
Multioperator, Multitransmitter	JA3YBK	849,537	Sing
			Sing
Europe			Mult
Single Operator, High Power	IR2Q (IK2PFL, op)	1,688,460	Mult
Single Operator, Low Power	IW1FRU	431,748	
Single Operator, QRP	LZ9W (LZ1UQ, op)	117,549	Sou
Single Operator Unlimited, High Power	DL6FBL	2,912,760	Sing
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power	S52NR	582,180	Sing
Single Operator Unlimited, QRP	OK2FD	21,420	Sing
Single Operator, 160 Meters	I5JVA	23,760	Sing
Single Operator, 80 Meters	F6KHM (F4DXW, op)	159,384	Sing
Single Operator, 40 Meters	CR6T (CT1ESV, op) S5ØR	451,794	Sing
Single Operator, 20 Meters	EC5K	332,568 38,760	Sing
Single Operator, 15 Meters Multioperator, Single Transmitter, High Power	IR4M	2,970,768	Sing Sing
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, Low Power	EA2RCA	9,504	Sing
Multioperator, Two Transmitter	M6T	2,228,373	Sing
Multioperator, Multitransmitter	9A1A	3,611,376	Sing
		-,011,010	Mult
			Mult

North America		
Single Operator, High Power	TI7W (N6MJ, op)	7,611,516
Single Operator, Low Power	VP2MMF (K1XX, op)	3,342,993
Single Operator Unlimited, High Power	KP2M (N2TK, op)	4,222,245
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power	VP9I (K3SW, op)	1,629,360
Single Operator, 160 Meters	WL7N	264
Single Operator, 80 Meters	XE2X	201,780
Single Operator, 40 Meters	CM2XN	160,911
Single Operator, 20 Meters	WP4SD	145,962
Single Operator, 15 Meters	KP4RV	225.888
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, High Power	ZF1A	6,404,508
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, Low Power	VP5M	3,290,130
Multioperator, Two Transmitter	HQ9X	6,030,822
Oceania		
Single Operator, High Power	KH6LC (N6TJ, op)	2,781,360
Single Operator, Low Power	KH6CJJ	942,033
Single Operator, QRP	VK4FOMP	960
Single Operator Unlimited, High Power	VK4QH	144,336
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power	YE8XBN	3,120
Single Operator Unlimited, QRP	YC2VOC	126
Single Operator, 80 Meters	T32AZ	19,656
Single Operator, 40 Meters	VK3GK	69,795
Single Operator, 20 Meters	DX7EVM (DU7OK, op)	4,347
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, High Power	KH7M	3,368,418
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, Low Power	DX4EVM	1,440
South America		
Single Operator, High Power	CE3CT	759,015
Single Operator, Low Power	P4ØA (KK9A, op)	4,035,720
Single Operator, QRP	PY2BN	540
Single Operator Unlimited, High Power	PT5J (PP5JR, op)	3,947,010
Single Operator Unlimited, Low Power	HK4GOO	491,526
Single Operator Unlimited, QRP	PY2XC	47,088
Single Operator, 160 Meters	LU8DPM	5,859
Single Operator, 80 Meters	PX2B (PY2LED, op)	58,320
Single Operator, 40 Meters	LU5FC	161,820
Single Operator, 20 Meters	FY5FY	578,829
Single Operator, 15 Meters	FY5KE (F1HAR, op) PY2TMV	358,380 5,859
Single Operator, 10 Meters Multioperator, Single Transmitter, High Power	OA4O	1,222,404
Multioperator, Single Transmitter, Low Power	HCØT	1,917,480
Multioperator, Two Transmitter	PJ4G	8,094,204
Multioperator, Multitransmitter	PJ2T	7,052,760
walloperator, wallatanomitter	1021	1,002,100



All ARRL members can now enjoy the digital edition of QEX as a member benefit. Coming up in the September/October 2020 and future QEX issues are articles and technical notes on a range of amateur radio topics. These are at the top of the queue.

- André Champel, F5SQ, alerts us in his Technical Note of a fire hazard in using window transmission line.
- Gwyn Griffiths, G3ZIL; Rob Robinett, Al6VN, and Glenn Elmore, N6GN, estimate LF and HF band noise while acquiring WSPR spots.

- Carl Luetzelschwab, K9LA, comments in a Technical Note on extending the matching range of an 80-meter antenna.
- Eric Nichols, KL7AJ, in the second installment of his Essay Series, discusses setting up a home electrical engineering lab.
- John Post, KA5GSQ, generates and receives single-sideband signals using GNU radio companion.
- Grant Saviers, KZ1W, and Rob Fanfant, N7QT, report on their H4ØTT "suitcase" DXpedition to Pigeon Island, Temotu Province.

QEX, a forum for the free exchange of ideas among communications experimenters, is edited by Kazimierz "Kai" Siwiak, KE4PT, (ksiwiak@arrl.org) and is published bimonthly. All ARRL members can

enjoy the digital edition as a member benefit. The *printed edition* annual subscription rate (six issues per year) for members and non-members in the United States is \$29. First-class delivery in the US is available at an annual rate of \$40. For international subscribers, including those in Canada and Mexico, *QEX* can be delivered by airmail for \$35 annually, see www.arrl.org/qex.

Would you like to write for *QEX*? We pay \$50 per published page for full articles and *QEX* Technical Notes. Get more information and an Author Guide at www.arrl.org/qex-authorguide. If you prefer postal mail, send a business-size self-addressed, stamped (US postage) envelope to: *QEX* Author Guide, c/o Maty Weinberg, ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111.

The 2020 Collegiate QSO Party

0000 UTC Saturday, September 19 - 2359 UTC Sunday, September 20

The Collegiate QSO Party returns for its third year! This event has become a mainstay of the ARRL Collegiate Amateur Radio Initiative (CARI), and celebrates students, faculty, staff, and alumni of college- and university-based amateur radio clubs around the world.

Any licensed amateur is encouraged to participate in the event to contact schools and individuals. Points are awarded for number of contacts, with multipliers for working alumni from your school and contacting collegiate clubs around the world. Bonus points are even awarded for contacting your alma mater's club!

The event also seeks to provide positive community engagement for the start of the academic year. College and university clubs can earn bonuses for engaging administration, operating on campus, and promoting the event with social media.

Awards cover the event's five operating classes, ranging from individuals and non-collegiate clubs to faculty and alumni. The exchange is simple: call sign, school identifier, RST, and operating class.

Support collegiate clubs on social media during the event with #collegiateQSOparty. If you are interested in getting involved in the ARRL Collegiate Amateur Radio Initiative, check out www.arrl.org/wewantu.

Complete rules, suggested bands, sample QSO script, and log submission information can be found at http://collegiateqsoparty.com. For any questions, please email andy@gatorradio.org or tony@kd8rtt.com.

Congratulations

June 2020 QST Cover Plaque Award Winner

Mike Bryce WB8VGE

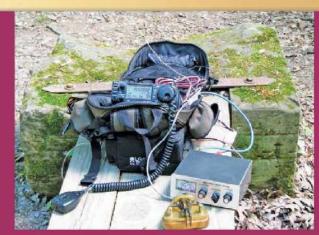
Mike's article, "Battery Sizing for Portable Operation," offered valuable information, not only for ARRL Field Day, but for portable operating in general. Thanks to Mike's advice, readers will be able to avoid unpleasant surprises!

QST Cover Plaque Awards are given to the author or authors of the most popular article in each issue.

You choose the winners by casting your vote online at

www.arrl.org/cover-plaque-poll

Log in now and pick your favorite article in this issue!



Battery Sizing for Portable Operation

the right battery capacity for portable and ARRL Field Day operating

Mike Bryce, WB8VGE

Portable HF operation is on fire right now. It seems like everyone is putting signals out from parks. Iighthouses, and just about every hiltop or mountaintop in between. The lead photo shows my portable HF station via bicycle for a mile or so. A 7.5 Ah battery powers my loom IC-703. Power is the fundamental requirement for all communications, and when you're operating portable, you need to bring your own. How much power you need depends on many stators.

Sizing by the Numbers

Determining how much battery capacity you need is a simple math problem. Let's use the popular loom IC-7300 transceiver as an example. According to its

30 June 2020 GST www.ard.org

specification sheet, the 7300 draws 0.9 to 1.25 A on receive. Let's call this 1 A for our normal listening volume. Transmit current could be as high as 21 A. That's our baseline.

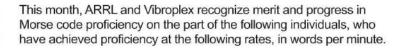
How long you plan to operate, the duty factor and duty cycle of your transmitter, and the mode you'll be operating are all important information. You need all these factors to produce an accurate battery sizing profile. Of course, your mileage will vary.

Operation while just chatting (or "regchewing") is normally a 50% duty cycle — half the time you're listening and the other half you're transmitting. Contest operation can drastically change the transmit-receive duty cycle.

Certificate of Code Proficiency

Recipients Sponsored by VIBROP

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March 2020		June 2020		Steven K. Jenkins, W4MGT	20
Joseph S. Kennedy, WQ6Q	10	Michael P. Essi, K8WZY	10	Garth R. Kennedy, W9KJ	20
(A1)		Richard J. Gibilisco, NEØJ	10	Juan P. Munoz, KC2FKM	20
May 2020		Kenneth A. Knox, KD2KEH	10	Robin L. Zinsmaster, N6PHP	20
Kirk S. Goddard, AG7YM	10	Mark A. Rollings, N5JJC	10	Leland R. Bond, N7KC	25
James Joseph Goudy, NØJG	10	Byron L. Smith, W9ELM	10	Ronald J. Hollas, K8RJH	25
Randy E. Prescher, AC9WR	10	Gary G. Swenson, KA2HAN	10	Murray A. Scott, KE8UM	25
William A. Riches, WA2DVU	10	Christopher H. Tenev, K2QFA	10	Jay P. Jenkins, WE2KEY	40
Gregory S. Weiler, K3MGQ	10	Richard W. Candelent, KE1RC	15	(S) (S)	
Benjamin M. Cahill, III, AC2YD	15	John M. Carlson, KØHD	15	July 2020	
Benjamin M. Cahill, III, AC2YD	20	Maynard L. Denny, K4WMT	15	Garth R. Kennedy, W9KJ	25
Richard E. DuBroff, W9XW	20	Steven K. Jenkins, W4MGT	15	500	
Ralph L. Irons, N4RLI	25	Colin K. Phoon, AE3A	15		
William J. Wrbican, K3QP	30	Maynard L. Denny, K4WMT	20		
Philippe Givet, F5IYJ	35	Ronald J. Hollas, K8RJH	20	Congratulations to all the reci	pients.
Jay P. Jenkins, WE2KEY	35				

September 2020 W1AW Qualifying Runs

W1AW, the Hiram Percy Maxim Memorial Station at ARRL Headquarters in Newington, Connecticut, transmits Morse code Qualifying Runs to assist ham radio operators in increasing and perfecting their proficiency in Morse code. Amateur radio operators can earn a Certificate of Code Proficiency or endorsements by listening to W1AW Qualifying Runs.

September Qualifying Runs will be transmitted by W1AW in Newington, Connecticut at the times shown at 1.802.5, 3.581.5, 7.047.5, 14.047.5, 18.097.5, 21.067.5, 28.067.5, 50.350, and

147.555 MHz. The West Coast Qualifying Runs will be transmitted by K6KPH on Saturday, September 26 at 2 PM PDT (2100 UTC) on 3581.5, 7047.5, 14047.5, 18097.5 kHz. Unless indicated otherwise, sending speeds are from 10 to 35 WPM.

Amateur radio operators who participate in Qualifying Runs may submit proof of 1 minute of the highest speed they have copied in the hope of qualifying for the Certificate of Code Proficiency, or an endorsement to their existing certificate.

Legibly copy at least 1 minute of text by hand, and mail the sheet to: W1AW Qualifying Runs, 225 Main St., Newington, CT USA 06111.

Include \$10 (check or money order) if this is a submission for your initial Code Proficiency certificate; \$7.50 if you are applying for an endorsement (available for speeds up to 40 WPM). Your test will be

checked against the actual transmissions to determine if you have qualified.

For more information about Qualifying Runs, please visit www.arrl.org/qualifying-run-schedule.

For information about how to qualify for the Certificate of Code Proficiency, please visit www.arrl.org/code-proficiency-certificate.



W1AW Code Proficiency Schedule — September 2020 (All times in Eastern Daylight Time)

(All littles in Euslett Duylight Time)					
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
	9/1 7 PM – 2300Z 35 – 10 WPM		9/3 10 PM – 0200Z (9/4 – UTC) 10 – 40 WPM	9/4 9 AM – 1300Z 10 – 35 WPM	
Labor Day	9/8 4 PM – 2000Z 10 – 35 WPM	9/9 7 PM – 2300Z 10 – 40 WPM	9/10 9 AM – 1300Z 35 – 10 WPM	9/11 10 PM - 0200Z (9/12 - UTC) 10 - 35 WPM	
	9/15 9 AM – 1300Z 10 – 35 WPM	9/16 10 PM - 0200Z (9/17 - UTC) 35 - 10 WPM	9/17 7 PM – 2300Z 10 – 35 WPM	9/18 4 PM – 2000Z 10 – 40 WPM	
9/21 10 PM - 0200Z (9/22 - UTC) 10 - 40 WPM		9/23 9 AM – 1300Z 35 – 10 WPM	9/24 4 PM – 2000Z 35 – 10 WPM	9/25 7 PM – 2300Z 10 – 35 WPM	

How's DX?

A Tribute to a DX Contact

Due to the current travel restrictions caused by the pandemic, DXpeditions are on hold. Many of us are spending lots of time at home, and getting on the air allows us to connect with people in far-off places and maintain a relationship with the outside world. I'm always grateful to ham radio for helping me reach people around the globe, but especially now, when travel isn't an option. There's something special about being able to get on the radio and have a conversation with someone in another country, who I'd never meet otherwise. I'd like to take a moment to look back at my first DX contact, and consider the people we connect with behind the radios.

My First DX Contact

Several weeks after my first ham radio contact — at the age of 13 in 1977 — I found myself working Dr. Ernst Kredel, KZ5EK, in Balboa, Canal Zone, Panama. It was on 15 meters on December 10, 1977, Ernie was on SSB in the 15-meter band. In those days, US Novice stations could only transmit on CW on 80, 40, 15, and 10 meters. He was talking with another station, so I waited until he was done and then called him on CW. Ernie came back to me, giving a signal report. After finishing the contact, I immediately looked him up in the callbook and mailed him a QSL card. Ernie sent a card back with a note "vy psed to be ur First DX And to confirm vy fb mixed mode QSO."

Born on May 16, 1922, Ernie K. W. Kredel lived in Julich, near the triangle border of Belgium, the Netherlands, and Germany. Before

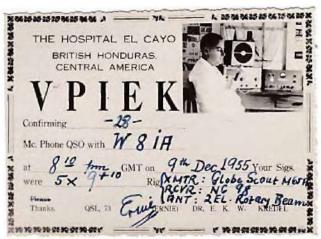


Figure 1 — A QSL card from VP1EK. [Ernie Kredel, KZ5EK, photo]

World War II, he was enrolled at the University of Freiburg, studying medicine. He was called into the military in the medical field, continuing his education until the end of the war. One of his locations was the occupied island of Guernsey, where he met his English wife. He later graduated and worked for several years in England.

During the 1950s, Ernie was working in El Cayo, British Honduras (now Belize), where he made friends with a missionary who was an amateur radio operator. Ernie became interested in amateur radio and was licensed as VP1EK (see Figure 1). His station was very simple. He used a dipole and was active on 20-meter CW and SSB. He was happy to be able to use his new hobby to talk to stations in Germany, near his childhood home.

Ultimately, Ernie wanted to go to the US, but his medical credentials were not adequate, so he needed to take a post-graduate course and pass an

exam. After that, he worked for the Panama Canal administration as a medical officer. At that time, the Canal Zone was a US territory and had separate DXCC status. While there, Ernie was licensed as KZ5EK and was able to set up a decent station with a beam, allowing him to work stations all around the world (including me). On October 1, 1979, the Canal Zone no longer existed as part of the Torrijos-Carter Treaties and was deleted off of the DXCC current list of countries. This meant that my first non-US country worked was also my first to be deleted.

Ernie eventually moved to North Carolina and then on to Mount Dora, Florida, where he was once again able to put up a beam and talk to amateur radio operators in and around where he grew up. Around 2014, Ernie moved back to his country of origin, living in Hamburg. I was saddened to find out that Ernie passed away on February 13, 2017. He was 94.

COVID-19 Disruptions

As mentioned in last month's column, DXpeditions, IOTA activations, and contest travel plans continue to be affected by the coronavirus. With that in mind, I'm not going to be giving as many details about upcoming operations, but rather just brief mentions. It may be best for the foreseeable future to keep your eyes on your favorite daily or weekly DX outlets, as they will have a better amount of time to react to the changing world we now see ourselves in.

Upcoming DX Operations

Mike, W1SRR, is being deployed to Guantanamo Bay as of mid-June. On his way there, at his first intermediate stop, he had to go into restrictions on movement (ROM), and guarantine for 2 weeks. He was hopeful to be on the island by mid-July, with plans to stay in GTMO for "a minimum of 9 months." Once there, he'll be spending free time exercising, doing water sports, and enjoying ham radio as KG4MA. He also expects to get his VEC to help some other service members earn their ham licenses. Listen for Mike on SSB and the digital modes, with some work to be done on CW. Mike is well aware of the need for KG4 on 6 meters (for more info, check his QRZ page at www.qrz.com/db/kg4ma).

John, W5JON, had to postpone his June trip to his vacation home in Calypso Bay, St. Kitts. He's now scheduled to be back at V47JA from August 22 to September 5. John has a 6-meter beacon on the mountain, signing V47JA/B on 50.053 MHz.

Hans-Martin, DK2HM, is hoping to spend a holiday-style operation from Easter Island, as XRØYHM, from August 27 to September 7. Some will remember his March 2019 operation from Rarotonga Island as E51HMK. Once in Pascua, he'll be active on SSB and digital modes on 80 through



10 meters (see his QRZ page for updates, at www.qrz.com/db/xr0yhm).

A Polish DXpedition team, including SP3CYY, SP3GEM, SP6EQZ, SP6IXF, SP9FOW, and SP9RCL, are hoping to be on Easter Island operating with special call XRØYSP from September 15 – 30. Check www.qrz.com/db/xr0ysp for the latest updates.

DXCC Conventions

The W8DXCC that was scheduled for August 29, running in conjunction with the Milford Amateur Radio Hamfest in Owensville, Ohio, has been canceled.

W9DXCC — held in the Chicago, Illinois, area every September — has been canceled this year (see www.w9dxcc.com for more info). W4DXCC in Pigeon Forge, Tennessee has also been canceled.

Skipping ahead to April 2021, the International DX Convention, which in

recent years has been held in Visalia, California, is going virtual. Part one will take place April 16 – 18 and part two April 23 – 25. Details can be found at www.dxconvention.com. Before the Virtual International DX Convention, Jim, N6TJ, and Dick, N6AA, noted the important social aspect of the annual gathering and have put one together for the month prior to the online event. This event is scheduled for March 19 – 21, 2021. For more details, contact Jim at n6tj@sbcglobal.net.

Wrap-Up

That's all for this month. A special thanks to AJ8B, DK2HM, N6TJ, W1SRR (KG4MA), and W5JON (V47JA) for helping to make this month's column possible. If you have any DX or IOTA news, or photos or club newsletters, please send them to bernie@dailydx.com. Until next month, see you in the pileups! — Bernie, W3UR

The World Above 50 MHz

The FT8 One-and-Done Phenomenon

It's common to see only one or two FT8 decodes from both DX and stateside stations, followed by no further reception. A few explanations of this could be a fixed E_s cloud bubbling above (and then below) the MUF, or a moving cloud. The "one-and-done" phenomenon is where you see one or perhaps two decodes from a station, and then they are gone. Many operators have noted this, and it appears on DX Cluster spots as well. So many operators wonder what is involved.

Walt, AJ6T, mentions E_s clouds right at the MUF. Other possibilities include E_s cloud movement. A small cloud moves across the path from you to a distant station at a 90-degree angle. It is briefly in position to support propagation, then continues drifting and then no propagation. Meteor scatter is another consideration. A meteor burns up in the right place to raise the MUF above 50 MHz. Once the ionization decays, the MUF drops.

This effect can be observed during a major meteor shower, such as the Geminids or Perseids. Stations pop in for a decode or two, then they are gone. MSK144 is able to utilize meteor bursts more efficiently for communication, as is SSB. FT8 sequences are 15 seconds each, with a repeat starting 30 seconds after the start of the first. Thus, MSK144 or SSB can take advantage of one-anddone propagation — sometimes to successfully complete a contact. FT4 may also be useful, due to the shorter sequences. Joe Taylor, K1JT, reported on the WSJT-X Development Group reflector that on June 7, he made 39 DX contacts using the FT4 mode on 50.318 MHz in just 44 minutes.

On the Bands

50 MHz. Adrian, VE7NZ, mentioned he worked Europe on May 31. June started off with a bang. Lee, KX4TT (EL87), worked several European stations, including URØMC on June 1. K6QXY worked ON4GG, F1IXQ, and G8BCG around 1528Z. Congratulations to W6TOD (DM15), who logged PA4VHF for his 100th DXCC entity on June 1. On June 3, Lloyd, K2KJ/1 (FN55), worked into W4. There was a big opening from Japan to W4 on the evening of June 3. From Utah, K7ULS/P (DN41) worked YS1AG and Japan. AAØMZ (EM29) logged a contact with KO6FE in rare grid CN71. On June 4, K7ULS added HC5VF, and on June 5, he logged 9H1TX and other European stations.

Rich, K1HTV (FM18), found a good European opening on June 7. The next day, Rich logged OD5KU for his 163rd 6-meter DXCC entity. Rich noted that, by end of day on June 8, he'd made contacts with 51 DX stations in 21 countries. Mario, K2ZD, logged TA1BM on June 8. On June 9, Bob, K2DRH (EN41), put Nicholas, TT8SN, in the log.

On June 9, Mario worked TT8SN for his 213th DXCC entity. K1HTV heard KH6CJJ on Maui. I, NØJK, caught one decode of KH6CJJ sending "73" to AD6D at 2337Z. Rich worked NH6Y (BL10). John, KFØM (EM17), worked KH6U for his 49th state on 6 meters during this opening. From Maui, Kent, KH6CJJ, says he runs 175 W to a four-element Yagi up 35 feet and made 65 stateside contacts that day.

On June 11, WA2GFN worked VE2CSI (FO60) on SSB. Dave, NM5Z, made a 6-meter contact with KH6U in Hawaii on June 12, at 2039Z. Jay, N1AV (DM43), also worked Hawaii, adding BA4SAI, HL3GOB, and HL2DAA on June 12. From northern California, Fred, K6IJ, worked KH6, W4, XE, PV8, and HK on June 12. During the ARRL June

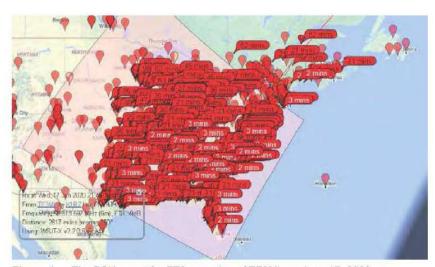


Figure 1 — The PSK report for FT8 reception of TF3ML on June 17, 2020, on 50 MHz. Stations are seen across the entire eastern half of North America.

VHF Contest, KFØM worked several stations in Japan. K1HTV worked 17 DXCC countries during the contest, including SØWS in southern Sudan.

On June 16, K1TOL, WW1L, and N2QT (FM07) worked several stations in Kazakhstan. From Wichita, Kansas, John, KFØM, made contacts with eight European stations. Lou, WØFK, in St. Louis (EM48), worked four new European countries. He noted that there are many operators home during the COVID-19 pandemic, who were able to take advantage of the great conditions, which he called "a ray of sunshine in an otherwise awful year."

TF3ML in Iceland had a big opening to the eastern half of North America on the afternoon of June 17 (see Figure 1). I even copied TF3ML on a mobile whip. John, KFØM (EM17), said TF3ML peaked to "+20" and worked him at 2133z. Meanwhile,

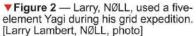
Rich, K1HTV, found good conditions to Ecuador. Rich worked 5 HC stations between 2325 – 2330Z on FT8 using "TX2" to expedite the contacts.

On June 18, Trent, N4DTF (EM55), worked KØLU (DN86) on SSB. K7ULS worked LB9RE for a new country. Pat, K7LNP (DN30), worked G4AMT, F6HRP, and OH3SR (KP21). He used an Icom IC-7300 transceiver and an M2 three-element Yagi. On June 19, Frank, W3LPL, in Maryland worked 75 stations in Japan using FT8 from 2130 - 2340Z. W3ATV (FN20) managed to work JG1TSG, while using only 200 W to a 40-meter dipole. Jose, N4BAA, in Indiana worked Japan and HL3GOB with only 80 W. On June 20, KØBJ (DM99) received ZF1EJ on MSK144, possibly via sporadic E. K7ULS found P43A and more stations in Japan on June 21 and in Europe on June 22. K1AV logged KL7HBK for his 50th state on 6 meters on June 23. Hasan, NØAN

(EN22), worked 14 stations in Japan on June 25. He uses a five-element LFA Yagi at 60 feet.

On the Sunday afternoon of ARRL Field Day, Bob, WBØNRV (EM17), said, "I called CQ once on FT8, and my screen turned red with stations calling from Japan." He worked 24 stations. Larry, NØLL, went on grid expedition to grid DN90, and he managed to work JF8QNF (QN02) in Japan and decoded JR6EZE and HL3GOB before it started hailing (see Figures 2 and 3).

144 MHz. On Friday, May 29, an extensive sporadic-E opening took place in Europe. D4VHF was heard by SP5XMU in Poland at a distance of 5,600 kilometers. D4VHF worked DL5MCG on FT8 at 1531Z. This opening may have been a combination of tropospheric propagation from Cape Verde with sporadic-E links. On June 10, K7ULS/P (DN41) worked K7EME (DM42) on tropo using JT65. On June 13, N1AV (DM43) worked W5CMP (EM12) on Es with 90 W and an "18XXX" Yagi. On June 25, Sam, K5SW (EM25), worked K5HCS (EM20) on tropo.





Here and There

Lance, W7GJ, reported, "Because of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, we regret that the W7GJ 6-meter EME DXpedition to FO/A and FO/M and the KB7Q 2-meter EME DXpedition to FO/M must be delayed until 2021." The approximate dates for the new DXpeditions: FO/A (6 meters only) on October 15 – 24, 2021; FO/M (TX7MB on 2 and 6 meters) on October 26 to November 4, 2021.

The August 2020 "World Above 50 MHz" column was missing a citation for the study conducted by the WSJT-X development team: S. Franke, K9AN; D. Hill, AA5AU; E. Muns, WØYK; I. Saje, S52D, and J. Taylor, K1JT, "Digital Contesting," NCJ, May/June 2020, p. 29.

Special Event Stations

Working special event stations is an enjoyable way to help commemorate history. Many provide a special QSL card or certificate!

Because of the COVID-19 pandemic, many organizations are canceling or rescheduling events. This is the information we had at the time we went to press. We suggest you contact the event organizer to confirm. — *Ed.*

Through Dec. 31, 0000Z – 2359Z, W5YD, Mississippi State, MS. W5YD Mississippi State University Amateur Radio Club. W5YD Centennial Celebration. 80, 40, 20, and 17 meters. QSL. Mississippi State University Amateur Radio Club, Dept. of Physics & Astronomy, P.O. Box 5167, Mississippi State, MS 39762-5167. www.w5yd.org.msstate.edu

Through Dec. 31, 0000Z – 2359Z, various calls, various cities, IA. Great River Amateur Radio Club. Iowa State Parks On-the-Air Centennial Celebration. All bands, all frequencies, as available. Certificate & QSL. IASPOTA-2020, c/o Great River Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 1384, Dubuque, IA 52004. Members will operate with their own call signs from state parks throughout Iowa. Operating as time permits, mostly weekends. QSL for contact; certificate for five parks. See website for complete information. www.w0dbq.org/iaspota

Aug. 12, 1500Z – 1900Z, WØOEL, Fayette, IA. Rural Iowa and Buchanan County Amateur Radio Clubs. Iowa State Parks On-the-Air Centennial — Fort Atkinson. 14.240 7.240. Certificate & QSL. Great River Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 1384, Dubuque, IA 52004. QSL for contact; certificate for five parks. See website for complete information. www.w0dbq.org/rule or https://www.w0oel.com

Aug. 12 – Aug. 24, 0000Z – 0000Z, W9I, Springfield, IL. Sangamon Valley Radio Club. 2020 Illinois State Fair. 14.250 7.150. QSL. J. Mitch Hopper, K9ZXO, 536 E. Mill St., Rochester, IL 62563. www.svrc.org

Aug. 28 – Aug. 30, 2300Z – 2359Z, K5R, Mandeville, LA. KD5PCK. 15th Anniversary of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita. 40, 20, and 17 meters, General portion. Certificate. Scott Hernandez, 957 Nancy St., Mandeville, LA 70448. See website for operation and certificate information. www.qrz.com/db/k5r or https://www.facebook.com/groups/katrina5rita

Aug. 29 – Sep. 7, 0000Z – 2359Z, W3B, Sharon, PA. Mercer County Amateur Radio Club. Buhl Day, 105th Anniversary of Buhl Farm Park. 145.350 14.240 7.185 DSTAR Reflector 63C. QSL. Mercer County Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 996, Sharon, PA 16146. Operating at various times as conditions permit. We will also be providing communications for a half marathon. Check website for scheduled times of W3B operation. www.qrz.com/db/w3b or www.w3lif.org

Aug. 29 – Sep. 7, 0900Z – 0900Z, W8S, Vermontville, MI. Rodney L. Harmon. 100th Vermontville TWP Fire and EMS Association Annual Dance. 446.000 MHZ PL 74.4 Hz; 145.560 MHz; 147.080 MHz PL 103.5 Hz IRLP Node #4868. Certificate. Rodney L. Harmon, WK8H, 172 E. Second St., Vermontville, MI 49096-9455. This event has been rescheduled from June 27, 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. wk8h_michigan@att.net

Sep. 2 – Sep. 17, 1800Z – 2359Z, W2V, Ansonia, CT. VOA Radio Club. 75th Anniversary of the Victory Over Japan Ending World War II. 21.345 14.345 7.245 3.845. QSL. Dave Arruzza, 32 Benz St., Ansonia, CT 06401. www.grz.com/db/w2v or w2v.se@yahoo.com

Sep. 5 – Sep. 7, 1800Z – 1800Z, K7RDG, Sierra Vista, AZ. Cochise Amateur Radio Association. Return to Paradise. 14.285 14.070 7.255 3.890. Certificate. Cochise ARA, P.O. Box 1855, Sierra Vista, AZ 85636-1855. Operating from the ghost town of Paradise, AZ. www.k7rdg.org

Sep. 5 – Sep. 8, 0030Z – 0100Z, W4NYR, Shelby, NC. Shelby Amateur Radio Club. Shelby Hamfest At Home Edition. 14.260 7.260 146.880/no tone 14.060. QSL. Shelby ARC Special Event, P.O. Box 2206, Shelby, NC 28151-2206. www.shelbyarc.org

Sep. 9 – Sep. 18, 0000Z – 2359Z, K4D, Carribelle, FL. K5TEN. Dog Island IOTA DXpedition NA-085 K4D. 14.275 14.074 7.190 7.074. QSL. Bruce Brady, K5TEN, 208 Mt. Tabor Rd., Hot Springs National Park, AR 71913. Rare IOTA island, rare grid square, and rare county (NA-085), EL79, Franklin County. Rescheduled from June due to COVID-19. k5ten@aol.com

Sep. 12, 1400Z – 2100Z, W4CA, Roanoke, VA. Roanoke Valley Amateur Radio Club. Blue Ridge Bonanza.14.245 7.245. QSL. Roanoke Valley ARC, P.O. Box 2002, Roanoke, VA 24009. www.w4ca.com

Sep. 12, 1600Z – 2300Z, NI6IW, San Diego, CA. USS *Midway* (CV-41) Museum Ship. Commissioning of the USS *Midway* September 1945. 14.320 7.250; 14.070 (PSK31); D-STAR on various reflectors. QSL. USS *Midway* Museum Ship (COMEDTRA), 910 N. Harbor Dr., San Diego, CA 92101.

Sep. 12 – Sep. 13, 1400Z – 2200Z, WBØSFT/KCØVYS, Overland Park, KS. William Becknell Santa Fe Trail Heritage Days. 4th Annual William Becknell Heritage Days Special Event — Founder of the Santa Fe Trail. 21.365 14.265 7.265 3.865 1.830; SSB CW FT8. Certificate & QSL. On the trail 1 × 1 calls, WØB through W9B, and Parks on the Air (K-4579) activation. See website for event details, and how to receive a certificate and/or QSL. www.wb0sft.org

Sep. 12 – Sep. 20, 0000Z – 2359Z, W6JBT, San Bernardino, CA. Citrus Belt Amateur Radio Club. 21st Annual Route 66 On the Air. 28.466 14.266 7.266 3.866. Certificate & QSL. Citrus Belt Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 3788, San Bernardino, CA 92413. Using 1 × 1 W6-prefix special event call signs, 21 stations, two of them rovers, will operate in or around the major cities along Route 66 from Santa Monica, California to Chicago, Illinois. Radio amateurs driving on Route 66 may take part in the event by using the designation "mobile 66" or "/66" after their call signs. Each participating club will issue its own commemorative QSL card to celebrate this event. Certificates and other items are available. See website for rules and information. www.w6jbt.org

Sep. 12 – Sep. 20, 0000Z – 2359Z, W6H, Rio Rancho, NM. Albuquerque DX Association. Route 66 On the Air. 14.266 14.033 7.266 7.033. Certificate & QSL. Bill Mader, 4701 Sombrerete Rd. SE, Rio Rancho, NM 87124. See website for certificates, frequencies and other information. w6jbt.org, www.qrz.com/db/w6h or https://groups.io/g/adxa

Sep. 12 – Sep. 20, 0000Z – 2359Z, W6L, Tulsa, OK. Tulsa Amateur Radio Club. Route 66 On the Air. 14.266. QSL. Tulsa Amateur Radio Club, P.O. Box 4283, Tulsa, OK 74159. See website for certificates, frequencies and other information. w6jbt.org. www.w5ias.com

Sep. 12 – Sep. 22, 0000Z – 2359Z, K4MIA, Loxahatchee, FL. PBSE. National POW MIA Recognition Day. 28.400 18.150 14.265 7.195; various digital modes. QSL. Michael Bald, 6758 Hall Blvd., Loxahatchee, FL 33470. Sister stations K4MIA/5, K4MIA/7, and K4MIA/8 will be in operation on some days. See website for a copy of this year's QSL and additional information. Please take time to remember our POWs and MIAs as well as their families. www.qrz.com/db/k4mia

Sep. 16 – Sep. 18, 0000Z – 0000Z, W8AL, Canton, OH. Canton Amateur Radio Club. National Football League Centennial Celebration. 14.300 14.030 7.250 7.030 3.950 3.530; watch for FT8 as well; BM DMR 313989. Certificate. Canton ARC W8AL, c/o Justin W8JKC, P.O. Box 8673, Canton, OH 44711-8673. www.w8al.org

Sep. 16 – Sep. 25, 0400Z – 2359Z, W3L, Harleysville, PA. WV2M. The Saving of the Liberty Bell. 14.074 14.030 7.074 7.030; modes are SSB, CW, and FT8 (primary mode is FT8). QSL. Frank Gallo, 106 Tweed Way, Harleysville, PA 19438. www.w3l.info

Sep. 19, 1100Z – 2300Z, W9ZL, Appleton, WI. Fox Cities Amateur Radio Club. Wisconsin Parks on the Air. 21.350 14.260 7.220 3.850. Certificate. Kenneth Ross, P.O. Box 2346, Appleton, WI 54912. wipota.com or www.fcarc.club

Sep. 19, 1300Z – 1900Z, W1M, Russell, MA. Western Mass Council BSA. Woronoako Heights Outdoor Adventure/ Scout Camps on the Air. 14.290 14.060 10.115 7.190. QSL. Tom Barker, 329 Faraway Rd., Whitefield, NH 03598. Manual logging as well as eQSL will be used.

Sep. 26, 1200Z – 2200Z, K1SV, North Bennington, VT. Southern Vermont Amateur Radio Club. Covered Bridge Special Event. 28.333 14.318 7.245 146.520. QSL. Charles Watson, Jr., 1071 East Rd., Bennington, VT 05201. www.sovarc.org

Sep. 26, 1200Z – 2300Z, KØA, Inver Grove Heights, MN. South Metro Amateur Radio Club. **US Airmail Beacon System,** 100th Anniversary. 14.250 7.074 7.040; CW, SSB, and FT8. Certificate. Downloadable, see website. www.semarc.org

Sep. 26, 1700Z – 2200Z, K4S, Somerset, KY. Lake Cumberland Amateur Radio Association. Somernites Cruise 20th Season. 14.268 7.238. QSL. Lake Cumberland Amateur Radio Association, 600 S. Highway 837, Nancy, KY 42544. www.lcara.net

Certificates and QSL cards: To obtain a certificate from any of the special event stations offering them, send your QSO information along with a 9×12 inch self-addressed, stamped envelope (three units of postage) to the address listed in the announcement. To receive a special event QSL card (when offered), be sure to include a self-addressed, stamped business envelope along with your QSL card and QSO information. *Note: Some clubs may ask for a nominal fee to cover the cost of the certificate or QSL. Request will be made on air during the event or on the club's website.

Special Events Announcements: For items to be listed in this column, use the ARRL Special Events Listing Form at www.arrl.org/special-events-application. A plain-text version of the form is available at that site. You may also request a copy by mail or email. Off-line completed forms can be mailed, faxed (Attn: Special Events), or emailed.

Submissions must be received by ARRL HQ no later than the 1st of the second month preceding the publication date; a special event listing for **December** *QST* would have to be received by **October 1**. In addition to being listed in *QST*, your event will be listed on the ARRL Web Special Events page. Note: All received events are acknowledged. If you do not receive an acknowledgement within a few days, please contact us. ARRL reserves the right to exclude events of a commercial or political nature.

You can view all received Special Events at www.arrl.org/special-event-stations.

Write for QST

The membership journal of ARRL is always open to manuscript submissions from ham radio operators.

QST looks for material that appeals to a broad cross-section of readers within the diverse amateur radio community. Feature articles published in QST fall into one of two broad categories: technical and general interest.

Technical articles outline a construction project or a technical concept. General interest articles are "everything else" that's not technical: recaps of DXpeditions, grid expeditions, or public service activities; personal accounts of trying a new mode or style of operating — anything relating to operating or the ham radio avocation.

Whether your manuscript has a technical or general focus, a strong "how-to" component will make it stand out. Readers should come away from the article with specific ideas for recreating your experience.

Please note that *QST* only considers complete manuscripts — we do not evaluate concepts or ideas for manuscripts. The best way to find out whether the editors of *QST* are interested in your idea is to write the article and send it in for consideration via postal mail or email (no phone calls, please). For more information on what *QST* is looking for, and how to submit manuscripts, see our Author Guide at www.arrl.org/qst-author-guide.

Convention and Hamfest Calendar

A = AUCTION

D = DEALERS / VENDORS

F = FLEA MARKET

H = HANDICAP ACCESS

Q = FIELD CHECKING OF QSL CARDS

R = REFRESHMENTS

S = SEMINARS / PRESENTATIONS

T = TAILGATING

V = VE SESSIONS

Abbreviations

Spr = SponsorTI = Talk-in frequency Adm = Admission

Because of the COVID-19 pandemic, many organizations are canceling or rescheduling events. This is the information we had at the time we went to press. We suggest you contact the event organizer to confirm. — Ed.

Alabama (Chickasaw) — Oct. 3 D H R S V

8 AM - 2 PM. Spr. Deep South ARC. J.C. Davis Auditorium, 400 Grand Ave. Tl: 146.745. Adm: \$5. www.k4dsr.com

Arizona (Tucson) — Sep. 26 D F H Q R T V

7 - 11 AM. Spr. Radio Society of Tucson, K7RST. Target Shopping Plaza North End Parking Lot, 9615 Old Spanish Trail. TI: 145.25 (156.7 Hz). Adm: Free. www.k7rst.org/index.html

California (Lincoln) — Sep. 19 D F H R V

7 AM - noon. Spr: Western Placer ARC. McBean Park, 65 McBean Park Dr. Tl: 147.3 (67 Hz). Adm: Free.

California (Northridge) — Oct. 10 D H R S V

9 AM - 1 PM. Spr: So. CA Preparedness Foundation. Northridge Fashion Square NW Lot. TI: None. Adm: Free. www.valleydisasterfair.com

Georgia (Dalton) — Sep. 12 FT

Ends at noon. Spr. Dalton ARC. Prater's Mill, 5845 SR-2. TI: 145.230 (141.3 Hz) Adm: Free. www.w4drc.com

Iowa (Columbus Junction) — Oct. 4 D F H R S T V 7 AM – 2 PM. Spr: Muscatine ARC, Washington Area ARC. Louisa County Fairgrounds, 101 Fairground Rd. TI: 146.985 (192.8 Hz). Adm: \$8. www.muscatineARC.org/se-ia-hamfest

Kansas (Wichita) — Oct. 3 D F H R S V

8 AM - 1 PM. Spr: Valley Center ARC. RiverWalk Church of Christ, 225 N. Waco Ave. Tl: 146.94 (103.5 Hz). Adm: \$5.

www.varc.org

Kentucky (Shepherdsville) — Sep. 12 D F H Q R S T V 8 AM - 2 PM. Spr. Greater Louisville Hamfest Association, Inc. Paroquet Springs Conference Center, 395 Paroquet Springs Dr. Tl: 146.7, 443.7 (79.7 Hz). Adm: Advance \$6, door \$8 (cash only). www.louisvillehamfest.com

Louisiana (Slidell) — Oct. 9 – 10 D F H R S V

Friday 2 – 5 PM, Saturday 8 AM – 2 PM. Spr. Ozone ARC. Slidell Auditorium, 2056 2nd St. Tl: 147.27 (114.8 Hz). Adm:

\$5. www.w5sla.net

Michigan (Adrian) — Sep. 20 D F H R T V

8 AM. Spr. Adrian ARC. Lenawee County Airport, 2651 W. Cadmus Rd. TI: 145.37 (85.4 Hz). Adm: \$5. www.w8tqe.com Michigan (Wyoming) — Sep. 12 D F H Q R T V 8 AM - 1 PM. Spr: Grand Rapids ARA. HSB, Inc., 5625 Burlingame Ave. SW. TI: 147.26 (94.8 Hz). Adm: 6. www.w8dc.org

Minnesota (Carlton) — Sep. 26 D F H Q R V 9 AM - 1 PM. Spr. ARAC. Four Seasons Event Center,

90 Chestnut Ave. TI: 146.94 (103.5 Hz). Adm: \$7.

www.thearac.org

Minnesota (Cologne) — Sep. 19 D F H Q R S V 8 AM - noon. Spr: SMARTS Radio Club. Cologne Community Center, 1211 Village Pkwy. TI: 147.165. Adm: \$10.

www.smartsfest.org

Minnesota (Plymouth) — Sep. 29 R T

7 AM - noon. Spr: Twin City FM Club. West Medicine Lake Community Club, 1705 Forestview Ln. TI: 146.76 (114.8 Hz). Adm: Buyers \$5, sellers \$10. www.tcfmc.org

New Jersey (Tinton Falls) — Sep. 26 D F H Q R V 8 AM - noon. Spr: KJI Electronics. MOESC Parking Lot, 100 Tornillo Way. Tl: 147.045 (67 Hz). Adm: \$5. www.gsara.club

New Jersey (Township of Washington) — Oct. 10 DHQRTV

8 AM - 1 PM. Spr: Bergen ARA. Westwood Regional Jr./Sr. High School, 701 Ridgewood Rd. Tl: 146.79 (141.3 Hz). Adm: \$5. www.bara.org

New York (Ballston Spa) — Sep. 27 D F H R S T V 7 AM - 2 PM. Spr: Saratoga County ARA. Saratoga County Fairgrounds, 162 Prospect St. Tl: 147, 147.24 (91.5 Hz). Adm: \$6. www.k2dll.org

New York (Lancaster) — Sep. 12 D F H R T 7:30 AM. Spr. Lancaster ARC. Bowen Road Grove, 3845 Bowen Rd. Tl: 147.255 (107.2 Hz). Adm: \$8. www.w2so.org

New York (Middletown) — Oct. 4 D F H Q R T V 8 AM – 12:30 PM. Spr: Orange County ARC. Town of Wallkill Community Center, 2 Wes Warren Dr. Tl: 146.76 (100 Hz). Adm: \$6. www.ocarcny.org

Ohio (Berea) — Sep. 27 DFHQRSTV

8 AM - 1 PM. Spr: Hamfest Assn. of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County Fairgrounds, 164 Eastland Rd. TI: 145.41 (110.9 Hz). Adm: \$6. www.hac.org

Ohio (Findlay) — Sep. 13 D F H R T

8 AM - 1 PM. Spr: Findlay RC. Hancock County Fairgrounds, 1017 E. Sandusky St. TI: 147.15 (88.5 Hz). Adm: \$10.

www.findlayradioclub.org

Ohio (Westminster) — Oct. 10 F H R T 8 AM - 1 PM. Spr: NW Ohio ARC. Westminster UMC, 6650 Faulkner Rd. TI: 146.67. Adm: \$10, children under 12, with an

adult, are free. www.nwoarc.com

Pennsylvania (Butler) — Sep. 13 F H R T V 8 AM - 3 PM. Spr. BCARA. Unionville Fire Dept., 102 Mahood

Rd. Tl: 147.36 (131.8 Hz). Adm: \$5. www.w3udx.org Pennsylvania (East Stroudsburg) — Sep. 20 D F H R T V 8 AM. Spr.: Eastern PA ARA. American Legion Post 346, 126 E

Pennsylvania (Revloc) — Sep. 19 D F H Q R S T V 9 AM - 4 PM. Spr: Cambria RC, Revloc VFD. Revloc Volunteer Fire Co., 547 Cambria Ave. Tl: 145.21 (123 Hz). Adm: Free.

5th St. TI: 147.045 (131.8 Hz). Adm: \$7. www.qsl.net/n3is

www.cambriaradio.com

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY SECTION CONVENTION

September 13, Mantua, NJ

DFHQRSTV

8 AM – 2 PM. *Sprs:* Gloucester County ARC. Gloucester County 4-H Fairgrounds, 462 Harrison Ave. *Tl:* 147.18 (131.8 Hz). *Adm:* \$10.

South Carolina (Spartanburg) — Sep. 12 DFHRTV 8 AM – 3 PM. Spr. Blue Ridge Amateur Radio Society. Piedmont Interstate Fairground, 575 Fairgrounds Rd. Tl. 146.61. Adm: Advance \$9 (see website), door \$10. www.brars.cc

Tennessee (Sevierville) — Sep. 19 D F H R S T V 8 AM – 4 PM. *Spr:* Sevier County ARS, 470 ARG. Sevier County Fairgrounds, 754 Old Knoxville Hwy. *TI:* 146.94. *Adm:* \$5. www.seviercountyars.com

WASHINGTON STATE CONVENTION

September 26, Spokane Valley, WA

DHQRSV

9 AM – 4 PM. *Sprs:* Inland Empire VHF Radio Amateurs, Kamiak Butte Amateur Repeater Assn., University High School ARC, Spokane DX Assn., Palouse Hills ARC. University High School, 12420 E. 32nd Ave. *Tl:* 147.38. *Adm:* \$5.

Wisconsin (Milwaukee) — Sep. 25 – 26 D H R S V Friday noon – 5:30 PM, Saturday 9 AM – 4 PM. Spr: Milwaukee Radio Amateurs' Club. Ham Radio Outlet Milwaukee, 5710 W. Good Hope Rd. Ham Radio Outlet Superfest. TI: 145.13 (127.3 Hz). Adm: Free. www.w9rh.org/club-events/superfest/superfest-2020. Call ARRL's toll-free number at 1-800-243-7768, or email ads@arrl.org.

To All Event Sponsors

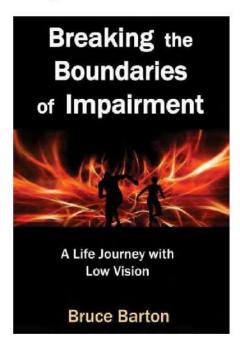
Before making a final decision on a date for your event, you are encouraged to check the Hamfest and Convention Database (www.arrl.org/hamfests-and-conventions-calendar) for events that may already be scheduled in your area on that date. You are also encouraged to register your event with HQ as far in advance as your planning permits. See www.arrl.org/hamfest-convention-application for an online registration form. Dates may be recorded up to 2 years in advance.

Events that are sanctioned by ARRL receive special benefits, including an announcement in these listings and online. Sanctioned conventions are also listed in *The ARRL Letter*. In addition, events receive donated ARRL prize certificates and handouts. Once the form has been submitted, your ARRL Director will decide whether to approve the date and provide ARRL sanction.

The deadline for receipt of items for this column is the 1st of the second month preceding publication date. For example, your information must arrive at HQ by September 1 to be listed in the November issue. Information in this column is accurate as of our deadline; contact the sponsor or check the sponsor's website for possible late changes, driving directions, and other event details. Please note that postal regulations prohibit mention in QST of games of chance, such as raffles or bingo.

Promoting your event is guaranteed to increase attendance. As an approved event sponsor, you are entitled to special discounted rates on QST display advertising and ARRL web banner advertising. Call ARRL's toll-free number at 1-800-243-7768, or email ads@arrl.org.

Strays



QST Congratulates...

Bruce Barton, KE6OEM, on the publication of his book, *Breaking the Boundaries of Impairment*. The book details his lifelong struggle with visual impairment and offers encouragement to others engaged in similar struggles. It is available on **Amazon.com**.

ARRL VEC Volunteer Examiner Honor Roll

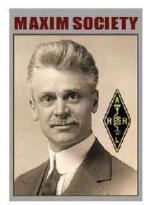
The ARRL VEC Honor Roll recognizes the top five Volunteer Examiners in each ARRL Division according to the total number of ARRL exam sessions in which they have participated since their accreditations. Considering each session requires an average time commitment of 2 to 4 hours or more, the thousands of hours these VEs have invested represent extraordinary dedication! Whether you are one of our VE Teams that tests once a week, once a month, or once a year, we want to express our warmest appreciation to all volunteers for your generous contribution to the ARRL VEC program.



If you are an ARRL VE, you can view your session stats online at www.arrl.org/ve-session-counts. If you are not a VE, become one today! See www.arrl.org/become-an-arrl-ve.

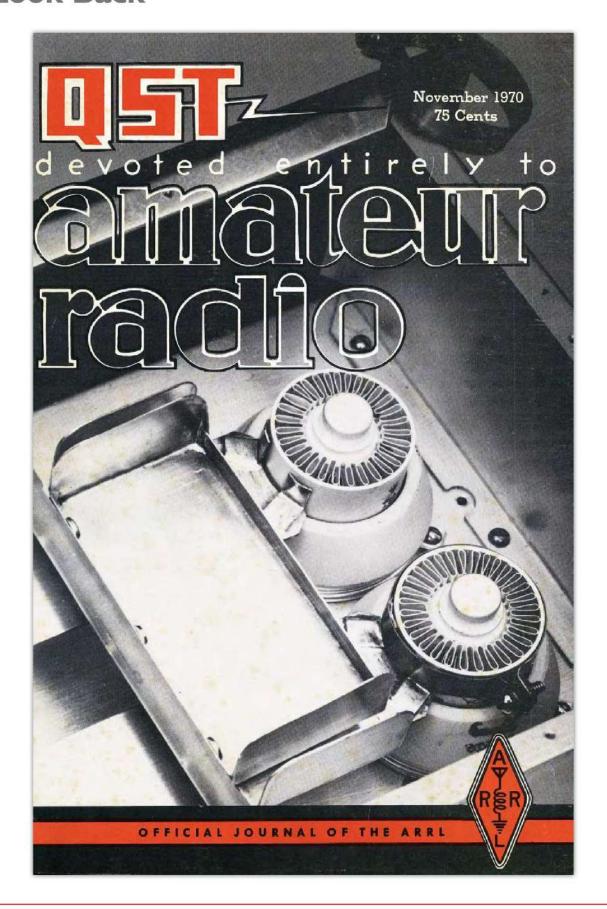
Examiner Ses	sions	Accreditation Date	Examiner Ses	sions	Accreditation Date	Examiner Se	essions	Accreditation Date
Atlantic Jobst Vandrey, ACOLP James McCloskey, NS3K Edward Genoino, WA2NDA George Brechmann, N3HBT William Klepser, Jr., WB2AIV	324 320 298 280 215	23-Jun-08 14-Nov-94 10-Jul-85 01-Apr-91 09-Jun-99	Hudson Paul Maytan, AC2T Stanley Rothman, WA2NRV E. Drew Moore, W2OU Fritz Boigris, KB2O Gerald Miller, Jr., AA2ZJ	665 458 445 422 400	06-Sep-84 01-Mar-85 01-Aug-90 26-Oct-84 05-Dec-95	Roanoke Judy Friel, AC4RG Alan Ronald Moeck, WA2RF David Snyder, W4SAR Sheila Frank, KT4YW Terry Sanner, WV8V	286 249 221 216	01-Feb-91 27-Sep-94 01-May-93 30-Oct-96 06-Sep-84
Central Ed Wagner, AB9FN Allan Bukowski, N9ZD Eldon Boehm, NK9U Donald Hlinsky, N9IZU Timothy Pechtold, AA9BV Brian Eder, WB9UGX Dakota John Schwarz, Jr., AEØAL Jeffrey Goodnuff, WØKF Shep Shepardson, NØNMZ Daniel Royer, KEØOR	345 316 316 302 277 273 309 305 251 239	01-Jul-02 01-Jun-92 21-Nov-86 01-Mar-91 01-Nov-92 01-Jan-92 26-Oct-94 17-Jun-03 12-Mar-01 01-Jul-91	Midwest David Bartholomew, ABØTO Kevin Naumann, NØWDG Harry Steger, Jr., WØHMS Roland Kramer, WØRL Jeanette Nordman, ABØYX New England Bob Phinney, K5TEC Robert Beaudet, W1YRC Paul Lux, K1PL Bruce Anderson, W1LUS Lawrence Polowy, KU1L	720 633 557 526 460 462 386 351 338 338	22-Mar-02 17-Nov-02 26-Aug-08 21-Jun-01 21-Aug-03 20-Jan-14 01-Aug-90 25-Jan-85 11-Feb-88 02-Jan-85	Rocky Mountain Robert Hamilton, NØRN David Avery, NØHEQ Jeffrey Weinberg, WØQO Donald Baune, ACØEX David Sharpe, KIØHG Southeastern Gary Lee Pilke, KA4KBX Victor Madera, KP4PQ Val Jacyno, AK4MM Pablo Soto, KP4SJ Ryan Krenzischek, W4NTR	384 301 294 259 257 527 465 388 374 362	19-May-87 13-Jan-88 01-Apr-93 19-Sep-06 02-Feb-98 03-Sep-09 01-Mar-92 08-Nov-11 01-May-92 04-Jan-13
Dennis Ackerman, KBØOQQ Delta Arthur Parry, Jr., WB4BGX Joe Lowenthal, WA4OVO Roger Gray, N5QS Bobbie Williams, W1BEW Dawn Gray, N5QT Great Lakes Charles Hall, W8HF Archie Mack, Sr., AF4EB Dale Pritchett, KC8HJL Christian Anderson, K8VJ Stanley Arnett, II, AC8W	269 248 230 218 213 286 225 223 220 212	15-Jul-96 01-May-91 25-May-06 01-Mar-93 01-Jun-92 01-Mar-93 01-Jun-92 19-Aug-97 26-Mar-98 09-Feb-90 06-Sep-84	Stefan Rodowicz, N1SR James Mullen, KK1W Northwestern Richard Morgan, KD7GIE Loren Hole, KK7M George Ftikas, N7TQZ David Brooks, N7HT S. Riley McLean, W7RIL Pacific Morris Jones, AD6ZH Dieter Stussy, KD6LVW Gordon Fuller, WB6OVH Bill Nichols, NN7K Jim Brunk, N6BHX	335 335 450 381 301 297 296 481 417 351 333 284	20-Nov-84 01-Mar-91 11-Aug-00 06-Sep-84 01-Dec-92 10-Jun-87 02-Sep-99 27-Nov-01 27-Jan-94 06-Sep-84 01-Sep-93 13-Jul-95	Southwestern Bill Martin, AlØD Fred Bollinger, AB7JF David Morrill, N7TWT Bruce Ziemienski, WA6BZ Richard Buck, KC7OCT West Gulf Franz Laugermann, K3FL Gerald Grant, WB5R Adolph Chris Koehler, K5VC Wilbert Cannonier, KK5JJ David Fanelli, KB5PGY	1,056 536 431 321 312 1,044 475 R 470 469 438	01-Nov-84 17-Apr-95 20-Jul-00 25-Mar-02 21-May-97 01-Dec-91 04-Jan-85 29-Sep-95 03-Nov-95 01-Oct-91

Feedback



In the July 2020 issue of *QST*, the list of Leadership Donors should have included Frank Kaleyias, KV5FD; Art Samuelson, W6VV; Thomas Williams, WA1MBA, and Dr. Michael Therrien, N1MD, as well as James A. Tiemstra, K6JAT, and Eliza T. Greene, KE6EHD. The list of Maxim Society Donors, President Class should have included Bernie Krasowski, KD5QHV, and Linda Krasowski, KE5BQK. *QST* regrets the omissions.

A Look Back



A 3-500Z Grounded-Grid Amplifier for 50 MHz

Simple High Power for Owners of Medium-Powered Exciters

BY THOMAS F. McMULLEN, JR.,* WIQVF, AND EDWARD P. TILTON,** WIHDQ

M OST KILOWATT amplifiers for vhf service described to date have been grounded-cathode types, requiring no more than a few watts exciter power.1 Such amplifiers are still probably the best way of going to high power for the owner of a small exciter or transverter; but on 50 MHz, at least, the 100-watt ssb transceiver is becoming almost standard. Throwing away most of the output of such a rig, in order to avoid over-driving a kilowatt amplifier, is hardly the ideal approach. Conversion to the grounded-grid amplifier, which has already happened en masse on the hf bands, is now logical for many 50-MHz enthusiasts as well.

If your vhf experience goes back to the days of neutralized-triode amplifiers, you've probably had your moments of sighing for the simplicity and moderate cost of triode vhf rigs of those long-gone times. The triode amplifier described here may satisfy some of that nostalgia. It is hardly low-cost, but it is simple. Though it uses a fairly expensive tube and socket, it will probably get you into the high-power class about as inexpensively as any method available, except perhaps for the total junk-box-and-surplus route.

The Eimac 3-500Z triode was specifically designed for grounded-grid service. One of the

*RFD Collinsville, CT 06022, **VHF Editor, QST.

1"Kilowatt Amplifiers for 50 and 144 Mc.," February, 1964, OST: Radio Amateur's Handbook, 1966 — 1970; Radio Amateur's VHF Manual, all



more recent arrivals on the grounded-grid scene, it is a zero-bias tube with slightly higher dissipation capability than the older 3-400Z. Having a maximum frequency of 110 MHz for full ratings, it seems like a good choice for 50-MHz amplifiers. This design requires only a single simple power supply, no more than two meters, no plate-tuning capacitor at all, and no neutralization, so it is attractive from the standpoints of cost and complexity, compared with any good alternative. The amplifier is capable of 600 watts ew output, at about 30 watts driving power. As a Class-B linear, single-tone conditions, its rated maximum PEP output is 750 watts.

Circuitry

This amplifier uses a single-ended adaptation of what K2AYM termed "breadslicerless tuning," when he used it in a push-pull amplifier for 50 MHz a few years back, 2 Mechanical, electrical and parts-procurement problems encountered frequently with conventional tuning methods in high-powered vhf amplifiers are eliminated with this shorted-turn inductive-tuning system. There are no multiple ground paths, such as may be unavoidable in capacitor frames, and no troubles with arcing lead screws, which often develop after periods of use with rotating-disk capacitors. Only the output capacitance of the 3-500Z, and the small stray circuit capacitance, appear across the plate tank. The result is a nice large and efficient inductor; larger than the plate circuits of conventional hf amplifiers that may have a hard time reaching the 10-meter band, let alone 6.

Plate voltage is shunt fed to the tube, to remove the possibility of high voltage appearing on the coupling loop or the antenna line. The output circuit is series-tuned, its variable capacitor serving as a loading adjustment, once the loop position is set approximately to the optimum position.

Driving power is applied to the filament circuit in a grounded-grid amplifier, so the tube filament

2Jones, "Six-Meter Kilowatt with 4-400As," QST, March, 1967.

The 50-MHz grounded-grid amplifier is a tabletop design only 10 by 12 inches in size. Grid and plate current are monitored continuously. Knobs at the right control input tuning, bottom, amplifier loading, center, and plate tuning, top. Illuminated switches, lower left, are in the filament and high-voltage primary circuits. Stainless steel molding, intended for counter-top use, covers the joints between the panel and other case surfaces.

24 OST for

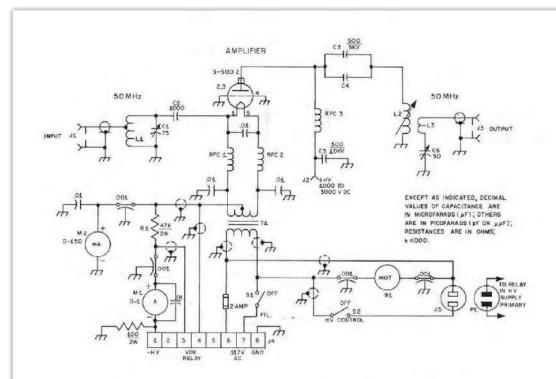


Fig. 1 - Schematic diagram and parts information for the 50-MHz grounded-grid amplifier. B1 — Blower, 15 ft ³/min. or more.

C1 - 75-pF variable (Johnson 167-4).

C2 - 1000-pF dipped mica. C3. C4 - 500-pF 5-kV transmitting ceramic (Centralab 858S-500).

C5 - 500-pF 10-kV or more TV "Doorknob."

C6 - 50-pF variable (Johnson 167-3).

1 - BNC coaxial socket.

- High-voltage connector (Millen 37501).

J3 - Type N coaxial receptacle.

8-pin male power connector, chassismounting.

J5 - AC receptacle, chassis-mounting.

- 4 turns No. 12 enam., 1 inch long, 1-inch diam. Tap 2 1/2 turns from ground end.

- 3 1/2 turns 1/4-inch copper tubing, 3 1/2-inch diam., 5 1/4 inches long. Diameter is finished dimension, not that of form used for winding. See text and photo for turn spacing. Tuning ring is closed loop of 1/2-inch copper strip, 2 5/8-inch diam.

L3 - 1 turn, 3-inch diam., and leads, made from one piece of 1/8-inch copper tubing or No. 8

M1 - DC meter, 0 - 1 ampere (Simpson Wide-Vue, Model 1327).

M2 - 0 - 300 mA, like M1.

P1 - Ac plug, on cable to power supply.

R1 - 47,000-ohm 2-watt resistor.

21 turns each, No. 12 enam., RFC1, RFC2 -1/2-inch diam., bifilar.

RFC3 — 30 turns No. 20 enam., spaced wire diam., on 3/4-inch Teflon rod, 3 3/4 inches long. Drill end holes 1/2 and 2 3/4 inches from top.

S1, S2 - SPST, rocker type, neon-lighted (Carling LT1L, with snap-in bracket),

- Filament transformer, 5 V, 15 A, (Stancor P6433; check any electrical equivalent for fit under 3-inch chassis). must be kept above ground with rf chokes capable of carrying 14 amperes. These are bifilar-wound, as may be seen in the bottom-view photograph. The input impedance of such a stage is low (in the vicinity of 120 ohms) so a good match to a 50-ohm line from the exciter is made with the tap toward the top end of the tuned input circuit, L1 C1.

Most of the lower portion of the schematic diagram, Fig. 1, has to do with control, and is largely self-explanatory. The voice-control relay (if the exciter has one) shorts our R1, allowing grid current to flow, and making the amplifier operative, if the filament switch, S1, and the high-voltage-primary control switch, S2, have been closed. Feeding ac voltage to the high-voltage plate-supply relay through J4 and P1 as shown makes it impossible to apply plate voltage unless the filament and blower are also on.

Construction

The amplifier has a chassis of aluminum, 10 by 12 by 3 inches in size, with the tube socket centered 3 1/8 inches from the front edge. The sheet aluminum panel is 10 inches high. A decorative edging is made from stainless steel "cove molding," a material used by cabinet makers on counter tops, where a horizontal surface meets a vertical or corner. Sides and back are also sheet aluminum. Where they are not to be removable, for any reason, they are fastened together with pop-rivets. Tools and rivets for this work can be found in most hardware stores. If you do much building with metal, you'll find a pop-rivetting kit a good investment. Perforated aluminum "cane metal" is used for the top, and for covering the viewing hole in the front panel.

November 1970

25

In winding the bifilar rf chokes, RFC1 and RFC2, pull the two wires tightly while winding them side-by-side on a suitable form of wood or metal. Leave this form in until the wire leads have been soldered in place, so that the windings are self-supporting. Then slide out the form and coat the windings with coil dope, to help keep them together and in alignment.

The grid terminals are on opposite sides of the socket, as seen in the bottom view. They are grounded to the chassis with very short copper straps, adjacent to each pin. These are 1/4 inch wide, and run through slots by the pins. They are soldered to the pins, and bolted to the chassis with No. 6 screws. Be sure that the chassis is clean and that a lock washer is used, so that a good rf ground is made. This could be important in getting the amplifier to operate stably in the vhf range.

Looking into the top of the amplifier, it will be seen that the hot end of the plate inductor, L2, is supported on the top of the two blocking capacitors, C3 and C4, which in turn are mounted on the Teflon rod that serves as the form for the shunt-feed choke, RFC3. The ground end of L2 is supported on a 1 3/8-inch piece of 3/8-inch copper tubing. The end of the coil is fitted with a heavy copper lug, such as is commonly used in high-current electrical circuits, but a suitable terminal can be made by pounding the end of the copper tubing flat, and drilling a hole in the flat portion. The end or terminal is held tightly on the support with a 2-inch brass bolt that goes through the terminal, the tubing support, and the chassis. Be sure to make this a clean, solid connection to ground; this is a high-current point.

Since it is effectively across the tank circuit, the shunt-feed rf choke, RFC3, must be a good one. It is strongly recommended that you make it yourself; we know of no ready-made rf choke that is as good as this hand-made one.

Teflon rod is slippery stuff. It will help if you can get a shallow thread cut in the form, to hold the winding in place. If you don't have a lathe, perhaps a machinist friend can do it for you. If not, a satisfactory winding job can be done as follows: Cut two lengths of No. 20 enameled wire,

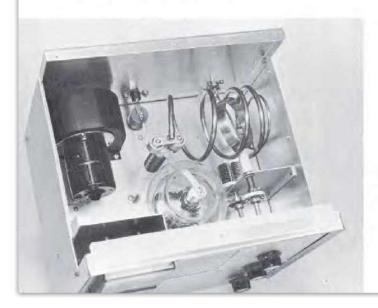
a bit more than 7-feet long. Clamp one end of the pair in a vise. Hold the other end in heavy pliers, and stretch the wires a bit, which will help to stiffen them. Now, feed the wire ends through one hole in the Teflon form, and wind the coil with the two wires bifilar, keeping them under considerable tension. Pull the ends through the other hole in the form, and bend one back tightly at the edge of the hole. Now remove one winding, and you will have an evenly-spaced coil that makes an excellent rf choke. This may take a little practice, but the results are worth the effort.

The blocking capacitors, C3 and C4, are sandwiched between brass plates. One is fastened to the top of the rf choke form with a sheet metal screw, and the other connects to the hot end of L2. The latter has a wrap-around clip of flashing copper for this purpose. Connection to the tube plate is made with braid removed from a scrap of coax. A strip of flashing copper 1/4-inch wide is also good for this. Use a good heat-dissipating connector, such as the Eimac HR6.

The shorted-turn tuning ring is centered between the first two turns of L2. The first part of the shaft for the ring is a ceramic stand-off. The main shaft is 1/4-inch diameter rod or thick-wall tubing, the end of which is tapped for 8-32 thread. The shaft runs through a bearing mounted in a bracket 4 inches high and 2 3/4 inches wide, that fastens to the chassis and the side of the enclosure. The output loading capacitor, C6, is also mounted on this bracket. It is one inch above the chassis, and the tuning-ring shaft bearing is 3 1/4 inches above the chassis. The input tuning capacitor, C1, is mounted under the chassis, with equal spacing between the three, for symmetrical appearance.

The output coupling loop, L3, is mounted just inside the cold end of L2. It can be adjusted for optimum coupling by "leaning" it slightly into or out of L2. Be sure that it clears the shorted turn throughout movement of the latter.

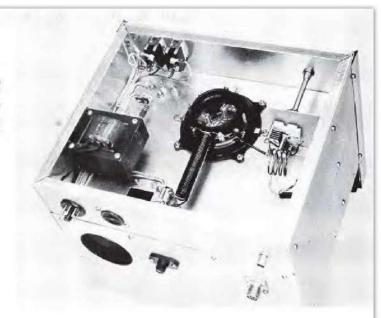
The coaxial output jack, J3, is mounted on the rear wall of the enclosure. A small bracket of aluminum connects it to the chassis, to form a good ground that is independent of the bonding between the chassis and the enclosure. Plate



Interior view of the 50-MHz amplifier shows the shorted-turn tuning system, plate coil and output coupling, upper right. The tuning and loading controls are mounted on a bracket to the right of the 3-500Z tube and chimney. Meter shielding is partially visible in the left front corner.

OST for

With the bottom cover removed, a look into the chassis from the rear shows the input circuit, L1C1, left, the bifilar filament chokes foreground, filament transformer and control switches. Opening in the rear wall is for air intake.



voltage enters through a Millen 37001 high-voltage connector, J2, on the rear wall, and is bypassed immediately inside the compartment with a TV "doorknob" high-voltage capacitor, C5.

The blower assembly is mounted on the chassis in the left rear corner. It draws air in through a hole in the back of the compartment, and forces it down into the enclosed chassis. The only air path is then back up through the socket and chimney (Eimac parts SK-410 and SK-406 recommended) and out through the cane-metal top of the enclosure. The blower has a 2-inch wheel turning at 3000 rpm. A larger wheel turning slower might do as well, and be quieter. The data sheet for the 3-500Z specifies an air flow of 13 cubic feet per minute, when the tube is operated at 500 watts plate dissipation. The ac leads for the blower motor come into the enclosure on feedthrough bypass capacitors.

The two meters are enclosed in an aluminum shield fastened to the front and side panels. Their terminals are bypassed for rf inside this shield, and the leads come through the chassis on feedthrough capacitors. Like all power wiring, these leads are shielded wire. The filament and high-voltagecontrol switches just below the meters are the rocker type with built-in lamps (Carling Electric). The high-voltage switch is not meant to control the plate supply directly, but rather through a relay, as shown in the 3000-volt power supply in Chapter 12 of the Handbook, (Fig. 12-37 in the 1970 Edition.) The plate meter is in the negative lead, so be sure that your power supply is compatible with this arrangement. Do not use this system where a potential difference exists between the amplifier and power supply chassis.

Use of shielded wire (Belden 8862) throughout, bypassing of all exposed points, and feedthrough capacitors wherever power leads pass through the chassis had the desired effect. With the amplifier running at full input, only the faintest trace of rf can be found on wiring outside the cabinet.

Adjustment and Use

The tube manufacturer cautions against applying drive to the 3-500Z without the plate voltage being on, so it is well to make initial tuneup adjustments with only a few watts of drive, and with reduced plate voltage. The input circuit tunes quite broadly, and will show very low reflected power on an SWR bridge connected between J1 and the exciter, if the tap on L1 is at the proper point.

With a 50-ohm load connected to J3, and with C6 near minimum capacitance, apply 1000 to 1500 volts through J2, and turn on the driver. Adjust the shorted turn inside L2 for a dip in plate current. Adjust C6 and the position of L3 with respect to L2 for maximum output, and retune the plate circuit with each adjustment.

The tuning range was adjusted to cover 49.8 to 52.7 MHz by changing the relative spacing of the turns of L2. The closer they are spaced at the shorted-turn end, the greater will be the tuning effect of the ring. The highest frequency is reached with the ring in a vertical plane (greatest coupling to L2) where it reduces the plate coil inductance by the greatest amount.

Since there is no tuning adjustment other than the ring, the total inductance of L2 is critical, and some experimentation with coil diameter and turn spacing may be necessary. The wrap-around lug at the hot end of the coil should not be soldered in place until you are sure that the coil is the right size. The various mounting dimensions that affect the tuning range are as follows: Grounded support for L2 - 1 1/8 inches from the right side of the chassis and 3 1/4 inches from the rear, RFC3 mounting position - 4 inches from the rear and 5 1/2 inches from the left side. Shorted turn approximately centered between turns 1 and 2 of L2, The start of L3 bends from the stator of C6 to near the start of L2. The end toward J2 passes (Continued on page 58)

November 1970

27

160-Meter Contest

Operating Tips by WIBB

The ARRL 160-Meter Contest, authorized by the Board of Directors just this past May, premieres Dec. 12-13, 1970. October QST carried the full rules for this initial event. What you don't usually find in rules, however, is a modus operandi. If you're unfamiliar with the band, you too will welcome a few tips from Mr. 160 Meters - W1BB,

Conditions: 160 is not a good daytime band, except for very local QSOs. There are lots of broadcast harmonics on the band plus all sorts of noise. The band is enjoyable only after dark (somewhat like 80 meters, only less so). Conditions peak at dusk and sunrise. This is the time to work DX. East coast to west contacts are best at west coast sunset time, say a half hour before and an hour after their sunset time, European DX will peak twice, once at our sunset time and once at their sunrise time. QSB is prevalent. Slow sending and sending "double" are helpful in circumventing this condition.

Where to look: One must scan the band carefully where DX is expected. For example, you'll find that east coast stations tend to work near 1800 kHz while west coast operation takes place near 2000 kHz. EU DX works a little in our band near 1800 khz, but mostly between 1825-1830 kHz. This used to be a clear section just outside of 1800-1825 permitting DX to get through. When the new regulations went into effect it spread the W/VE ORM into this area. Top banders are voluntarily cooperating to keep the 1825-1830 kHz. DX "window" open. VK signals will be found around 1800-1804 kHz., early mornings just after sunrise. ZLs will be found around 1885 and JAs from 1905,5-1907,5 kHz.

Antennas: The biggest and highest antenna possible is a big help. An inverted V is an excellent choice. A good number two choice would be a top-loaded vertical with ground radials. The inverted V is particularly good being quieter on receive than the vertical. For a rule of thumb, each leg of the V should be 129 feet long and trimmed with the aid of an SWR meter to bring the SWR down to 1/1. Current Operation: Currently activity is about 50/50 phone and cw. There are quite a few ssb stations on although still quite a lot of am operation. However, 95% of real DXing is done by cw only, simply because it gets through the poor conditions in better fashion.

Operating efficiently on 160 is about like any other band as to procedures, except that it is harder to work DX.

3-500Z Grounded-Grid Amplifier (Continued from page 27)

between the first two turns of L2, clearing the tuning ring in any position of the latter.

Once you have determined that everything tunes properly, and you are familiar with the "feel" of the amplifier, apply higher voltages, up to the maximum of 3000. The plate current with no drive should be about 160 mA. If you feel better with a bit less static plate current, it can be lowered by inserting a small (0.1 to 0.4 ohm) resistor in series with R1 and the filament center-tap. A Zener diode, 2 to 9 volts, 10 watts, could do this job, as well.

Keep the amplifier tuned for maximum output at all times. Do not decouple to reduce output; cut down drive and/or plate voltage instead, Initial adjustment for linear operation, either ssb or a-m, requires a scope. With a little experience you will have no trouble recognizing conditions that provide good linearity, and those that result in flat-topping and splatter.

Maximum output, minimum plate current and maximum grid current should all occur at the same setting of the plate tuning. If they do not, the output loading is over-coupled, or there is regeneration in the amplifier. Do not expect a tremendous plate-current dip at resonance. With proper loading the dip is plainly visible and smooth, but not of great magnitude.

Operating conditions for the 3-500Z, as given in the manufacturer's literature or in the tube data section of the Handbook provide a good guide to proper operation. The amplifier can be run effectively with as little as 1000 volts on the tube

plate, so varying the ac voltage to the plate-supply high-voltage transformer is a convenient way to control the power level. In most vhf communication there is no reason whatever to run near the legal power limit, and any 50-MHz station should include provision for running less. With just one power supply, and no critical operating conditions, this amplifier makes operating courtesy and consideration for others on the band easy. When you need the power, you'll have it at your disposal, quickly, without fussy readjustment of operating conditions.

Phone Patching (Continued from page 31)

that would do this would be ideal for maintaining transmitter modulation at the proper level and might be useful in controlling the level of signals applied to voice couplers.

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58

Classic Radio

Transceivers Before Plug and Play

Today's HF transceivers, used by the vast majority of active HF operators, are truly self-contained units. Most of them include a VFO (often dual VFOs), a keyer, transmit/receive switching, antenna tuners, power supplies, frequency memories, and a host of other conveniences that today's amateurs take for granted. They are true plug-and-play stations. Plug in an antenna, and perhaps a power supply, push the button on the included microphone, and you're on the air. Things weren't always this convenient.

A younger ham looking at a typical station from the 1950s and '60s would likely be struck by the comparatively large size and weight of the equipment, and would notice that the transmit and receive functions were performed by separate, free-standing

units. While a few transceivers were introduced in the '50s, their use did not become common until the mid-60s, and not nearly universal until the '80s.

Switching Complexity

From an operational standpoint, operating a station with a separate receiver

Figure 1 — Johnson Co. transmit/receive switch. [Ron Pollack, K2RP, photo]



and transmitter was more complex and labor intensive than using a modern transceiver.

Consider what needs to be accomplished when switching between transmit and receive during a contact. The antenna needs to be connected to the proper unit, the receiver needs to be muted, and the transmitter activated when going from receive to transmit, and the opposite when transitioning from transmit to receive. A transceiver performs these functions automatically with the microphone push-to-talk button or by pressing the CW key. The traditional setup required external means to accomplish these changes. Most common was a transmit/receive (T/R) relay, usually activated by switching the transmitter



Figure 2 — Various VFOs and keyers. [Ron Pollack, K2RP, photo]

that activated the relay and performed the antenna-switching function. It often had auxiliary contacts that muted or unmuted the receiver as required.

Another option was to use an electronic T/R switch that performed the functions instantaneously, enabling the operator to hear the receiver between CW characters, known as break-in keying (see Figure 1). Some basic stations even used a double-pole, double-throw knife switch mounted on the operating desk.

The majority of transmitters — especially entry-level types — did not include a built-in VFO. They relied on quartz crystals to control the transmit frequency. When Novices upgraded, their first purchase was often an external VFO. Manufacturers such as Heathkit, EICO, Globe, Knight, and others marketed inexpensive VFOs, adding another box on the desk (see Figure 2).

Other Considerations

Another consideration was independent frequency control to ensure that the transmitted signal coordinated with the received signal. With a transmitter VFO, a procedure called *zero beating* set the transmitter to the received frequency. This is a lost art with transceivers.

Electronic keyers — using keyer paddles for automatically generating dits and dahs — also grew in popularity in this era. Again, many of today's rigs incorporate keyers as standard equipment. In the vacuum-tube era, these were external accessories, with most of the aforementioned manufacturers offering one or more models. In the late 1950s, Hallicrafters offered the TO keyer, the first commercially successful model (see Figure 3). It used six vacuum tubes, compared to today's solid-state models, built with one chip the size of a postage stamp.

Antenna couplers and tuners have also changed with the times, partially



Figure 3 — Hallicrafters HA-1 Keyer. [Ron Pollack, K2RP, photo]

due to the transition from tube-type final stages to solid-state designs. Tube finals are far less sensitive to SWR mismatches. Many of those rigs offered pi-network outputs, capable of matching a significant range of antenna impedances, so antennamatching devices were not as common as they are today. Wire antennas and beams could be built easily, and they could be used directly with transmitters of that era. For some antenna systems that used balanced lines, external couplers, such as the Johnson Matchboxes and homebrew transmatches, were often used. Today's solid-state final stages must be presented with a near 1:1 SWR match, resulting in antenna couplers, either internal or external, needed for most installations.

Operating

The FCC licensing structure was much different in those years. The entry-level Novice-class license only granted limited privileges on 80, 40, 15, and 2 meters. All operations, except 2 meters, were restricted to CW, and Novices were restricted to 75 W maximum input and crystal control. Most limiting was the 1-year license term, which could not be renewed. The Novice license was a "once in a lifetime" event; it was upgrade or get off the air.

Another regulation required a detailed log of each and every station opera-

tion, including stations called or worked, time and date of operation, frequency band, and power, among others. While many hams voluntarily continue to maintain a log for their own records, the legal requirement to keep a station log ended in the early '80s.

Hams who operated mobile or portable, except for brief periods, were required to notify the FCC districts of their primary operating location and the districts for proposed operations. This requirement was also rescinded along with the logging requirements.

This was the era of the Cold War. Early in the '50s, the FCC enacted CONELRAD (Control of Electromagnetic Radiation). In case of imminent enemy air raids, all radio transmission would cease, to prevent aircraft from using radio signals for direction finding. Fresh in the mind of regulators was the 1941 attack on Pearl Harbor, when Japanese bombers were reported to have homed in on Honolulu broadcast stations. Broadcast stations would be required to go off the air, and emergency broadcasts would be made on 640 and 1240 kHz from rapidly changing locations that would be difficult for an enemy to track. In the mid-50s, amateurs became subject to the rules.

Various means of compliance were used. A TV or broadcast radio within earshot of the station would qualify. There were numerous clever automatic designs published. Some monitored the AGC circuit of a broadcast receiver, and activated a light or buzzer if the AGC voltage dropped. There were other systems proposed, and Heathkit and others offered CONELRAD monitors. The requirement for hams ended in 1962. (I suspect that most hams ignored the whole thing altogether.)

Times have changed, of course.

Operating an amateur station is much easier and more compact. But, the thrill and magic of radio communication remains the same.

Celebrating Our Legacy

A Chance Encounter with Amateur Radio

I discovered amateur radio accidentally when I was a teenager in the early '70s, by listening to an all-band radio. I listened to shortwave broadcasts, air traffic to and from the New York airports, and discussions of radio and other technical topics.

The people I heard were ham radio operators using a 2-meter repeater, and some were members of the Wantagh Amateur Radio Club in Long Island, New York. I attended the club's amateur radio Novice licensing class at a local park, while studying the ham radio books I found at my local public library. I earned my Novice-class license, WN2TVB, in 1974.

My first station was a Heathkit HR-10B receiver and a one-tube transmitter that I built based on the article, "A 10-Watt, One-Tube Transmitter," by Lewis McCoy, W1ICP, and Gus Wilson, W1NPG, from the March 1971 issue of QST. I had a single crystal and managed one contact with it. New crystals were expensive, and all the used ones I found were for the older Novice allocation, so I decided to get a Heathkit HG-10B variable frequency oscillator (VFO) and hook it up to my one-tube transmitter. Unfortunately, that didn't work, so I purchased a Heathkit DX-60B kit.

Two years ago, I found my old onetube transmitter in the basement of my family's home. I want to see if I can get it to work with the VFO, so I've been tinkering with it in my spare time. I've learned a lot about vacuum tube circuits and made many circuit modifications, but I can't seem to get much power out.

Over the last 46 years, I've enjoyed amateur radio, and I owe it all to my luck at hearing a nice group of hams on my all-band radio. You never know who might be listening on the air and be inspired to learn about amateur radio.

Joseph E. Pingree, WB2TVB Los Angeles, California Life Member

My Lifelong Radio Journey

When I was 12 years old, I spent a month at sleepaway camp. On the last day of camp, I saw a fellow camper drawing on a piece of paper. When I asked what he was drawing, he told me it was a schematic.

My new friend taught me all about electronics. He also had a shortwave receiver, and I found a whole new world of excitement with shortwave listening. Soon I had my own receiver, a Realistic DX-150A, and began sending reception reports to all the international radio stations I listened to.

In 1970, I earned my Novice-class license and was given the call WN2GXM. I bought a Heathkit DX-60B and spent weeks in the basement building it. I paired it with the DX-150A and made my own manual transmit/receive (T/R) switch and various other accessories. My father helped me set up a multiband vertical mounted on the roof of our garage, with four elevated radials extending to the four corners of our yard. When I made my first contact, I was so nervous that my hands were shaking, and I could hardly send code.

I learned how to dip the plate of my DX-60B and adjust the grid current, very carefully, even repeatedly for the same contact. I never burned out a tube. However, I hadn't yet learned about antenna tuners or baluns. When I operated my station, I had to be careful what I touched because RF bites were everywhere.

I continued to use the DX-60B/ DX-150A combo into my teen years, during which time I quickly upgraded to General- and Advanced-class licenses (which I held for the next 40 years).

I've replaced my original DX-60B after reluctantly selling it, and I still have the Realistic DX-150A that I copied CW with for so many hours. I have more modern equipment too, of course, and am making proper use of antenna tuners and baluns — no more RF in the shack. I'm currently relearning CW, which is still as exciting to me as ever!

Richard A. Spohn, WB2GXM Floral Park, New York Life Member

Send reminiscences of your early days in radio to "Celebrating Our Legacy," ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111 or celebrate@arrl.org. Submissions selected for publication will be edited for space and clarity. Material published in "Celebrating Our Legacy" may also appear in other ARRL media. The publishers of QST assume no responsibility for statements made in this column.



Joseph Pingree's, WB2TVB, old one-tube transmitter.

100, 50, and 25 Years Ago

September 1920

- The cover photo shows the excellent station of 8XK, in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. [A few months later, 8XK became the early broadcasting station KDKA.
 Ed.]
- The editorial, "In Introspect," takes a look at ham radio of the time, and finds much to be pleased and hopeful about.
- The lead article, "A Few Ideas for Amateur C.W.," begins with the observation that "The number of C.W. sets is rapidly increasing."
- "Station Performance during the Bureau of Standards A.R.R.L. QSS Tests of June and July, 1920" presents the data collected by participating stations, as we try to learn about fading and its causes.
- McMurdo Silver presents information on the "Construction of a Two-Step Amplifier" for audio signals.
- "Our Less Experienced Brothers," by former League president Hiram Percy Maxim, W1AW, warns against the exclusion of newcomers to our grand adventure by the more experienced operators.
- A. L. Groves tells us "How to Tune the Honeycombs," to get maximum results from honeycomb coils.

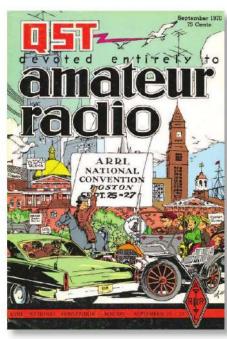
September 1970

- The cover art by Gil, W1CJD, reminds us of the League's National Convention, to be held in Boston later that month.
- The editorial, "A Tough Decision," discusses the FCC's expansion of the phone subbands.
- Douglas Blakeslee, W1KLK, shows how to build "A Solid-State VOX."
- Yardley Beers, WØJF, shares Part II of "Short Antennas for the Lower Frequencies," discussing trap construction and adjustment.
- Jerry Arnold, WN6MBP, reports on building "A Two-Band Vertical for the Novice" that covers 40 and 15 meters.
- Doug DeMaw, W1CER, describes how to build "A QRP Console," a mate for the QRP transceiver described in the August 1970 issue of QST.
- Reed Fisher, W2CQH, and Richard Turrin, W2IMU, write about their "UHF Directional Coupler," a handy piece of equipment for UHF hams.
- Frank Walsmith, W8PHR, explains how to build a circuit to provide "Automatic Amplifier Tuning," to maintain tank-circuit resonance when changing frequency.

September 1995

- The cover photo shows the Federal Building in Oklahoma City, and notes that hams served in several roles after it was car-bombed.
- The editorial, "Why Band Plan?", explains why today's bands require observance of the operating segments in our bands.
- "Holocaust in Oklahoma City" recounts the efforts of hams in providing essential communications support following the truck bombing in Oklahoma City.
- "Thrills, Butter Churns, and Honeycombs: A Visit to The Hammond Museum of Radio" describes the wonderful museum operated by Fred Hammond, VE3HC, in Guelph, Ontario.
- Brian Beezley, K6STI, teaches us how to build "A Receiving Antenna that Rejects Local Noise."
- Edwin Andress, W6KUT, joins in with "A K6STI Low-Noise Receiving Antenna for 80 and 160 Meters."
- "Hard-Core QRP," by Richard Arland, K7YHA, shares the tale of his enjoyment of ham radio with transmitter outputs at the milliwatt and microwatt levels.
- The article, "California Mobile Antennas and the Moment of Truth," by Doc Selman, WE6A, includes photos of the antennas used on a day when highpower mobile hams gathered to compare antennas.







Silent Keys

It is with deep regret that we record the passing of these radio amateurs:

NTAED KTAWS WIBEP WATDAU NTDZM KTEST WIGV NBIHF KTHRM KTJG KATIKXQ WIMAP WATMAN WIQDV WITAB KENVAD K	Roux, Richard M. "Dick," Bedford, NH Schindler, Andrew M. "Mike," Nantic, CT Paiva, Bradford E., East Freetown, MA Gray, Pochey W., Belchertown, MA Allard, Almon R., Billerica, MA Osborne, Paul H., Milford, ME Gibilisco, Stanley P., Lead, SD Blaiklock, Neal E., Merrimack, NH Kratovil, Jonathan D., Feeding Hils, MA Contois, Stanley L., Essex Junction, VT Gawronsky, John A., Athol, MA Blaskey, Bernice E., Palm Coast, FL Dupont, Donald S., Farmingdale, ME Burnham, David W., Concord, NH Doucette, Conrad R., Cincinnati, CH Peloquin, Robert H., Jr., Worcester, MA Russ, Raymond, South Chatham, MA MacCord, Donald A., Derry, NH Cicirello, James A., Wellsville, NY Frasier, James H., Arrherst, MA Hall, Tom, Lyons, NY Super, John P., McNeal, AZ Damen, Theodoor C., Colts Neck, NJ Paul, Allan T. "Dusty," East Aurora, NY Pickering, Bernard F. "Bernie," Susquehanna, PA Hall, Marvin D. "Bud," Eastham, MA Messing, Howard, Sparta, NJ Robideau, Paul J., Clifton Park, NY Ofshinsky, SamJ., Dumont, NJ
KX2W • KA2WYZ KH2Z	Shontz, Freeman S. "Sam;" Southampton, NJ Malhenzie, Bernard, Athens, AL Hildebrand, Brent W, Loma Linda, CA
W2ZM K3IP ♦K3IUY	Raide, Robert J., Penn Yán, NY Shaubach, Henry "Kip," Jr., Quaryville, PA Sanders, Irvin M., Middletown, PA
K3JE W3JTV K3KFD WN3UF N3WZJ W3NGN W3NTT	Morrison, Edward S., Clearfield, PA Vaccaro, Joseph, Hermitage, PA Flink, Stephen, Penn Valley, PA Jones, Walter, Duryea, PA Piper, Robert W., Chambersburg, PA Wetherhold, Edward E., Annapolis, MD Groover, James A., Statington, PA
KA3RNW KB3SGX AA3VK KI4AVO N4AVV WA4AON W4AV	Murphy, Mark G., Amapolis, MD Peach, Robert A., Hookstown, PA Minschwaner, Walter E., Wallsboro, PA Allen, Glann P., Banton, TN Tyree, Gane, Fayetteville, NC Hardigree, George A. "Allan," Bishop, GA Vitolo, Anthony A., Grayson, GA
AK4BE WE4C KI4CGN AI4DU KI4DXB KE4EC AD4F	Shipes, Joe F., Yorktown, VA Stadtlander, David, Cocca, FL Bateman, Bert D., Topton, NC Bossert, Raymond A., Calabash, NC Turner, Delbert S., Floral City, FL Frazier, Donald E., Punta Gorda, FL Curle, Charles E. "Charlie," Jr.,
KV4FK •WD4HDV	Cottevieh, TN Campbell, Donn V., Annapolis, MD Coleman, James C., Jr., Mechanicsville, VA
♦WB4HHN NC4HK K4HSK	Stevens, Russell J., Manassas, VA Martin, Haynes K., Fuquay-Varina, NC McCrary, Clifford R., Jr., Elkin, NC

NAJNL	Lindeman, Linda, Coconut Creek, FL
KIMIKLT	Aspinwall, Thurman R. "T. Ray,"
WHILI	Mobile, AL
KK4MQP	Barry, Rebecca F., Decatur, AL
KD4ODQ	Schmauss, Jo Anne, Lakeland, FL
	Murphy, Devey E. "Edward," Odum, GA
KA4PON W4PJZ	Anderson, Buford J. "Andy,"
V VHFJZ	A
NAPWP	Louisville, KY
	Head, Kenneth L., Elizabethton, TN Hoppe, Robert W., Dacula, GA
KI4SBT AE4SH	Hamm, Scott B., Cherryville, NC
WA4SYZ	Smith, Brady O., St. Petersburg, FL.
WATZQ	McCaslin, Nick G., Arden, NC
K4UQR	Foley, James A, Jr., Birmingham, AL
KIVAY	Palagyi, Edward F. "Ed," Orawfordville, FL
KK5AR	Shook, Roland S., Silver City, NM
KB5BRZ	Grisham, Farrar, Meridian, MS
•WT5C	Edlin, James I. "Jim," Lubbook, TX
KD5OQX	Crawford, John R., Eads, TN
K5CRJ	Warburton, Alan W, Long Beach, MS
· AA5EA	Foster, Wallace C., El Paso, TX
AC5F	Hughes, Robert L. "Leon," Willis, TX
♦N5GAR	Blackwell, Thomas M., Dallas, TX
AB5HA	Smith, Paul B., Bossier City, LA
KI5HBX	Bural, Benjamin T. "Tyler," Edmond, OK
KD5HEO	Murphy, Clifford L., Fort Worth, TX
KU5K	Phelps, Ceal C., Ignado, CO
KA5KBM	Strachan, Steve S., Lavaca, AR
KF50EB	Sly, Benjamin C., Sherman, TX
W5SFN	Emmons, Albert D., San Antonio, TX
• W5TDH	Gilbert, Kenneth L, Plainview, TX
W5TYD	Allen, Henry L., Caddo Mills, TX
•K6DPZ	Guretzky, Harold "Hal,"
4000	Richmond Hills, NY
W6GCL	Hammons, Jerry D., Clovis, CA
• W6IWM	Popenoe, Paul, Jr., Portland, ME
KK6JU	Pritchard, Grant S., Novato, CA
NGJTA W6RUF	Richards, Russell D., III, Turlock, CA Tsompanas, Emmanuel C.,
VVONO	
W6VNQ	Modesto, CA Towle, Harry D. "Dave," Arbuckle, CA
KK6ZTN	McLaren, Dorothy J., Santa Barbara, CA
KE7BZD	Brassard, Raymond A., Puyallup, WA
W7GXX	Powell, Robert B., Taylorsville, UT
K7HEN	Gilbert, Mack, Ephraim, UT
W7HTJ	Andresen, David C., Lakewood, WA
♦WA7JCK	Hutton, Merle K, Tucson, AZ
K7JGU	Korn, Theresa M., Tucson, AZ
WA7PFR	Parker, David H., Portland, OR
N7UKN	Metzler, Donald E., Glendale, AZ
W7VTW	Hawley, James N. "Jim," Newport, OR
W7YAU	Bohman, Ronald G. "Gene," Rexburg, ID
· K8BP	Cooper, Wyatt C. "Clarke," Muskegon, M
♦K8DHW	Eblin, James B. "Jim," Corvallis, OR
W8END	Geerlings, David N., Manistee, M.
N8GCH	Warren, Vincent A, Lima, OH
WA8HDG	Gietzen, William D., Norton Shores, M
NBIEA	Childers, Calvin, Dayton, OH
NBJMK	Homer, Bruce A, Cambridge, OH
WD8JOF	Ludwig, David L, Swartz Čreek, M
• WB8JRW	McCloy, Eugene, Vermontville, M
♦•WBLTX	Knott, Thomas E, Spring Hill, FL.
• W&PJS • K&RDO	Thatcher, George R., Asheville, NC Armstrong, Donald P., Lehigh Acres, FL
W8REW	Weston, Ross E "Ed;" II,
TO LV	Reynoldsburg, OH
	i cyriciacury, ci i

W8WPC Brown, Palph E., Greenville, OH · W&WSR Cowley, Robert C., Toledo, OH Olson, Harold C. "Charlie," Troy, OH ♦KD8YR WANT Rudis, Anthony J., Jr., Manhattan, IL Burbey, Lawrence A "Larry," De Pere, WI K9BBU Booher, David C., Aurora, IL W9B00 Michas, NickW, Princeton, IN KB9CJG K9CTH Hubbard, William H., Kokomo, IN KA9FFM Wilson, Charles, Robbins, IL. WOHC Brown, Stephen E., Mahomet, IL. Wessels, Heye C., Norfork, AR NOUSM KB9KMH Cedzo, George S., Sheboygan, W. KC9NEB Beckner, Nancy, Rensselaer, IN WB90RO Daniels, Ruthann, McGregor, IA WA9ZYO McCarty, Robert R., Racine, W. WØBDO Huber, Frank J., Montgomery, MN WAØBOB Bartholic, Robert W., Ooden, KS **KØDXX** Moody, Michael D., Winfield, MO AFOF Hisserich, James F. "Jim," Ironton, MO WBOHNB Horn, Bernard H., Nashua, IA NØICF Kesselring, Pamela J., Ottumwa, IA WAOOFO Smith, Thomas C., Sun City West, AZ A00PJ Gardner, James W., Ogden, IA · WØQAP Arbogast, Burl T., El Dorado, KS KØRTF Goetsch, J. Bruce, Decorah, IA WAØTNA Long, James R., Wentzville, MO KØUL Schreiner, Thomas D., Southbury, CT WØVLY Haumann, David W., Thedford, NE WOOX Biggs, Rodger D., Ellendale, ND **KBOXK** Steiner, Harold B., Holstein, NE Mesenbrink, Corey, Hallsville, MO KOOYNS VE10P Nichols, Scott B., North Sydney, NS, Canada **VE3ENC** Mullen, Bernard A., Maberly, ON, Canada ♦ VE3ISJ Murphy, Thomas K, Dunnville, ON, Canada VE7CRU Leach, Graham Rodney, Oliver, BC, Canada VE/ETU Walker, Hugh, Kaslo, BC, Canada ZL1BKE Beets, Robert F., Queensland, Australia

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Note: Silent Key reports must confirm the death by one of the following means: a copy of a newspaper obituary notice, a copy of the death certificate, or a letter from the family lawyer or the executor. Please be sure to include the amateur's name, address, and call sign. Allow several months for the listing to appear in this column. Many hams remember a Silent Key with a memorial contribution to the ARRL Foundation or to ARRL. If you wish to make a contribution in a friend or relative's memory, you can designate it for an existing youth scholarship, the Jesse A. Bieberman Meritorious Membership Fund, the Victor C. Clark Youth Incentive Program Fund, or the General Fund. Contributions to the Foundation are tax deductible to the extent permitted under current tax law. Our address is: The ARRL Foundation Inc., 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111.

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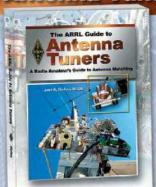




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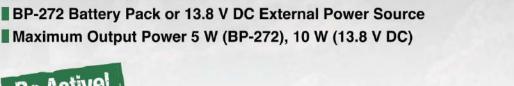
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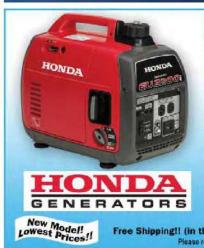
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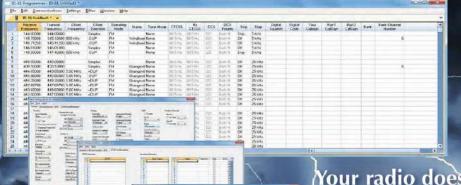


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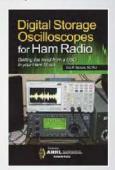
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The Most Popular Rotator in the World!

For medium communications arrays up to 15 square feet wind load area. Has 5-second brake delay, Test/Calibrate function. Low temperature grease permits normal operation down to -30 degrees F. Alloy ring gear gives extra strength up to 100,000 PSI for maximum reliability.

permits normal operation down to
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gives extra strength up to 100,000
PSI for maximum reliability.
Precision indicator potentiometer.
Ferrite beads reduce RF susceptibility. Cinch plug
plus 8-pin plug at control box. Dual 98 ball bearing
race for load bearing strength and electric locking
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North/South center of rotation scale on meter, low

voltage control, max mast 2¹/₁₆". **HAM-VI** – **\$809.95** with DCU-2 **HAM-VII** – **\$959.95** with DCU-3

HAM IV and HAM V Rotator Specifications		
Wind Load Capacity (inside tower)	15 square feet	
Wind Load (w/mast adapter)	7.5 square feet	
Turning Power	800 inlbs.	
Brake Power	5000 inlbs.	
Brake Construction	Electric Wedge	
Bearing Assembly	Dual race/96 ball bearings	
Mounting Hardware	Clamp plate/steel U-bolts	
Control Cable Conductors	8	
Shipping Weight	26 lbs.	
Effective Moment (in tower)	2800 ftlbs	

TAILTWISTER SERIES II – \$869.95

For Large Medium Antenna Arrays up to 20 sq. ft. wind load.

Has 5-second brake delay, Test/
Calibrate functions. Low temp grease, tough alloy ring gear, indicator potentiometer, ferrite beads on potentiometer wires, weatherproof AMP connectors plus 8-pin plug at

control box, triple bearing race with 138 ball bearings for large load bearing, electric locking steel wedge brake, North/South center of rotation scale meter, low voltage control, 21/16" max mast. **MSHD**, \$139.95. Above tower heavy duty mast support. T2X, HAM-IV, HAM-V, HAM-VI. Accepts 17/8-25/8" OD.

T-2XD2 - \$979.95 with DCU-2 T-2XD3 - \$1039.95 with DCU-3

Wind Load Capacity (inside tower)	20 square feet
Wind Load (w/mast adapter)	10 square feet
Turning Power	1000 inlbs.
Brake Power	9000 inlbs.
Brake Construction	Electric Wedge
Bearing Assembly	Triple race/138 ball bearings
Mounting Hardware	Clamp plate/steel U-bolts
Control Cable Conductors	8
Shipping Weight	31 lbs.
Effective Moment (in tower)	3400 ftlbs

CD-45II - \$499.95

For antenna arrays up to 8.5 sq. feet mounted inside tower or 5 sq. ft. with mast adapter.

Low temperature grease good to -30 F degrees. New Test/Calibrate function. Bell rotator design gives total weather protection, dual 58 ball bearing race gives proven support. Die-cast

proven support. Die-cast ring gear, stamped steel gear drive, heavy duty, trouble free gear train, North center scale, lighted directional indicator, 8-pin plug/socket on control

trouble free gear train, North center scale, lighted directional indicator, 8-pin plug/socket on control unit, snap-action control switches, low voltage control, safe operation, takes maximum mast size to 21/16 inches. MSLD light duty lower mast support included.

CD-45D2 - \$599.95 with DCU-2 CD-45D3 - \$659.95 with DCU-3

Wind Load Capacity (inside tower)	8.5 square feet
Wind Load (w/mast adapter)	5.0 square feet
Turning Power	600 inlbs.
Brake Power	800 inlbs.
Brake Construction	Disc Brake
Bearing Assembly	Dual race/48 ball bearings
Mounting Hardware	Clamp plate/steel U-bolts
Control Cable Conductors	8
Shipping Weight	22 lbs.
Effective Moment (in tower)	1200 ftlbs

Hy-Gain Programmable DCU-3

Digital Rotator Controller

DCU-3 - \$499.95

Hy-gain DCU-3 Digital Controller lets you program 6 beam headings! Gives you full automatic or manual control of your hy-gain HAM or Tailtwister Rotators.

Press a memory button or dial in your beam heading or let *Ham Radio Deluxe* (or other) take control. Your antenna auto rotates precisely and safely to your DX.

DCU-3 automatically jogs your antenna free and safely unlocks it before rotating begins (*great for older rotators with "sticky" brakes*) then turns off your motor before reaching its final heading. Your antenna gently coasts to a stop before the brake re-locks – greatly reducing damaging overshoots and extending rotator life. Simply press *Left* and *Right* buttons for full manual control and fine tuning.

Bright blue LCD shows current, dialed in and computer controlled beam headings in one degree increments and your call

Calibrate lets you accurately match your display to your true beam heading. Has USB/RS-232 ports for computer control. Adjustable LCD sleep time. Field upgradeable firmware. 8.5Wx4.3H x9D". 110 VAC. Order DCU-3X for 220 VAC.



New!

DCU-2 Digital Rotator Controller – \$459.95Like DCU-3, but less programmable memories. 110 VAC.
Order **DCU-2X**, for 220 VAC.

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Replace your Yaesu Rotator Controller

YRC-1 - \$369.95

Hy-gain YRC-1 -- more features, more robust, far less prone to lightning damage. Costs less than repairing!

Easy-to-use — dial in your beam heading and tap GOTO button. Exclusive 180 degree *AutoReversal*TM for fast longpath operation. All DCU-2 features. Bright blue LCD shows current, dialed-in, computer controlled beam headings, call. USB port for computer

blue LCD shows current, dialed-in, computer controlled beam headings, call. USB port for computer control. Extra heavy-duty AC power supply. Fast variable DC motor minimizes overshoot. Intuitive menu. Field upgradeable. For Yaesu G-800/1000/2800/G450/650. AC or DC motors.

YRC-3, \$449.95. Like YRC-1 and adds 6 memories.

AR-40 - \$399.95

For compact antenna arrays and large FM/TV up to 3.0 square feet wind load area.

Dual 12 ball bearing race. Automatic position sensor never needs resetting. Fully automatic control -- just dial and touch for any desired location. Solid state, low voltage control, safe and silent operation. 21/16 inch maximum mast size. MSLD light duty lower mast support included.



AR-40 Rotator Specifications		
Wind Load Capacity (inside tower)	3.0 square feet	
Wind Load (w/mast adapter)	1.5 square feet	
Turning Power	350 inlbs.	
Brake Power	450 inlbs.	
Brake Construction	Disc Brake	
Bearing Assembly	Dual race/12 ball bearings	
Mounting Hardware	Clamp plate/steel U-bolts	
Control Cable Conductors	5	
Shipping Weight	14 lbs.	
Effective Moment (in tower)	300 ftlbs	

AR-500 Rotator/Controller – \$169.95

UHF/VHF/6-Meter, MFJ-1886 Rotator/Controller and

Remote. For use of small VHF/UHF, 6M, TV, FM, the MFJ-1886 wide band receiving loop and other lightweight ham antennas. Rotator is built in a weather-proof one piece cast aluminum housing with precision all metal gears, steel thrust bearings and

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high-current switching power supply gives 75A max/70A continuous

Great for ALS-500M amplifier Adjustable output 4-16 VDC. 110/220 VAC. Binding posts, quick connects, PowerPoles™, cigarette lighter socket on front. Battery charger gives charging current of 20A max, 5A continuous. 93/4W x 51/2H x 91/2D". Only 10.5 lbs.

45-Amps, \$169.95

MFJ-4245MV Switching power supply gives 45A surge/40A continuous. 9-15 VDC out. 85-260



VAC in. Low ripple, highly regulated. 5-way posts, cig lighter, quick connects. 5 lbs., 71/2W x 43/4H x 9D".

25-Amps, \$119.⁹⁵

MFJ-4225MV

Switching power supply gives 25A surge, 22A continu-ous. Adjustable 9-15 VDC output, 85-260 AC input.



Large 3" dual Amp/Volt meters, Binding posts, Cigarette lighter socket. 3.7 lbs. 51/4W x 41/2H x 6D inches.

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30 Amp, 4-16 Volts Adjustable, Volt/Amp Meter, 5W x 21/2H x 6D"

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MFJ-4230MV gives 25 Amps continuously or 30 Amps surge at 13.8 VDC. Voltage is front-panel adjustable from 4 to 16 VDC.

Selectable input voltage of 120 or 240 VAC at 47-63 Hz lets you carry it with you and use it worldwide

Front-panel rocker switch lets you choose Amp or Volt meter for continuous monitoring. Cool operation with excellent 75% efficiency. Extra low ripple and noise is less than 100 mV.

It's quiet! Continuous air-flow gently cools the power supply and a heat sensor increases the fan speed if the temperature rises above 70 degrees celsius.

Over-voltage and over-current protection fully protects your transceiver and has ALARM LED. DC output is 5-way binding posts on the back so you can power your HF, VHF, UHF transceiver and accessories with ease.

35-Amps, \$149.⁹⁵

Add a pair of PowerPoles™

MFJ-4230MVP, \$11995

MFJ-4230MPF, \$10995.

bright orange LCD digital

PowerPoles™ on back.

PowerPoles™ on front.

MFJ-4230DMP, **\$159.95.** Same as MFJ-4230MVP but has

volt/amp display.

MFJ-4235MV

switching power supply gives 35A surge and 30A continuous. 4-16 VDC with 1%



voltage regulation. < 9 mV peak-topeak ripple. AC input 90-125 or 200-240V. 7W x 41/4H x 83/4D", 4 lbs.

25-Amps, \$99.⁹⁵

MFJ-4125 gives 25A surge, 22A continuous. 13.8 VDC switching



power supply has 5-way binding posts on front panel and quick connects on back. 3.5 lbs. Super compact 51/2W x 21/2H x 53/4D inches fits anywhere.

35-Amps, \$169.95

MFJ-4035MV 19.2 lb. trans-



VAC in. Highly regulated, 1% load regulation. 1 mV ripple. 5-way binding posts, quick connects. 91/2W x 6H x 93/4".

25-Amps, **\$109.**95

MFJ-4125P

gives 25A surge, 22A continuous.



supply front has 2 pair of Anderson PowerPoles™ and 5-way binding posts on front. Quick connects on back. 3.5 lbs. Super compact 51/2W x 21/2H x 53/4D"

15-Amps, **\$79.**95

MFJ-4115 Tiny!

17A surge, 15A cont. 13.8 VDC. 110/ 220 VAC. 3³/₄W x 2¹/₄H x7 3/4D", 1.5 lb.



5-way posts. Switcher. MFJ-4215MV, \$79.95. 4-16 VDC, 15A surge, 13A cont., backlit volt/amp meters. 90-125V/200-240 VAC. Switcher.

28-Amps, \$99.95



MFJ-4128 28A surge, 25A cont. at 13.8 VDC. AC input

voltage 85-135/170-260 VAC, 5-way binding posts, cigarette lighter socket, $7W \times 2^1/4H \times 7^{1/2}D^{"}$, 4 lbs. MFJ-4218MV, \$119.95. 0-24 VDC,

18A@13.8/9A@24 VDC. Backlit V/A meter. 110/220 VAC.

MFJ PowerPole™ **Splitters**

MFJ-1104, \$5495.

PowerPole™ Splitter. 30 Amp fused input. Outputs fused at 25, 10, 5A. Open fuse indicator. 23/4W x 31/4H x 11/2D"



MFJ-1107, \$5995. 40 Amp fused binding posts input. 4 fused PowerPole™ outputs.

Two 2.1 mm center positive power jacks.



\$4995. One in, six out PowerPoles™ 30A total. 7 sets

mating connectors included.

MFJ High Current DC Multi-Outlet Strips

Power multiple transceivers/accessories from a single DC power supply

MFJ-1118 \$99.95. Power



sories from rig's 12VDC supply. 35A high-current and 15A accessory binding posts, Voltmeter, on/off switch. Master fuse, RF bypass.

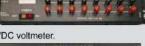
\$69.95. Like MFJ-1118 but 15A total, 8 pairs 5-way



posts, no meter or switch. 12¹/₂W x 2³/₄H x 2¹/₂D" MFJ-1117, \$79.95. Highcurrent. Powers four HF/VHF

pairs 5-way binding

radios simultaneously -- two at 35A each and two at 35A combined







\$139.95, 10 outlets. Installed fuses:

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\$129.95. 12 fused PowerPoles™: three 1A, four 5A, four 10A

one 25A, one 40A. Switch. Meter MFJ-1126, \$99.95 8 fused PowerPoles

One 1A, three 5A, two 10A, one 25A, one 40A. Switch. Voltmeter, 9W x 11/4H x 23/4D". MFJ-1124, \$79.95. Four pairs 35A PowerPoles[™], two pairs 35A high current binding posts.



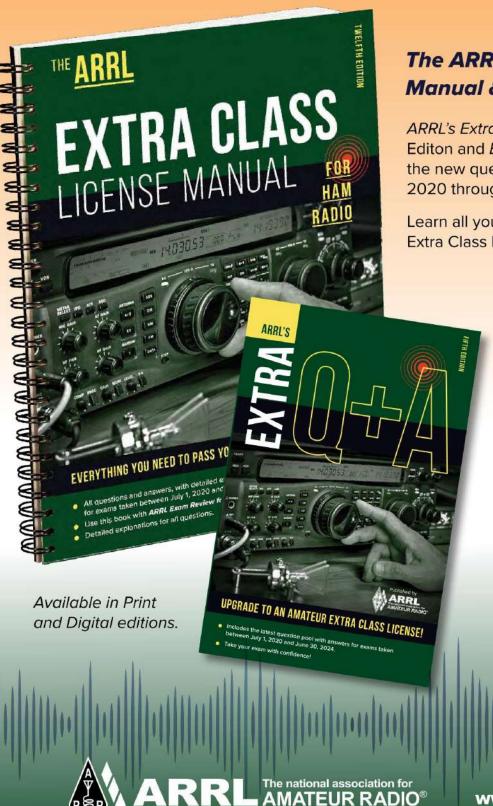




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The famous G5RV antenna is the most popular ham radio antenna in the world!

It's an efficient, all band 102 foot long antenna - shorter than an 80 Meter dipole. Has 32.5 foot ladder line

matching section ending in SO-239 connector for your coax \$69.⁹⁵ feedline.

Use horizontally or as Inverted Vee or Sloper with just one support. 1500 Watts.

Operate all bands 80-10 Meters with an antenna tuner and even 160M with around.

Fully assembled with ceramic end and fiberglass center insulators. Hang and Play™ – add coax, rope to hang and you're on air!

MFJ-1778M, \$59.95. Half-size, 52 foot G5RV JUNIOR for limited space. 40-10 Meters with tuner. Full 1500 Watts.

MFJ All Band Classic Doublet

MFJ 102 foot all band doublet covers 160-6 Meters with balanced line tuner. Super strong custom fiberglass center insulator relieves stress on 100 foot

Glazed ceramic end insulators. 1500 Watts.

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MFJ-915 RF Isolator prevents unwanted RF from traveling on the outside of your coax shield into your transceiver. This unwanted RF can cause painful RF "bites" when you touch your microphone or volume control, cause your display or settings to go crazy, lock up your transceiver or turn off your power supply. In mobile installations, stray RF could cause your car to do funny things even blow your car computer. Clear up these problems, plug an MFJ-915 between your

1500 Watts. 5 x 2 inches. MFJ-919, \$69.95. 4:1 current balun, 1.5 kW. MFJ-913, \$39.95. 4:1 balun, 300 Watts.

antenna and transceiver. 1.8-30 MHz,

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True 1:1 Current Balun/Center Insulator forces equal radiator currents in dipoles for true dipole radiation pattern. Reduces coax radiation and field pattern distortion - your signal goes where you want it. Reduces TVI, RFI and RF hot spots. Don't build a dipole without one! 50 hi-permeability ferrite beads on high quality RG-303 Teflon® coax and Teflon® SO-239.

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ladder line.

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80-10 Meter End-Fed Half Wave antenna

Cover all bands with one single wire and no tuner!



No tuner needed! All band 80-10M EFHW antenna Get-on-the air on all bands 80-10 Meters with just one wire and one support (pole or tree) and no tuner or long counterpoise.

Installs anywhere in minutes! Rugged insulated-wire radiator prevents detuning when contacting limbs/branches. "No-snag" end insulator slides over branches, leaves.

Toss over a high limb for inverted-V or sloper or go vertical with an inverted-L.

Dark jacketed wire is virtually invisible - don't let antenna restrictions keep you off the air! Great for emergencies.

EFHWs naturally resonate on the 1/2-wave fundamental frequency and odd/even harmonics. Covers 80/40/30/20/17/15/12/10 Meters without traps, stubs or resonators.

Broad-band matching transformer at feed point gives SWR so low you may never need a tuner. Compensating inductor optimizes SWR. 800 Watts SSB/CW. 132 feet jacketed antenna

MFJ-1984HP, \$89.95. Like MFJ-1982HP but 40-10M. 66 feet jacketed wire.

See www.mfjenterprises.com for 30 Watt QRP and 300 Watt models.

Dual Band Dipoles

MFJ-17758, \$99.95. Operate 80/40 Meters with a short 85 foot dipole. Full-size on 40 Meters with ultra-efficient



end-loading on 80 Meters. 1500 Watts. Superstrong custom molded center insulator with SO-239 connector and hang hole. Ceramic end insulators. 7-strand, 14 gauge hard copper wire. No tuner needed!

MFJ-17754, \$69.95. Like MFJ-17758 but is only 42 feet. Operate 40/20 Meters. Full-size on 20 Meters, ultra-efficient endloading on 40 Meters. 1500 Watts.

Single Band Dipoles Ultra high



\$79.⁹⁵

160M, 265 ft.

MFJ-1779B

\$59.⁹⁵

MFJ-1779C

\$39.⁹⁵

20-6M, 35 ft.

40M, 135 ft

quality center fed dipoles give years of troublefree service. Custom

injection-molded UV resistant center insulator has built-in SO-239 and hanging hole. Glazed ceramic end insulators. 7-strand, 14-gauge hard copper antenna wire. 1500 Watts. Use horizontally or as sloper or inverted vee. Simply cut to length with provided cutting chart.

OCFD Dipoles



MFJ-2012 \$89.⁹⁵

MFJ-2010 \$69.⁹⁵

No tuner needed!

MFJ Off-Center Fed Dipoles use MFJ's exclusive ExactRatio™ RF broadband transformer to give low SWR and maximum bandwidth on 40/20/10/6 Meters. A Guanella current balun kills feedline radiation, pattern distortion, SWR shifts, RFI and noise pickup. Install anywhere and get the same predictable performance regardless of feedline length. You get ground reinforced gain over verticals. Use horizontally, inverted vee, sloper. 98% efficient, 14 gauge, 7-strand copper wire, ceramic end insulators.



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This six-band (20, 17, 15, 12, 10, 6 Meters) full half-wave Cobweb Antenna is perfect for restricted space or portable operation. Sky-gray fiberglass spreaders and nearly invisible wire elements (flat 9 x 9 x 1/2 feet square. 8 pounds), blend in with your surroundings while standing tough against nasty weather.

Outstanding performance! Horizontally polarized for less local noise pickup plus solid gain over verticals will allow you to work DX easily - even on QRP. Omni-directional. No radials needed! Works great at low heights. Low SWR is due to MFJ's exclusive Spider-Match™ broadband network. Use lightweight TV hardware to mount on your chimney, balcony, mast.

Low in cost, but big on performance. MFJ Cobweb Antenna turns your space problem into a stack of QSL cards from far away places. MFJ-1836HK34, \$139.95. Add-on kit adds 40/30 Meters to MFJ-1835/1835H and MFJ-1836/MFJ-1836H cobweb antennas.

40-6 METER Cobweb Super Heavy-Duty, 1.5 kW New! Super heavy-duty 40-6 Meter Cobweb Antenna. Built to survive harsh northern winters, heavy snow,

ice and strong winds – has super-strong large diameter fiberglass and heavy-duty 14 gauge stranded hard copper wire. 8-bands: 40, 30, 20, 17, 15, 12, 10, 6 Meters, 1500 Watts. Turning radius: 12 feet, 23 lbs.

MFJ 20/17/15/12/10/6 Meter *Hexbeam*



New MFJ HexBeams deliver solid gain and directivity on 20/17/15/12/10/6 Meters with two elements on each band.

MFJ uses an updated G3TXQ element configuration for excellent gain,

improved bandwidth, superior front-to-back ratio and low SWR!

MFJ takes the HexBeam's unique balanced-tension framework to a new level with rugged mounting hardware, exceptionally durable spreaders and sliding antenna-wire guides - designed to ensure years of reliable service.

MFJ-1846, \$559.95. 6 Bands: 20/17/15/12/10/ 6M, 2-elements per band, full 1500W. 25 lbs. 11 ft.turning radius.

MFJ-1848, \$779.95. 8 Bands: 20/17/15/12/10/ 6M, 2-elements per band; 40/30M, single elements, full 1500W. 28 lbs. 14 ft. turning radius.

www.mfjenterprises.com

3-Element Hexbeam



MFJ-1856 is six individually stacked monoband yagis!

6 Bands: 20/17/15/12/10/6M. Full 1500 Watts.

Three full-size elements on each band gives high gain, high front-to-back ratio and wide bandwidth. Works great at 20 feet. 30lbs. 17 feet turning radius. Ideal for a small rotator like hy-gain's CD-45II, \$449.95.

MFJ Isolator and 1:1 Balun

MFJ-1838

\$459.95



MFJ-915, \$39.95 Stop RF traveling down coax line, painful RF "bites" and erratic operation. 1.5 kW 1.8-60 MHz. 2W x 5H". SO-239s.

MFJ-918, \$39.95 True 1:1 Current balun & center insulator in dipole elements.

MFJ Dry Dummy Load

MFJ-260C. \$49.95. Aircooled, 300 Watt dry dummy load with a noninductive resistor in a perfo-

rated metal housing. SO-239 connector. Full load 30 seconds. Silkscreened derating curve to 5 minforces equal antenna currents utes. SWR below 1.1:1 to 30 MHz, 1.5:1 from 30 to 650 MHz.

MFJ 2-Pos. Antenna Switch

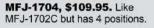
MFJ-1702C, \$49.95. 2-position antenna switch has center ground, auto grounding of unused position, handles 2.5 kW PEP and works to over 500 MHz. Lightning surge protection. Quality SO-239 connectors, heavy duty diecast.

MFJ G5RV Antenna

MFJ-1778, \$69.95. G5RV antenna covers 160-10 Meters with antenna tuner. 102 ft. long. Inverted vee or sloper. Use on 160

Meters as Marconi. 1500 Watts. Super-strong fiberglass center/feedpoint insulators. Glazed ceramic end insulators. Hand-soldered. Add coax,

some rope and you're on the air!













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- No melted dielectric
- Connect all the braid not just a few strands
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Crimp-Ons

Excellent quality, no bargain basement stuff here. Adapters & connectors for most types of connections.

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Premium Bury Flex, USA-400 & USA-240 coax jumpers with your choice of UHF, Type N, BNC, SMA, TNC & Mini-UHF Connectors.

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Ready to go, a complete VHF-UHF station in a box. Get them with or without radios installed. Fits most FM mobiles & several HF radios, too.



New Item!! HybridDX™ HF antenna. Get on 80M in less than 80 ft.

<u>MFJ *Magnetic Loop* Antennas</u>



MFJ 36-inch magnetic loop antenna lets you operate 7 to 22 MHz or 10 to 30 MHz continuously -- including the WARC and MARS bands! Easily handles a full 150 Watts on SSB/CW/Digital for any transceiver.

Ideal for limited space -- apartments, small lots, motor homes, attics, or mobile homes.

Work exciting DX with low angle radiation and local close-in contacts with high angle radiation when mounted vertically.

Super easy-to-use! MFJ remote control auto tunes to your desired

band. Fast/slow tune buttons. Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter lets you quickly tune to your exact frequency. No control cable needed.

World's most efficient small loop antenna has all welded construction. welded butterfly capacitor with no rotating contacts, large 1.050 inch diameter aluminum radiator -- gives you highest possible efficiency.

Every capacitor plate is welded for extremely low loss and polished to prevent high voltage arcing. Nylon bearing, anti-backlash mechanism, limit switches, continuous no-step DC motor gives smooth precision tuning. Heavyduty ABS plastic housing has ultraviolet inhibitor protection.

MFJ-1782, \$459.95. Like MFJ-1786 but with fast/slow tune manual remote control

MFJ-1780, \$369.95. 20-10 Meters, 150 Watt Portable 24x24x24

box fan loop with carrying handle. Highly efficient allwelded contstruction, norotating contact butterfly capacitor. Fast/slow tune

remote control. No control cable needed. See OST July 2019 review.

MFJ-1780XX, \$449.95. Like MFJ-1780 with auto band tune remote control, SWR/Wattmeter.

Build your own Mag loop!

Motorized Butterfly Capacitors Super low loss butterfly capacitors, no rotating contacts, all plates welded with no mechanical electrical contacts. Anti-backlash mechanism. DC motor with gear reduction box. Handles at least 150 Watts

SSB/CW/Digital. 1. p/n: 282-1786, \$189.95.

11-128 pF. 2. p/n: 282-1788, \$249.95. 15-260 pF.

p/n: 80-1786-2SM, \$249.95. Auto band selecting remote controller with SWR/Wattmeter. 4. p/n: 80-1782-2, \$79.95.

Manual remote control. fast/slow tune buttons.

Butterfly Capacitors

5. MFJ-19, \$79.95. 12-67 pF. 6. MFJ-23, \$109.95.18-136pF.

7. p/n: 729-0142, \$19.95. 6:1 vernier gear reduction drive for loop tuning capacitor.

8. 36-inch Aluminum Circular Loop with Integrated welded capacitor and mast mounting brackets p/n: 10-1786-11, \$129.95. 1.05 inch OD heavy duty tubing.

See MFJ Youtube reviews at: https://m.youtube.com/results?search_query=mfj

MFJ Magnetic Loop Tuners, 150 Watts



Turns any wire loop into a small, high efficiency multi-band transmitting magnetic loop antenna! Work the world on 3.5 to 30 MHz with a full 150 Watts SSB/CW/Digital. No ground, radials or counterpoises needed. Very quiet receiving antenna -- you'll hardly notice static crashes. High-Q reduces

RP Mag Loop Tuner MF.I-9232 Turns wire



MFJ-9232 around a bookcase, window, tree, etc. into a small, high efficiency transmitting loop antenna! Oper-

ate 40-10 Meters with included flexible wire loop (80/60 Meters with your bigger loop). No counterpoises, radials, ground needed. 25 Watts. Very quiet reception. Hi-Q reduces QRM, overload, harmonics. Great for apartments, antenna restrictions, portable ops. \$16995 VIDEOS: https://m.youtube.com/results?search_query=MFJ-9232

QRM, overloading, harmonics. Perfect for apartments, antenna restricted areas and portable operation.

A 13' wire loop covers 30-20 Meters (4' for 17-10M; 7' for 20-15M; 28' for 60-40M; 50' for 80M). Tune any shape loop -- circle, square, rectangle, etc.

A wire length gives about 1.5 to 1 frequency range (i.e.7-10, 18-28 MHz).

MFJ low loss Butterfly loop tuning capacitor has no rotating contacts. Easy-Carry handle. Mount for PVC Cross loop support on cabinet top.

MFJ-936B, \$299.95. Antenna current meter, Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter. 91/4Wx51/2Hx91/2D inches.

MFJ-935B, \$249.95. Antenna current meter. 61/4Wx51/2Hx91/2D inches. MFJ-933, \$209.95.61/4Wx51/2Hx91/2D".

Antenna Rotator

Perfect for magnetic loops, VHF/ UHF, small HF beams, TV, FM antennas. Weather-proof cast aluminum housing with precision all metal gears, steel thrust bearings and automatic braking. Includes rotator, controller, remote con-

trol, clamps, hardware. 12 Memories. Digital AR-500 display. 110/220 VAC.

MFJ Low-Noise Receiving Mag Loop

Clearly hear signals 50 KHz to 30 MHz you never knew existed. Power line noise and static disappears. Rotating MFJ-1886 eliminates interfering signals or greatly



peaks desired signals. Excellent antenna and preamplifier balance gives deep null. Gives excellent strong and weak signal performance without overload. Fully protected state-of-the-art push-pull Gali MMICs preamplifier gives you high dynamic range, low IMD and 25 dB of low noise gain. Use inside or outside.

MFJ Tripods/Masts

Strong, black steel triangular braced base. Non-skid feet, strong mast locks. MFJ-1919, \$109.95, Supports 100 lbs. Extends a whopping 7.8 ft. Base spreads up to 4.8 sq. ft. 1.4" dia. mast. Collapses to 54" by 6" diameter. 93/4 lbs.

MFJ-1919EX, \$179.95. Tripod plus mast. 18' extended. 5' collapsed. 1/8" wall, 3/4" dia. top, 11/2" dia. bottom.15 lbs.

MFJ-1918, \$69.95, 6'extended. 38" collapsed, 63/4 lbs.

MFJ-1918EX, \$109.95. Small tripod with extension mast. 91/2', 3.8 ft. collapsed. 3/4"top, 1" bottom. 6.5 lbs.



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Industry Leading Surge Protected Coax Antenna Switches.

Low Loss with excellent Co-Channel Isolation.

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NSN numbers by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) for use
in ALL U.S. and NATO applications, worldwide.

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certified production facility.

The Alpha Delta **Model ASC Antenna Selector Console** desk top coax switch series brings a new level of versatility and convenience to your station operation. This series retains all the features and specifications of the precision 4 position DELTA-4B series (see WEB site for DELTA-4B specs, pictures and info), including ARC-PLUG™ module surge protection, in a desk top console that will sit right next to your equipment on your desk without having to be secured or bolted down. "Non-slip" feet attached for best stability.

The console features a powder coated steel housing and a solid brass ground buss, with #10 wire attachment hardware, across the rear of the housing providing a common ground point for all station equipment and accessories.

- *Model ASC-4B; \$159.00 ea. Desk console, same as DELTA-4B
- * Model ASC-4B/N; \$169.00 ea. Desk console, same as DELTA-4B/N

Our standard surge protected coax switch line (see WEB site for details):

- *Model DELTA-2B; \$79.00 ea.
 2 position, UHF connectors, 500 MHz
- *Model DELTA-2B/N; \$95.00 ea. 2 position, N connectors, 1.3 GHz
- *Model DELTA-2B/TNC; \$120.00 ea. 2 position,TNC connectors, 1.3 GHz
- *Model DELTA-4B; \$110.00 ea. 4 position, UHF connectors, 500 MHz
- *Model DELTA-4B/N; \$120.00 ea. 4 position, N connectors, 1.3 GHz
- Model D4 ARC PLUG; \$9.00 ea.





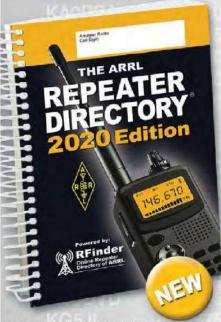


Also available from Alpha Delta dealers.

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FJ Weather-Proo **Window Feedthrough Panels**

Weather-proof window feedthrough panels bring coax, balanced lines, HF/VHF/UHF antennas, random wire antennas, ground, rotator/antenna switch cables and DC/AC power into your hamshack without drilling through walls!



MFJ Weather-Proof Window Feedthrough Panels mount in your window sill. Lets you bring all your antenna connections into your hamshack without drilling holes through walls.

Simply place in window sill and close window. One cut customizes it for any window up to 48 inches. Use horizontally or vertically. Connectors are mounted on inside/outside stainless steel plates and attached to a 4 foot long, 31/2 inch high, 3/4 inch thick pressure-treated wood panel.



Real Western Red Cedar wood is naturally resistant to rot, decay and insects -- lasts longer, maintenance-free. Pitch and resin free for a wide range of beautiful finishes or leave it in its naturally beautiful raw finish. Edges sealed by weather-stripping. Seals and insulates against all weather conditions. Includes window locking rod.

Inside/outside stainless steel plates ground all coax shields. Stainless steel ground post brings ground in.



Four 50 Ohm Teflon® SO-239 coax connectors lets you feed HF/VHF/UHF antennas at full legal power limit.

A 50 Ohm Teflon® coax N-connector lets you use any antenna up to 11 GHz, including 450 MHz, UHF, satellite, moon bounce and 2.4/5.8 GHz Wi-Fi antennas. A 75 Ohm, 1 GHz F-connector makes it easy to bring in television, Satellite, HD, cable TV and FM radio signals.

A pair of high-voltage ceramic feedthru insulators lets you bring in 450/300 Ohm balanced lines directly to your antenna tuner.

Has random/longwire antenna ceramic feedthru insulator.

\$109.⁹⁵ 5-way binding posts lets you supply 50 Volts/15 Amps DC/AC power to your outside antenna tuners/relays/switches.

Stainless ground post brings in ground connection, bonds inside/outside stainless steel panels together and drains away static charges.

MFJ's exclusive Adaptive Cable Feedthru™ lets you bring in rotator/antenna switch cable, etc. without removing connectors (up to $1^{1}/4 \times 1^{5}/_{8}$ in). Adapts to virtually any cable size. Seals out rain, snow, adverse



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MFJ-4605

3 Coax, Balanced Line, Random Wire

Best Seller! 3 Teflon® coax connectors for HF/ VHF UHF antennas. Separate high MFJ-4602 voltage ceramic feed-thru insulators \$79.⁹⁵ for balanced lines and longwire/random wire, Stainless steel ground post.

6 Coax

6 high quality Teflon® coax connectors for HF/VHF/UHF antennas. Stainless steel ground post. Full 1500 Watt legal limit.

MFJ-4601 **\$69.**95

4 Balanced Line, 2 Coax

4 pairs of high-voltage ceramic feed-thru 100-000000000 insulators for balanced lines and 2 coax connectors.

5 Cables, any-size

5 Adaptive Cable Feedthrus™. Pass any cable with connector: 2 cables

with large connectors up to 11/4 x 15/8 inches and 3 cables with UHF/N size coax connectors. Seals out weather.

MFJ-4604 **\$114.**95

MFJ-4600

\$89.95

All-Purpose FeedThru/CableThru™

Stacks MFJ-4603 and MFJ-4604! Gives you every possible cable connection you'll

ever need through your window without drilling holes in wall – including UHF.

\$179.95 N and F coax connectors, balanced lines, random wire, ground, DC/AC

power and cables of any size for rotators, antenna switches, etc.

Bring cables through the eave of your house



MFJ-4616 shown with standard full size vent (not included) it replaces. For 6 Cables

MFJ-4613 shown with standard half size vent (not included) it replaces. For 3 Cables \$19.⁹⁵

Replace your standard air vents on the eave/sofitt of your house with these MFJ AdaptiveCable™ Air Vent Plates and...

Bring in coax, rotator, antenna switch, power cables, etc. with connectors up to 11/4 x 15/8 inches!

Sliding plates and rubber grommets adjust for virtually any cable size to seal out adverse weather, insects and varmints. Use existing vent hole, mounting screws and screw holes.

AdaptiveCable™ Wall Plates



Bring nearly any cable -- rotator, antenna switch, coax, DC/AC power, etc. -- through walls without removing connectors (up to 11/4x15/8 inches). Sliding plates and rubber grommets adjust hole size to weather-seal

virtually any size cable

Includes stainless steel plates for each side of wall, sliding plates, rubber grommets, weather stripping and screws.



MFJ-4612

\$34.95



MFJ-4611 For 1 Cable

\$19.95

Manuals/Instructions -Visit: www.mfjenterprises.com

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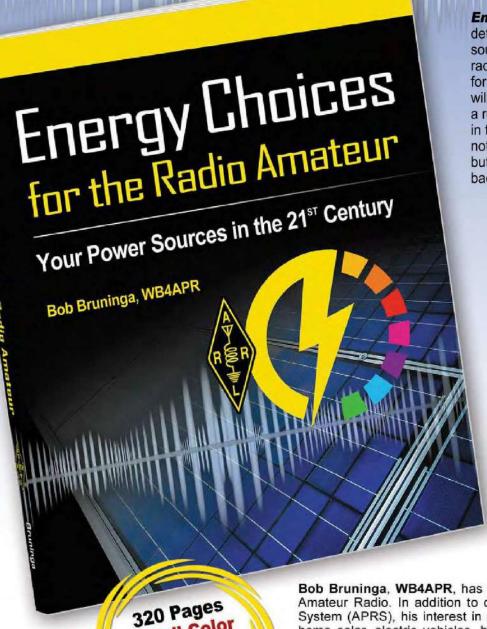


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Take Advantage of a New World of Power and Energy!



Energy Choices for the Radio Amateur details the author's experiences with new sources of energy. It is intended to help other radio amateurs and DIY hobbyists prepare for the inevitable major energy decisions they will face—choices that can contribute to a reduction in fossil fuel use and save money in the long run. The concepts presented not only satisfy everyday power requirements, but also can help prepare for emergency and backup power at home and in the field.

Chapters include:

- The New World of Everyday Power (DC)
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- Choosing Your Home Solar System
- Solar DIY at Home and in the Field
- New Energy Sources of Radio Frequency Interference (RFI)
- Electrification of Transportation
- Electric Vehicle DIY Projects
- Conventional Backup and **Emergency Power**
- High Voltage DC Emergency and Backup Power
- The Powerwall and Grid Battery Storage for Home
- Life's Major Energy Milestones
- Making the Switch to Clean Renewable Energy
- Amateur Satellites and Thermal **Energy Balance**
- How Our Energy Use Shapes Our World Today

Bob Bruninga, WB4APR, has had a lifelong interest in energy as well as Amateur Radio. In addition to developing the Automatic Packet Reporting System (APRS), his interest in energy technology has led him to embrace home solar, electric vehicles, heat pumps, and other advances that have greatly reduced his family's energy costs while providing a new appreciation for how they all work together at high voltage DC for a whole new approach to emergency power.

Energy Choices for the Radio Amateur by Bob Bruninga, WB4APR

ARRL Item No. 1038

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MFJ Analyzers

MFJ-259D...World's Most Popular Antenna Analyzer!

MFJ-259D

Super easy-to-use!

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\$319.95 Dual analog meters, LCD – New and improved, now covers 280 KHz-230 MHz plus 2200 Meter band!

World famous MFJ-259D gives you a complete picture of your antenna's SWR and Complex Impedance

MFJ-259D is a complete ham radio test station including – frequency counter, RF signal generator, SWR Analyzer™, RF Resistance/Reactance Analyzer, Coax Analyzer, Capacitance/Inductance Meter and more!

You can read Complex Impedance as series resistance and reactance (R+jX) or as magnitude (Z) and phase (degrees).

Determine velocity factor, coax cable loss in dB, length of coax and distance to short/open.

You can read SWR, return loss and reflection coefficient at any frequency simultaneously.

MFJ No Matter What™ Warranty

Every MFJ Analyzer is protected by MFJ's famous one year No Matter What™ limited warranty. We will repair or replace your MFJ analyzer (at our option) for a full year.

Read inductance (uH) and capacitance (pF) at RF frequencies.

Large easy-to-read two line LCD screen and side-by-side meters clearly display your information

Built-in frequency counter, Ni-MH/Ni-CD charger circuit, battery saver, low battery warning, smooth reduction drive tuning.

Super easy to use! Just set the bandswitch and tune the dial - just like your transceiver. SWR and Complex Impedance are displayed instantly!

Fully portable, take it anywhere - remote sites, up towers, on DX-peditions. Use 10 AA or Ni-Cad or Ni-MH batteries (not included) or 110 VAC with MFJ-1312D, \$19.95. Rugged metal cabinet only 4 x 2 x 63/4 inches.

MFJ-249D, \$299.95.

If digital display is all you need MFJ-249D does everything MFJ-259D does without analog meters.

More hams use MFJ analyzers than all others in the world! MFJ-269D MFJ-223 MFJ-223

280 KHz - 230 MHz plus 415-470 MHz, 1-60 MHz Color Graphic 280-230 MHz plus 2200Meters!

MFJ-269D

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MFJ-269D is a super MFJ-259D that adds 415-470 MHz and 12-bit A/D converter that gives you much better accuracy. Complex Impedance Analyzer reads series/ parallel equivalents and magnitude/phase CoaxCalculator™ gives line length from electrical degrees

and vice-versa for any frequency, Velocity Factor, coax loss in dB. Use any characteristic impedance 10-600 Ohms. Has LCD log SWR bargraph, N-connector.

VNA Analyzer

This pocket-sized wonder breaks the mold for analyzer design with userfriendly convenience, top notch accuracy, and a vivid TFT multi-color display. Don't let the size fool you, MFJ-223 is packed with all the VNA features and performance you need!

Single-frequency and sweptfrequency operating modes

Truly accurate SWR, R, X, and Z measurements Seamless DDS coverage with 280-Hz

resolution from 1-60 MHz · Smooth "skip-free" encoder tunes fast or slow without missing a step

 Powerful +5-dBm stimulus generator overrides local interference

· Field-strength meter measures local signals, detects potential interference

DDS generator precision signal source

Vivid 1600-pixel/inch color graphics on a 2x2 inch non-glare TFT screen

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1.5-180 MHz continuous **Two-Port Graphic Analyzer**

Out in the field, MFJ-225 is a compact completely self-contained handheld graphing



MFJ-225

analyzer. On the bench it becomes a full-fledged twoport (S21) desktop machine when teamed up with your

PC. Using powerful IG-miniVNA freeware, you'll run detailed data analysis and print out stunning color-graphic plots to document vour work!

Built-in back-lighted 3-inch LCD graphic display. Make fine adjustments using fullscreen easy-toview SWR bargraph, capture vivid swept displays for SWR, impedance, return loss, phase angle, more. DDS generator.

MFJ-269DPRO™ Analyzer

MFJ-269DPro, \$459.95

Like MFJ-269D, but **UHF** range covers 430 to 520 MHz to include commercial and industrial frequencies. Rugged pro-

tective shell protects knobs, switches, meters, digital display for commercial, industrial and lab work.

MFJ VNA Antenna Analyzer

MFJ VNA Antenna Analyzer covers 1 to 230 MHz, 1Hz resolution. Frequency sweep plots: SWR, Impedance, Resistance, Reactance, Phase Angle, Complex Return Loss, Smith Chart Sign of reactance positively identifies

inductive or capacitive reactance · Amazing accuracy with OSL (Open-Short-Load) calibration - calibrate through feedline/test cable at different frequencies and store in memory. Measure directly or through feedline with exceptional accuracy, correcting for line loss/phase angle. Smith Chart

plots S11 magnitude/phase over any frequency span. Capture screens in 32 memories to download to PC via USB



\$359.95

MFJ SWR Analyzer Accessories

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B. MFJ-92AA10, \$39.95. 10-Pack 2500 mAh Ni-MH Supercells.

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E. MFJ-917, \$39.95. 1:1 Current balun for SWR Analyzers to test balanced line antennas, other loads.

F. MFJ-5510, \$15.95.12VDC cigarette

G. MFJ-7737, \$9.95. PL-259 to BNC

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Fully featured amplified DSP noise canceling in-line module - Separate mono or stereo input and outputs

- Headphone socket Latest bhi
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 Suitable for all radios, receivers
 and SDR Use with headphones
 and speakers at the same time



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New improved NES10-2MK4 5W audio power - Latest bhi DSP noise cancelling

New NESTO-2MK4

- Up to 65dB tone reduction Function switch on top of
- speaker for ease of use - Power on, filter on and audio overload LED

DESKTOP 10W Amplified DSP noise canceling speaker - Easy to use controls - 8 DSP filter levels - Line and speaker level inputs - "Real time" audio adjustment - Suitable for all radios incl' SDR

Compact In-Line



Easy to use portable in-line noise cancelling unit with simple "real time" control of audio and **DSP** functions

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More hams use MFJ tuners than all other tuners in the world!

MFJ Automatic Antenna Tuners Handle Full Rated Power on DIGITAL Modes!

World's most advanced Automatic Antenna Tuners feature world renowned MFJ AdaptiveSearchTM and AutomaticRecallTM algorithms -world's fastest ultra-wide range tuning. Nine World Class models! Choose your features: Digital/Analog/Audio SWR/Wattmeter, Antenna Switch, Balun, Radio Interface, Digital Frequency Readout, Remoteable, Coax/Balanced Lines/Wire Tuning, Field Upgradeable...

MFJ IntelliTuner™ Automatic Tuners

The MFJ-993B IntelliTuner™ lets you tune any antenna automatically ultra fast, 300W SSB/CW Digital.

It's a comprehensive automatic antenna tuning center complete with SWR/Wattmeter, antenna switch for two antennas and 4:1 current balun for balanced lines.

MFJ's exclusive IntelliTuner™, Adaptive Search™ and Instant Recall™ algorithms give you ultra fast automatic tuning with over 20,000 VirtualAntenna™ Memories.

You get a highly efficient L-network, 6-1600 Ohm matching at 300 Watts SSB/CW/Digital or 6-3200 Ohm

matching at 150 Watts SSB/CW/Digital, 1.8-30 MHz coverage, Cross-Needle and digital meters, audio SWR meter , backlit LCD, remote control port, radio interface, heavy-duty 16 amp/1000V relays.

The MFJ-993B automatically tunes for minimum SWR and remembers your frequency and tuner settings. The next time you operate on that frequency and antenna, these tuner settings are instantly restored and you're ready to operate in milliseconds! 10W x 2¾ H x 9D". Use 12-15 VDC/1 amp or 110 VAC with MFJ-1316, \$29.95. Radio interface cables, remote control available. See www.mfjenterprises.com



600 Watt MFJ Automatic Tuner



MFJ-994B \$379.95

Like MFJ-993B but handles 600 Watts SSB/CW, matches 12-800 Ohms. 10,000 memories. Does not have LCD display, antenna switch, 4:1 current balun, audio SWR meter/feedback, 10W x 23/4H x 9D in.

No Matter What™ Warranty

Every MFJ tuner is protected by MFJ's famous one year No Matter What™ limited warranty. We will repair or replace your MFJ tuner (at our option) for a full year.

1500 Watt

Legal Limit For Ameritron AL-1500/1200/82 amps



MFJ-998 \$739.95

Roam the entire HF spectrum 1.8-30 MHz hands-free with full 1500 Watt legal limit on SSB/CW/Digital and near-perfect SWR! Lighted LCD/Cross-Needle Meter .

300 Watt Extra Wide Range

SWR/Wattmeter, 10000 VA Memories



MFJ-991B **\$259.**95

Extra-wide matching range at less cost. Exclusive dual power level: 300 Watts/6-1600 Ohms; 150W/6-3200 Ohms SSB/CW. and Digital. Cross-Needle meter.

200 Watt Compact

Digital Meter, Ant Switch, Wide Range



MFJ-929 **\$269.**95

World's fastest compact auto tuner uses MFJ *Adaptive Search*™ and *InstantRecall*™ algorithms. 132,072 tuning solutions instantly match any antenna. 200W CW/SSB/Digital.

200 Watt MightyMite™

Matches IC-706, FT-857D, TS-50S



мгJ-939КIY \$169.95

No extra space needed! Just set your IC-706/7000, FT-857D, TS-50S on top of this matching low-profile automatic tuner -- it's all you need for a completely automated station using any antenna! 200W SSB/CW/Digital.

200W... Weather-sealed

For Remote/Outdoor/Marine



Fully weathersealed for remote Outdoor/Marine use! Tough, durable, built to last the elements.

MFJ-926B **\$329**.95

G5RV Antenna

MFJ-1778 **\$69.**95

f lb

Covers all bands, 160-10 Meters with antenna tuner. 102 ft. long. Can use as inverted vee or sloper. Use on 160 Meters as Marconi.1500 Watts.

Super-strong fiberglass center/feedpoint insulators. Glazed ceramic end insulators. All hand-soldered connections. Add coax, some rope and you're on the air! MFJ-1778M, \$59.95. G5RV Junior.

Halfsize, 52 ft. 40-10M with tuner, 1500 Watts.



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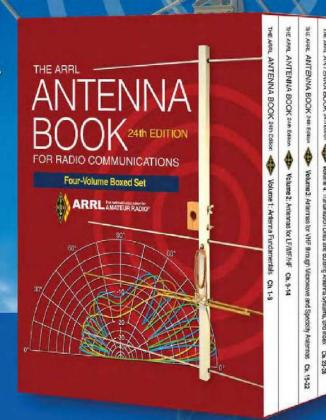
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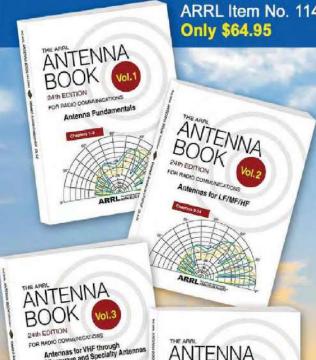
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HF Yagi and Quad Antennas Broadside and End-Fire Arrays

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Portable Antennas

Stealth and Limited Space Antennas

Mobile and Maritime **HF Antennas**

Receiving and Direction-Finding Antennas

Volume 4:

Transmission Lines and Building Antenna Systems, and Index

Transmission Lines

Transmission Line System Techniques

Antenna Materials and Construction

Building Antenna Systems and Towers

Antenna and Transmission Line Measurements

Antenna System Troubleshooting



MFJ Tuners

Ham Radio's Most Popular 300 Watt Antenna Tuner

More hams use MFJ-949s than any other antenna tuner in the world!

Why? Because the world's leading tuner has earned a worldwide reputation for being able to match just about anything.

Full 1.8-30 MHz Operation

Tune your antenna for minimum SWR! Works 1.8-30 MHz on dipoles, verticals, inverted vees, random wires, beams, mobile whips, shortwave receiving antennas...Use coax, random wire, balanced lines. Has heavy-duty 4:1 balun for balanced lines.

Custom inductor switch

Custom designed inductor switch, 1000 volt tuning capacitors, Teflon® insulating washers and proper L/C ratio gives you arc-free

MEI DELUXE VERSA TUNER II

no worries operation up to 300 Watts PEP transceiver input power.

The MFJ-949E inductor switch was custom designed to withstand the extremely high RF voltages and currents that are developed in vour tuner.

8-Position Antenna switch

Antenna switch lets you select two coax fed antennas, random wire/balanced line or dummy load through your MFJ-949E or direct to your transceiver.

Lighted Cross-Needle Meter

Full size 3-inch lighted Cross-Needle Meter. Lets you easily read SWR, peak or average forward and reflected power simultaneously. Has 300 Watt or 30 Watt ranges.

QRM-Free PreTune™

MFJ's QRM-Free PreTune™ lets you pre-tune your MFJ-949E off-the-air into its built-in dummy load! Makes tuning your actual antenna faster and easier.

Plus Much More!

MFJ-949E \$219.95

Full size built-in non-inductive 50 Ohm dummy load, scratch-proof Lexan multi-colored front panel, 105/8 x 31/2 x 7 inches. Superior cabinet construction and more!

MFJ-948, \$189.95. Econo version MFJ-949E. Has all features except for dummy load.

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Every MFJ tuner is protected by MFJ's famous one year No Matter What™ limited warranty. We will repair or replace your MFJ tuner (at our option) for a full year.

More hams use MFJ tuners than all other tuners in the world!

MFJ-989D Legal Limit Tuner



MFJ-989D **\$469**.95

New, improved MFJ- 989D legal limit antenna tuner gives you bet-

ter efficiency, lower losses and a new true peak reading meter. Easily handles full 1500 Watts SSB/CW, 1.8-30 MHz, including MARS/WARC bands. Six position antenna switch, dummy load. New 500 pF air variable capacitors. New improved AirCore™ Rolle Inductor. New high voltage current balun. New crank knob. 12⁷/₈W x 6H x 11⁵/₈D inches.

MFJ-986 Two knob Differential-T™



MFJ-986 \$419.95

Two knob tuning (differential capacitor and AirCore¹ roller inductor) makes tuning foolproof and easier than ever. Gives minimum SWR at only one setting. Handles 3 KW PEP SSB amplifier input power (1.5 KW output). Gear-driven turns counter, lighted peak/ average Cross- Needle SWR/Wattmeter, antenna switch, balun. 1.8 to 30 MHz. $10^3/4$ W x $4^1/2$ H x 15 in.

MFJ-962D Compact kW Tuner



MFJ-962D \$359.95

A few more dollars steps you up to a KW tuner for an amp later. Handles 1.5 KW PEP SSB amplifier input power (800W output). Ideal for Ameritron's AL-811H! AirCore™ roller inductor, gear-driven turns counter, pk/avg lighted Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter, antenna switch, balun, Lexan front, 1.8-30MHz. $10^{3}/_{4} \times 4^{1}/_{2} \times 10^{7}/_{8}$ in.

MFJ-969 300W Roller Inductor Tuner



Superb AirCore Roller Inductor

MFJ-969 **\$259.**95

Roller Inductor tuning. Covers 6 Meters thru 160 Meters! 300 Watts PEP SSB. Active true peak reading lighted Cross-Needle SWR Wattmeter, QRM-Free PreTune™, antenna switch, dummy load, 4:1 balun, Lexan front panel. 10¹/₂W x 3¹/₂H x 9¹/₂D inches.

MFJ-941E Super Value Tuner

Most for your money! 300 Watts PEP, 1.8 30 MHZ, lighted Cross-Needle



SWR/Wattmeter, MFJ-941E \$169.95 8 position antenna switch, 4:1 balun, 1000 volt capacitors, Lexan front panel. 101/2W x 21/2H x 7D in.

MFJ-941EK, \$149.95. Tuner Kit -- Build your own!

MFJ-945E HF/6M Mobile Tuner

Extends your mobile antenna bandwidth so you don't have to stop, go outside and adjust



your antenna. Tiny 8 x 2 x 6 in. Lighted MFJ-945E \$159.95

Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter. Lamp and bypass switches. Covers 1.8-30 MHz and 6 Meters. 300 Watts PEP. **MFJ-20**, **\$9.95**, mobile mount.

MFJ-971 Portable/QRP Tuner

Tunes coax, balanced lines, random wire 1.8-30 MHz. Cross-Needle Meter. SWR. 30/300 or 6 Watt QRP ranges. Matches popular MFJ transceivers.



Tiny 6 x 61/2 x 21/2 in. MFJ-971 \$149.95

MFJ-901B Smallest Versa Tuner



MFJ's smallest (5 x 2 x 6 in.) and most affordable wide range 200 Watt PEP Versa tuner. Covers 1.8 to 30 MHz. Great for matching solid state rigs to linear amps. **\$119.**95

MFJ-902B Tiny Travel Tuner

Tiny 41/2 x 21/4 x 3 inches, full 150 Watts, 80-6 Meters, has tuner bypass switch, for coax/ random wire. MFJ-904H, \$169.95. Same but adds Cross-needle SWR/ Wattmeter and 4:1 balun for 71/4 x 21/4 x 23/4 inches.



MFJ-902B **\$129**.95

MFJ-16010 Random Wire Tuner



Operate all bands anywhere with MFJ's reversible L-network. Turns random wire into powerful transmitting antenna. 1.8-30 MHz. 200 Watts PEP. Tiny 2 x 3 x 4 in.

MFJ-16010 \$79.95

MFJ-9201 QRPocket™ Tuner

80-10 Meters, 25 Watts, 12 position inductor, tune/bypass switch, wide-range T-network, BNCs. 4W x 25/8H x 11/2D inches. MFJ-9201, \$59.95



MFJ-9201 \$59.95

MFJ-921/924 VHF/UHF Tuners

MFJ-921 covers 2 Meters/220 MHz. MFJ-924 covers 440 MHz. SWR/Wattmeter. 8 x 21/2 x 3 in.



MFJ-921/924 \$109.95

MFJ-931 Artificial RF Ground

Eliminates RF hot spots, RF feedback, TVI/RFI, weak signals caused by poor grounding. Creates



artificial RF ground or electrically places far away RF ground directly at rig. MFJ-934, \$249.95, Artificial ground/300 Watt Tuner/Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter.

MFJ-931 **\$129.**95

MFJ 949E 092308 QST 090619DS



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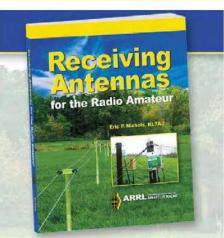
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MFJ-4416C Super Battery Booster

Boost battery voltage as low as 9 Volts back up to 13.8 VDC! Keeps your transceiver at full power output, compensates for run down battery, wiring voltage drop, car off...



MFJ-4416C

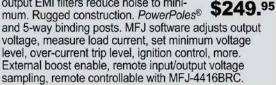
Keeps your transceiver at full power output, provides full performance, \$199.95 high efficiency, prevents output signal distortion and transceiver shutdown. Compensates for run-down battery, wiring voltage drop or when car is off.

Provides up to 25 Amps peak with 90% efficiency. Selectable 9/10/11 Volts minimum input voltage prevents battery damage from over-discharging. RF sense turns MFJ-4416C off during receive to save power, increases efficiency and reduces noise. Adjustable 12 to 13.8 VDC output pass-through improves efficiency and lets transceiver run cooler. Has output over-voltage crowbar protection. Anderson PowerPoles® and highcurrent 5-way binding posts for DC input, regulated output. 73/4W x 4H x 21/8D

inches. MFJ-4416BRC, \$84.95. Booster Remote Control.

Super Heavy Duty Battery Booster

Super robust with heavy duty transistors, rectifier, improved switch-mode transformer, larger heatsink. Input and output EMI filters reduce noise to minimum. Rugged construction. PowerPoles®



RFI Filter for DC power Digital Volt/Amp Meter Connects between rig

and 12/ 24/50 VDC power supply/battery. Reduces

(A) 1727

STATES OF

\$74.95 RFI, hash, transients, motor noises, alternators, fuel pump whine, power windows, more! Binding posts/PowerPoles®.

MFJ-1142

Connect inline. Displays 4.5-30 VDC

and up to 30A \$49.95 simultaneously. .01-.1V

resolution. Dual .28" red/blue LED digits. Anderson PowerPoles™. Reverse polarity protection. 3 x 2 x 1".

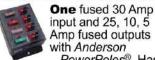
RFI Ferrite Chokes

Suppress Snap and

locks on DC MFJ-700A4 power line, \$14.95 coax, wires.

Effectively removes RFI and noise. Install end-toend or loop multiple turns for more suppression. .275" hole dia. 4 in package.

PowerPole™ DC Outlet Box



PowerPoles®. Has MFJ-1104 \$54.95 open fuse indicator. Sturdy metal construction, 23/4W x 31/4H x 11/2D inches.

High-efficiency Loop Turner



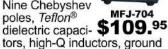
Instantly turn

MFJ-935B \$249.95 band transmit-

MFJ Low Pass Filter

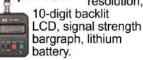
MFJ-4418

High attenuation above 40 MHz. 1.5kW, 1.8-30 MHz. SWR<1.3. Nine Chebyshev poles, Teflon®



plane shielding, RF tight. **Frequency Counter**

MFJ-886B 300 Hz - 2.8 \$149.95 GHz. 1 Hz resolution,



Lightning Surge Protector

Protect your expensive equipment ____ from lightning induced surges on 50 Ohm coax. Use for transceiv- **\$24.95** ers up to 400 Watts, 1000 MHz. MFJ-272. \$44.95. 1.5 kW.

MFJ-270

MFJ 30-Amp Power Supply



RFI.

World's most compact 30 Amp switching power supply. MFJ-4230MV Switchable Volt/

\$99.95 Amp meter. Adjustable 4 to 16 VDC output. Select 120/240 VAC input. 5W x 21/2H x 6D in., 3 lbs.



any wire into a small, high-efficiency multi-

ting loop antenna. Full 150W, 5.3-30 MHz.

MFJ Field Strength Meter



MFJ-801B Relative \$39.95 field-strength readings .1-500 MHz. Sensitivity

control, 13/4 inch meter, 20inch telescoping whip. Finger contact increases sensitivity.

Tuned Indoor Active Antenna

Rival outside wire antennas hundreds of feet long and pick up signals loud and clear from all over the world. 0.3-40 MHz.



\$119.⁹⁵

25-1300 MHz Discone Ant



Receives 25-1300 MHz. Transmits 50-1300 MHz up to 200 Watts. Test various Xmitters on one

MFJ-1868 coax. 50 ft. coax. \$79.95 stainless steel elements.

17-foot Telescopic Whip

17-foot stainless MFJ-1979 steel whip collaps- \$69.95 es to 27". Full 1/4 Wave on 20/17 Meters, 30-160 Meter operation with loading coil. Fits any standard 3/8-24 threaded mount.

Telescopic Fiberglass Mast

Super-strong MFJ-1906HD heavy-duty \$249.⁹⁵ mast with QuickClamps™. 38 ft. ext., 6 ft. collapsed. 21/2" OD bottom, 1" OD top. .125" thick wall. Supports

"real" weight.

Giant 21/2 inch LED Clock

Giant 21/2 inch super bright LEDs - see from across the street day or night. 12/24 switch, 110VAC, 9V battery backup.



\$49.95 **New Low Price!**

MFJ 2-Position Remote Antenna Switch

MFJ 2-position remote antenna switch uses a single coaxial feedline to feed two antennas. DC power and control signals. Remotely switch HF and/or VHF antennas. Covers

MFJ-4712

1.8 MHz to 150 MHz and handles 1500 Watts. Impedance is 50-75

Ohms. Compact 4W x 2⁵/₈H x 1¹/₂D". *Outside Switch Box* is fully enclosed and weather protected. Three quality *Teflon*® SO-239 connectors for transmitter, antenna one and antenna two. Stainless steel 11/2" tall bracket with a U-bolt for masts up to 11/2 in. O.D. Inside biastee control is 21/4W x 21/2H x 11/4 in. Use 12 VDC or 110 VAC with MFJ-1312D, \$19.95.

MFJ Artificial RF Ground

By tuning out ground wire reactance RF hot spots disappear and your rig is at



\$129.⁹⁵ actual earth ground. Improve signals by resonating a wire

into a tuned counterpoise.



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MFJ-9232



QRPocket ™ Loop Antenna Tuner

 69^{95} Drape a wire around a bookcase, window, tree or other object and attach both ends to this MFJ QRPocket™ Loop Antenna Tuner. It instantly turns into a small, high efficiency multi-band transmitting loop antenna!

Operate 40-10 Meters with included flexible wire loop (80/60 Meters with your bigger loop). No ground, radials or counterpoises needed. 25 Watts.

It's a very quiet receiving antenna. Its

hi-Q reduces QRM, overload, harmonics.

Perfect for apartments, antenna restricted areas and portable operation. Tune any shape loop -- circle, square, rectangle, etc.

Adjust tuning and matching capacitors for minimum SWR and operate.

BNC for transmitter, wing nut posts for loop wire. Tiny 21/4Wx4Hx21/4D inches.

MFJ-9234, \$69.95. Like MFJ-9232 but connects directly to your transceiver SO-239 antenna connector.

VIDEOS: https://m.youtube.com/results?search_query=MFJ-9232

QRP Antenna Tuner

MFJ-9201. **\$59.95.** Tunes any antenna 80-10 Meters, 25 W. 12-position hi-Q induc-



tor, tune/bypass, variable antenna and transmitting matching capacitors, BNC connectors. Tiny 4Wx25/8Hx 11/2D inches -- MFJ-9201, rig and antennas easily fit into a backpack or briefcase for vacation, SOTA, hikes, etc.

MFJ Walk-About 80-6M Antenna

MFJ-1899T, \$99.95. Perfect for QRP radios like FT-817, KX3, Xiegu, others. Covers all bands 80-6 Meters including WARC. Ten section telescoping whip (52" extended, 7" collapsed). 12" base loading coil with Wander Lead. Whip/coil unscrews for easy storage. 25Watts. BNC MFJ-7703, \$8.95, BNC/PL-259 elbow mounts antenna directly on radio.

MFJ Single Band Walk-Abouts

Each is 51 inches extended and collapses to 5.5 inches. Handles 25 Watts. BNC.

MFJ-1806T (6M) \$34.95 MFJ-1810T (10M) \$34.95 MFJ-1812T (12M) \$34.95 MFJ-1815T (15M) \$34.95 MFJ-1817T (17M) \$34.95 MFJ-1820T (20M) \$34.95 MFJ-1830T (30M) \$44.95 MFJ-1840T (40M) \$44.95

MFJ HF SSB Travel Radios



12-Watts, proven on-air design, hot receiver, analog S-meter, CW option, great sensitivity, 8 poles tight IF filtering, smooth VFO, powerful audio, 15, 17, 20, 40 & 75-Meter models. \$27995

Xiegu X5105 5W HF Transceiver X5105, \$599.95. Mention this QST ad for \$50 off!

Transmits 160-6 Meters. receives .5 -54 MHz, all modes:USB. LSB, CW,



AM, FM, digi-tal. DSP. Built-in automatic antenna tuner, 3800 mAH battery pack, plots SWR graphically. Deluxe keypad microphone included.

80-10M End-Fed **Half Wave Antenna**



MFJ-1982LP, \$54.95. Get on the air quick! 30W,

132' wire. No tuner needed. 33' Telescopic

Portable Mast MFJ-1910, \$99.95. Fiber-

glass. 33/4 ft collapse, 3.3 lbs. 17' Telescopic Whip MFJ-1979, \$69.95. Stainless steel, collapses to 27".

MFJ Mini Switching **QRP Power Supply**

MFJ-1880T (80M) \$44.95

MFJ-4103, \$69.95. Delivers reliable regulated 13.8 VDC at 2.89 Amps (40 Watts) to anywhere in the world (100-240 VAC/47-63Hz input). Overvoltage, over-current, overtemperature protected. Tiny 4¹/₈x2⁵/₈x1³/₈", 10 oz; 2.1 mm ID, 5.5mm OD coaxial DC connector. FT-817 adapter included. MFJ-5513, \$5.95. 2.1 mm to PowerPoles™

MFJ 500 MHz Dummy Load

MFJ-261, \$34.95. Finned aluminum, aircooled heatsink 50 Ohm dummy load. 100W peak, 15W average. DC to 500 MHz, 1.15:1

SWR. 15/3" dia. by 3" long. CW Straight Key MFJ-550, \$19.95. Morse

Code straight key. Adjustable spacing and spring tension. Durable plastic base with mounting holes.

VR/Wattmeter **Dummy Load**



MFJ-9218, \$54.95. Resistive SWR Meter protects output

transistors with 3:1 maximum SWR when tuning your antenna. 5/10/20 Watt power ranges. Tune/ Bypass switch, BNC input and output connectors. Covers 1.8 to 60 MHz. Rugged tiny case fits any where 41/2Wx21/4Hx23/4D"

QRP WattMeter/



MFJ-9214, \$39.95. Check true QRP output power with this sensitive QRP Wattmeter with built-in 50 Ohm

dummy load. Also tests battery condition. Reads 5W full scale 1.8-150 MHz. BNC male connects directly to your rig. 2Wx2¹/₄Hx1¹/₂D⁴. **MFJ-7737**, **\$6.95**. BNC female to PL-259 adaptor.

QRP SWR/Wattmeter

MFJ-9213. **\$49.95.** Read SWR, forward, reflected power in three ranges: 5, 30, 100 Watts

on calibrated meter scale. Bruene bridge insures uniform accuracy over 1.8-50 MHz and allows you to leave in-line for continuous monitoring without insertion loss. BNC for transmitter/antenna. 41/2Wx21/4Hx23/4D inches.

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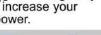


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Before considering a ham ad please read.

- 1. Advertising must pertain to products and services which are related to Amateur Radio.
- 2. The Ham-Ad rate for commercial firms offering products or services for sale is \$2.25 per word. Individuals selling or buying personal equipment. ARRL member 1.00 per word. Non-ARRL member \$1.50 per word. Bolding is available for \$2.50 a word. Prices subject to change without notice. You may pay by check payable to the ARRL and sent to: Ham-Ads. ARRL, 225 Main St., Newington, CT 06111. Or, you may pay by credit card sending the information by fax to 860-594-4285 or via e-mail to hamads@arrl.org. The credit card information we need is: the type of credit card, the exact name that appears on the credit card, the credit card number, the expiration date and the credit card billing address.
- 3. Remittance in full must accompany copy since Ham-Ads are not carried on our books. Each word, abbreviation, model number and group of numbers counts as one word. Entire telephone numbers count as one word. No charge for postal Zip code. No cash or contract discounts or agency commission will be allowed. Tear sheets or proofs of Ham-Ads cannot be supplied. Ads submitted in writing should be typed or printed clearly on an 8 1/2" X 11" sheet of paper.
- 4. Closing date for Ham-Ads is the 15th of the second month preceding publication date. No cancellations or changes will be accepted after this closing date. Example: Ads received December 16th through January 15th will appear in March QST. If the 15th falls on a weekend or holiday, the Ham-Ad deadline is the previous working day. Please contact the Advertising Department at 860-594-0255 or hamads @ arrl.org for further information or to submit your ad.
- 5. No Ham-Ad may use more than 200 words. No advertiser may use more than three ads in one issue. Mention of lotteries, prize drawings, games of chance etc is not permitted in OST advertising.
- 6. New firms or individuals offering products or services for sale must check with us to determine if a production sample (which will be returned) should be submitted for examination. Dealers are exempted, unless the product is unknown to us. Check with us if you are in doubt. You must stand by and support all claims and specifications mentioned in your advertising.

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The American Radio Relay League does not discriminate in its advertising on the basis of race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status or national origin. The League reserves the right to decline or discontinue advertising for any other reason.

7. AN IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ALL HAM AD POSTERS AND RESPONDERS, FROM THE ARRL ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT Greetings from ARRL HQ! Please note that we have received reports from many ARRL members who have placed classified ads in these listings, and have received responses from individuals proposing "creative" payment schemes. These particular instances involved offers of overpayments for goods by bank check, followed by instructions to deduct the cost of your item from the overpayment, and to transfer the overage back or to another individual. This is a well-known scam. Unfortunately, we have no control over this and other scams of this type. Once your email address is posted, you are vulnerable to those individuals seeking to provide you with questionable information.

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Modular, hybrid architecture adapts to your needs

The basic K4 covers 160-6 m, with dual receive on the same or different bands. The K4D adds diversity receive, with a full set of band-pass filters for the second receiver. (Thanks to direct RF sampling, there's no need for crystal filters in either the K4 or K4D.) The K4HD adds a dual superhet module for extreme-signal environments. Any K4 model can be upgraded to the next level, and future enhancements-such as a planned internal VHF/UHF module—can be added as needed.

Single or dual panadapter, plus a high-resolution tuning aid

The main panadapter can be set up as single or dual. Separate from the main panadapter is our per-receiver *mini-pan* tuning aid, with a resampled bandwidth as narrow as +/- 1 kHz. You can turn it on by tapping either receiver's S-meter or by tapping on a signal of interest, then easily auto-spot or fine tune to the signal.

Comprehensive I/O, plus full remote control

The K4's rear panel includes all the analog and digital I/O you'll ever need. All K-line accessories are supported, including amps, ATUs, and our K-Pod controller. The HDMI display output supports its own user-specified format. Via Ethernet, the K4 can be 100% remote controlled from a PC, notebook, tablet, or even another K4, with panadapter data included in all remote displays. Work the world from anywhere—in style!

K4 KEY FEATURES

Optimized for ease of use

Modular, upgradeable design

7" color screen with touch and mouse control

ATU with 10:1+ range, 3 antenna jacks

Up to 5 receive antenna sources

Full remote control via Ethernet



The K4 interfaces seamlessly with the KPA500 and KPA1500 amplifiers

'The performance of their products is only eclipsed by their service and support. Truly amazing! 'Joe - W1GO







Advertising Department Staff:

Janet Rocco, W1JLR, Advertising Sales Manager Lisa Tardette, KB1MOI, Account Executive

QST Index of

Alpha Delta Radio Communications, LLC - www.alphadeltaradio.com.....112 Array Solutions – www.arraysolutions.com12 **ARRL** – www.arrl.org......25, .98, 101,106, 108, 112, 114, 118, 120, 122 **bhi Ltd** – www.bhi-ltd.com......116 BridgeCom Systems - www.BridgeComSystems.com.....22, 23, Cover III Cable X-Perts, Inc. – www.CableXperts.com.......98 Communication Concepts, Inc. - www.communication-concepts.com120 Cushcraft – www.cushcraftamateur.com......2 Expert Linears America, LLC - www.ExpertLinears.com100 EZ Hang – www.ezhang.com......101 Global TSCM Group, Inc. - www.kn2c.us......108 Green Heron – www.greenheronengineering.com102

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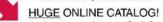
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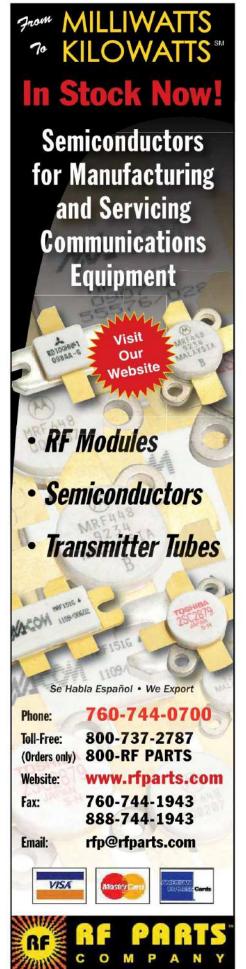
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